COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATOR AND FREEZER USER'S MANUAL

REACH-IN REFRIGERATOR AND FREEZER

Refrigerator Model:	NP1R, NP1R-G, NP2R, NP2R-G, NP3R
Freezer Model:	NP1F, NP2F, NP3F

PLEASE READ THE MANUAL THOROUGHLY PRIOR TO EQUIPMENT SET-UP, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.

INSTALLATION

IMPORTANT!!! PLEASE READ BEFORE INSTALLATION

- If the unit has recently been transported, please let unit stand still for a minimum of 24 hours before plugging it in.
- Make sure that the unit drops down to desired temperature before loading the unit with product.
- Make sure that there is proper ventilation around the unit in the area where it will operate.
- Make sure all accessories are installed (i.e. shelves, shelf clips, casters) before plugging the unit in.
- Please read through the manual in its entirety.

CABINET LOCATION GUIDELINES

Install the unit on strong and leveled surfaces

 unit may make unpleasant noises if surface is uneven
 unit may malfunction if surface is uneven

 Install the unit in an indoor, well-ventilated area

 unit performs more efficiently in a well-ventilated area
 for best performance, please maintain clearance of 4" on the back of the unit

-outdoor use may cause decreased efficiency and damage to the unit

- Avoid installation in a high humidity and/or dusty area -humidity could cause unit to rust and decrease efficiency of the unit -dust collected on condenser coil will cause unit to malfunction. Clean the condenser at least once a month with a brush or clean cloth
- Select a location away from heat and moisture-generating equipment -high ambient temperatures will cause the compressor to overwork, leading to higher energy bills and gradual breakdown of the unit

ELECTRICAL

Please ensure that the required voltage of the compressor is being supplied at all times. Low or high voltage can detrimentally affect the refrigeration unit. All units should be plugged into a grounded and properly-sized electrical outlet

with appropriate overcurrent protection. Please refer to the electrical requirements on the nameplate. Please make sure that your unit has its own dedicated outlet. Do not use an extension cord.

SAFETY / WARNING

Please pay close attention to the safety notices in this section. Disregarding these notices may lead to serious injury and/or damage to the unit.

ATTENTION

- To minimize shock and fire hazards, be sure not to overload outlet. Please designate one outlet for your unit.
- Do not use extension cords.
- Do not put your hands under the unit when the unit is required to be moved.
- When the unit is not in use for a long period of time, please unplug the unit from the outlet.
- After unplugging the unit, wait at least 10 minutes before re-plugging it. Failure to do so could cause damage to the compressor.

UNPLUG CORD

- To minimize shock and fire hazards, please do not plug or unplug the cord with wet hands.
- During maintenance and cleaning, please unplug the unit.

PROPER GROUDING REQUIRED

To minimize shock and fire hazards, make sure that the unit is properly grounded.

PROHIBITION

- Do not attempt to remove or repair any component unless instructed by factory.
- Make sure that the unit is not resting on or against the electrical cord and plug.
- To minimize personal injury, do not hang on the doors.
- Do not store any flammable and explosive gas or liquids inside the unit.

REGULAR MAINTENANCE

CLEANING THE CONDENSER COIL

- For efficient operation, it is important that the condenser surface be kept free of dust, dirt, and lint.
- We recommend cleaning the condenser coil and fins at least once per month.
- Clean with a commercial condenser coil cleaner, available from any kitchen equipment retailer. Brush the condenser fins from top to bottom, not side to side.
- After cleaning, straighten any bent condenser fins with a fin comb.

CLEANING THE FAN BLADES AND MOTOR

If necessary, clean the fan blades and motor with a soft cloth. If it is necessary to wash the fan blades, cover the fan motor to prevent moisture damage.

CLEANING THE INTERIOR OF UNIT

- When cleaning the cabinet interior, use a solvent of warm water and mild soap.
- Do not use steel wool, caustic soap, abrasive cleaners, or bleach that may damage the stainless steel surface.
- Wash door gaskets on a regular basis, preferably weekly. Simply remove door gasket from the frame of the door, soak in warm water and soap for thirty (30) minutes, dry with soft cloth, and replace.
- Check door gaskets for proper seal after they are replaced.
- Periodically remove the shelves and pilasters from the unit and clean them with mild soap and warm water. To remove the pilasters, first remove the shelves and shelf brackets. Then, simply lift the pilaster up and out.

WARNING

Disconnect power cord before cleaning any parts of the unit.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Before requesting any service on your unit, please check the following points. Please note that this guide serves only as a reference for solutions to common problems.

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Compressor	Fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped.	Replace fuse or reset circuit
not running.		breaker.
	Power cord unplugged.	Plug in power cord.
	Thermostat set too high.	Set thermostat to lower
		temperature.
	Cabinet in defrost cycle.	Wait for defrost cycle to finish.
Condensing	Excessive amount of warn product	Allow adequate time for
unit runs for	placed in cabinet.	product to cool down.
long periods	Prolonged door opening or door ajar.	Ensure doors are closed when
of time.		not in use. Avoid opening doors
		for long periods of time.
	Door gasket(s) not sealing properly.	Ensure gaskets are snapped in
		completely. Remove gasket and
		wash with soap and water.
		Check condition of gasket and
		replace if necessary.
	Dirty condenser coil.	Clean the condenser coil.
	Evaporator coil iced over.	Unplug unit and allow coil to
		defrost. Make sure thermostat is
		not set too cold. Ensure that
		door gasket(s) are sealing
		properly.
Cabinet	Thermostat set too warm.	Set thermostat to lower
temperature		temperature.
is too warm.	Blocking air flow.	Re-arrange product to allow for
		proper air flow. Make sure there
		is at least four inches of
		clearance from evaporator.
	Excessive amount of warm product	Allow adequate time for
	placed in cabinet.	product to cool down.
	Fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped.	Replace fuse or reset circuit
		breaker.
	Dirty condenser coil.	Clean the condenser coil.
	Prolonged door opening or door ajar.	Ensure doors are closed when
		not in use. Avoid opening doors

		for long periods of time.
	Evaporator coil iced over.	(see above)
Cabinet is	Loose part(s).	Locate and tighten loose
noisy.		part(s).
	Tubing vibration.	Ensure tubing is free from
		contact with other tubing or
		components.