Galanz



Installation Instructions
Model#GL1FR24ASSAGN

Thank you for purchasing a Galanz product. Please read this manual carefully for correct usage and safety, and keep for future reference. For service, support and warranty information, call 800-562-0738.

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RANGE SAFETY

YOUR SAFETY AND THE SAFETY OF

We have provided many important safety messages in this manual and on your appliance. Always read and obey all safety messages.



This is the safety alert symbol.

This symbol alerts you to potential hazards that cankill or hurt you and others. All safety messages will follow the safety alert symbol and either the word "DANGER," "WARNING" or "CAUTION."

These words mean:

A DANGER

An imminently hazardous situation. You could be killed or seriously injured if you don't immediately follow instructions.

AWARNING

A potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious bodily injury.

A CAUTION

A potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in moderate or minor injury.

All safety messages will tell you what the potential hazard is, tell you how to reduce the chance of injury, and tell you what can happen if the instructions are not followed.

AWARNING



Fire Hazard

If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch.
- Do not use any phone in your building.
- Clear the room, building, or area of all occupants.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone.
 Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualied installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

RANGE SAFETY

WARNING: Gas leaks cannot always be detected by smell. Gas suppliers recommend that you use a gas detector approved by UL or CSA.

For more information, contact your gas supplier.

If a gas leak is detected, follow the "What to do if you smell gas" instructions.

In the State of Massachusetts, the following installation instructions apply:

- Installations and repairs must be performed by a qualified or licensed contractor, plumber, or gasfitter qualified or licensed by the State of Massachusetts.
- If using a ball valve, it shall be a T-handle type.
- A flexible gas connector, when used, must not exceed 3 feet.

State of California Proposition 65 Warnings:

WARNING: This product contains one or more chemicals know to the

State of California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains one or more chemicals know to the

State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

AWARNING



Tip Over Hazard

A child or adult can tip the range and be killed. Connect anti-tip bracket to rear range foot.

Reconnect the anti-tip bracket, if the range is moved.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious burns to children and adults.

TOOLS AND PARTS

Gather the required tools and parts before starting installation. Read and follow the instructions provided with any tools listed here.

TOOLS NEEDED

- Tape measure
- Flat-blade screwdriver
- Phillips screwdriver
- Level
- Cordless electric Drill
- Hammer
- Wrench or pliers
- Pipe wrench
- 10" Adjustable Wrenches (2)
- 3/8" nut driver
- 1/4" nut driver

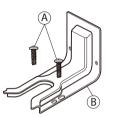
- 1/8" (3.2 mm) drill bit (for wood floors)
- Marker or pencil
- Masking tape
- Pipe-joint compound resistant to LP gas
- 3/16" carbide-tipped masonry drill bit (for concrete/ceramic floors)
- Noncorrosive leak-detection s olution

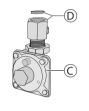
For LP/Natural Gas Conversions

- 1/2" Combination wrench
- 7 mm combination wrench
- 7mm nut driver

PARTS SUPPLIED

Check that all parts are included.







- (A) 16 x 15% " Screws (2)
- (B) Anti-tip Bracket
- © Regulator
- D Gas Pipe Adapter with Washer

© LP/Natural Gas Conversion Kit

NOTE: The Anti - tip bracket must be securely mounted to the subfloor. Depending on the thickness of the flooring, longer screws may be required to anchor the anti-tip bracket to the subfloor. Longer screws are available from your local hardware store.

PARTS NEEDED

Check local codes and consult gas supplier. Check existing gas supply and electrical supply. See "Electrical Requirements" and "Gas Supply Requirements" sections.

• Gas Supply Line Kit (Supply Line and 2 adapters)



LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

VENTILATION

IMPORTANT: Observe all governing codes and ordinances. Do not The range should be located for conveninet use in the kitchen. obstruct flow of combustion and ventilation air.

• It is the installer's responsibility to comply with installation clesrances specified on the model/serial rating plate. The model/serial rating plate is located on the left-hand side of the oven frame. Open oven door to view label. See label on back panel of range for additional element and oven power ratings.



Rating Plate

TEMPERATURE

IMPORTANT: This oven has been designed in accordance with the requirements of UL and CSA International and complies with the maximum allowable wood cabinet temperatures of 194F (90°C)

- Some cabinet and building materials are not designed to withstand the heat produced by the oven for baking and self-cleaning. Check with your builder or cabinet supplier to make sure that the materials used will not discolor, delaminate or sustain other damage.
- Contact a qualified floor covering installer to check that the floor covering can withstand at least 200°F (93°C).
- Do not install range over carpeting.

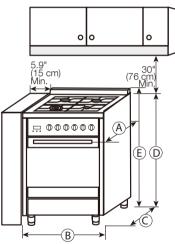
GENERAL

- Recessed installations must provide complete enclosure of the sides and rear of the range.
- To eliminate the risk of burns or fire by reaching over heated surface units, cabinet storage is to be provded, the risk can be reduced by installing a range hood or microwave hood combination that projects horizontally a minimum of 5" (12.7 cm) beyond the bottom of the cabinets.
- All openings in the wall or floor where range is to be installed must be sealed.
- Do not seal the range to the side cabinets.
- Grounded electrical supply is required. See "Gas Supply Requirements" section.

DIMENSIONS

Product and Opening

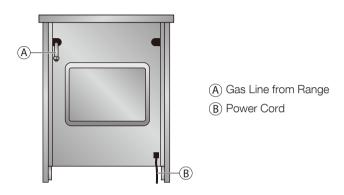
Opening dimensions shown are for 25" (64.0 cm) countertop depth, 4" (61.0 cm) base cabinet depth and 36" (91.4 cm) countertop height.



A. Depth w/ Handle	B. Width	C. Depth	D. Height to top of Cooktop	E. Height Overall
	23¾" (60 cm)	23¾" (60 cm)	136" (91 cm)	37¾" (95.5 cm)

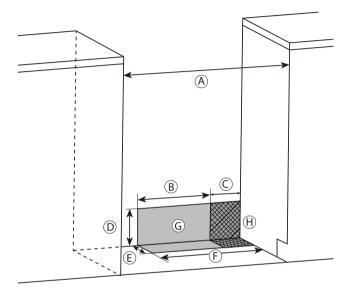
NOTE: Range can be raised approximately 1" (2.5 cm) by adjusting the leveling legs. Front of door and drawer may extend farther forward depending on styling.

Back of Range



Power Supply

IMPORTANT: An electrical outlet in the floor, may be either recessed or surface mounted, but an electrical outlet in the wall must be recessed to make the connection. For Direct Wiring, the electrical box should be mounted to the wall.



- (A) 24" Model 23%" (60 cm)
- B 111/2" (29.2 cm)
- (C) 6" (15.2 cm)
- D 71/4" (18.4 cm)
- (E) 3" (7.6 cm)

- (F) 171/2" (44 cm)
- © Recommended Location for Electrical Outlet
- (H) Recommended Location for Gas Supply Connection

*NOTE: 24" (61.0 cm) minimum when bottom of wood or metal cabinet is covered by not less than 1/4" (0.64 cm) flame retardant millboard covered with not less than No. 28 MSG sheet steel, 0.015" (0.4 mm) stainless steel, 0.024" (0.6 mm) aluminum or 0.020" (0.5 mm) copper.

30" (76.2 cm) minimum clearance between the cooking and the bottom of an uncovered wood or metal cabinet.

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

AWARNING



Electrical Shock Hazard

Plug into a grounded 3 prong outlet.

Do not remove the ground prong from the power cord plug. Do not use an adapter.

Do not use an extension cord.

Failure to do so can result in death, fire or electrical shock.

IMPORTANT: The range must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes and ordinances, or in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70 or Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1.

This range is equipped with an electronic ignition system that will not operate if plugged into an outlet that is not properly polarized. If codes permit and a separate ground wire is used, it is recommended that a qualified electrical installer determine that the ground path is adequate.

A copy of the above code standards can be obtained from: National Fire Protection Association 1 Batterymarch Park Quincy, MA 02169-7471

CSA International 8501 East Pleasant Valley Road Cleveland, OH 44131-5575

- A 120 volt, 60 Hz., AC only, 15-amp fused, electrical circuit is required. A timedelay fuse or circuit breaker is also recommended. It is recommended that a separate circuit serving only this range be provided.
- Electronic ignition systems operate within wide voltage limits, but proper grounding and polarity are necessary. Check that the outlet provides 120-volt power and is correctly grounded.
- This gas range is not required to be plugged into a GFCI (Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupter) outlet. It is recommended that you not plug an electric spark ignition gas range or any other major appliance into a GFCI wall outlet as it may cause the GFCI to trip during normal cycling.
- Performance of this range will not be affected if operated on a GFCI-protected circuit. However, occasional nuisance tripping of the GFCI breaker is possible due to the normal operating nature of electronic gas ranges.

 The wiring diagram is located on the back of the range in a clear plastic bag.

NOTE: The metal chassis of the range must be grounded in order for the control panel to work. If the metal chassis of the range is not grounded, no keypads will operate. Check with a qualified electrician if you are in doubt as to whether the metal chassis of the range is grounded.

GAS SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

AWARNING



Explosion Hazard

Use a new CSA International approved gas supply line. Install a shut-off valve.

Securely tighten all gas connections.

If connected to LP, have a qualified person make sure gas pressure does not exceed 14" (36 cm) water column.

Examples of a qualified person include:

licensed heating personnel,

authorized gas company personnel, and authorized service personnel.

Failure to do so can result in death, explosion or fire.

Observe all governing codes and ordinances.

IMPORTANT: This installation must conform with all local codes and ordinances. In the absence of local codes, installation must conform with American National Standard, National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1 - latest edition or CAN/CGA B149 – latest edition.

IMPORTANT: Leak testing of the range must be conducted according to the manufacturers instructions.

TYPE OF GAS

Natural gas:

This range is design-certified by CSA International for use with Natural gas or, after proper conversion, for use with LP gas.

This range is factory set for use with Natural gas. See "Gas
Conversions" section. The model/serial rating plate located on
the right side oven door trim has information on the types of
gas that can be used. If the types of gas listed do not include
the type of gas available, check with the local gas supplier.

LP gas conversion:

IMPORTANT: Conversion must be done by a qualified service technician.

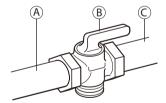
No attempt shall be made to convert the appliance from the gas specified on the model/serial rating plate for use with a different gas without consulting the serving gas supplier. See "Gas Conversions" section.

GAS SUPPLY LINE

Provide a gas supply line of %" (1.9 cm) rigid pipe to the range location. A smaller size pipe on longer runs may result in insufficient gas supply. Pipe-joint compounds that resist the action of LP gas must be used. With LP gas, piping or tubing size can be 1/2" (1.3 cm) minimum. Usually, LP gas suppliers determine the size and materials used in the system.

Gas Shut-off Valve:

 The gas supply line must be equipped with a manual shutoff valve. This valve should be located in the same room but external to the range. It should be in a location that allows ease of opening and closing. Do not block access to shutoff valve. The valve is for turning on or shutting off gas to the range.



- (A) Gas Supply Line
- (B) Shutoff Valve "Open" Position
- © Flexible/Rigid Gas Line to Range

Flexible metal appliance connector:

If local codes permit, a new CSA design-certified, 4 - 5 ft (122 - 152.4 cm) long, ½" (1.3 cm) or ¾" (1.9 cm) I.D., flexible metal appliance connector may be used for connecting range to the gas supply line.



- A ½" (1.3 cm) male pipe thread is needed for connection to the female pipe threads of the inlet to the appliance pressure regulator.
- Do not kink or damage the flexible metal tubing when moving the range.

Rigid pipe connection:

The rigid pipe connection requires a combination of pipe fittings to obtain an in-line connection to the range. The rigid pipe must be level with the range connection. All strains must be removed from the supply and fuel lines so range will be level and in line.



GAS PRESSURE REGULATOR

The gas pressure regulator supplied with this range must be used. The inlet pressure to the regulator should be as follows for proper operation:

Natural gas:

Minimum pressure: 5" Water Column Pressure (WCP)

Maximum pressure: 10.5" WCP

LP gas:

Minimum pressure: 8" WCP Maximum pressure: 13" WCP

Contact local gas supplier if you are not sure about the inlet pressure.

Burner Input Requirements

Input ratings shown on the model/serial rating plate are for elevations up to 2,000 ft (609.6 m).

For elevations above 2,000 ft (609.6 m), ratings are reduced at a rate of 4% for each 1,000 ft (304.8 m) above sea level (not applicable for Canada).

GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE TESTING

Gas supply pressure for testing regulator must be at least 1" Water Column Pressur (WCP) above the manifold pressure shown on the model/serial rating plate.

Line pressure testing above 0.5 psi gauge (14" WCP)

The range and its individual shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 0.5 psi (3.5 kPa).

Line pressure testing at 0.5 psi gauge (14" WCP) or lower

The range must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than 0.5 psi (3.5 kPa).

IMPORTANT: This appliance shall be installed only by authorized persons and in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, local gas fitting regulations, municipal building codes, electrical wiring regulations, local water supply regulations.

STEP 1 - UNPACK RANGE

AWARNING

Excessive Weight Hazard

Use two or more people to move and install range. Failure to do so can result in back or other injury.

- Remove shipping materials, tape and film from the range. Keep cardboard bottom under range. Do not dispose of anything until the installation is complete.
- Remove oven racks and parts package from oven and shipping materials.
- 3. To remove cardboard bottom, first take four cardboard corners from the carton.
 - Stack one cardboard corner on top of another. Repeat with the other two corners. Place them lengthwise on the floor behind the range to support the range when it is laid on its back.
- 4. Using two or more people, firmly grasp the range and gently lay it on its back on the cardboard corners.
- 5. Remove cardboard bottom.

NOTES:

- The leveling legs can be adjusted while the range is on its back.
- To place range back up into a standing position, put a sheet of cardboard or hardboard on the floor in front of range to protect the flooring. Using two or more people, stand range back up onto the cardboard or hardboard.

STEP 2 - INSTALL BACKSPLASH

For proper ventilation and to protect your wall from splatters, install the backsplash to the rear edge of the cooktop which extends past the back of the oven.

Parts Provided: Screws (6)

NOTE: 24" model uses (4) screws and the 36" model uses (6) screws

- 1. Align the holes in the backsplash with the holes in the back edge of the cooktop.
- With one person holding the backsplash, and working from underneath the extended rear edge, insert screws through the bottom of the cooktop and into the bottom of the backsplash. Tighten completely.

NOTE: 24" model uses (4) screws and the 36" model uses (4) screws



- (A) Backsplash -Back Edge
- (B) Backsplash Bottom Edge
- Insert the two screws (one on each side) through the back edge of the backsplash and into the cooktop. Tighten completely.

STEP 3 - INSTALL ANTI-TIP BRACKET

IMPORTANT: This insert replaces the directions for "Installing the Anti-Tip Bracket" and "Installing the Range" found in the 24" Electric Free-Standing Range Installation Instructions for Models **GL1FR24ASSAGN**.

INSTALL ANTI-TIP BRACKET

AWARNING



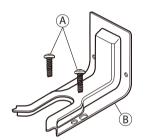
Tip Over Hazard

A child or adult can tip the range and be killed.
Connect anti-tip bracket to rear range foot.
Reconnect the anti-tip bracket, if the range is moved.
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious burns to children and adults.

IMPORTANT:

 An anti-tip bracket is provided with the range. The anti-tip bracket uses a rear range foot to secure the range to the floor or wall.

- Attach the anti-tip bracket to the floor or wall so that the rear range foot will be centered within the bracket when the range is pushed into its final position.
- 1. Remove the anti-tip bracket and two screws (provided) from the parts bag.



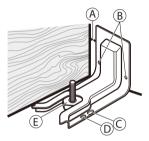
- A 16 x 1% " Screws (2)
- (B) Anti-tip Bracket

NOTE: The anti-tip bracket must be securely mounted to the subfloor or wall. The flooring's thickness may require longer screws to anchor bracket to subfloor.

 Place the bracket so that the back of the bracket is against the rear wall and the side edge of the bracket is %" to ½" from the adjacent cabinet.

NOTE: If there is no adjacent cabinet, place the bracket so that the edge of the bracket is %" to 1/2" in from the range side panel. If the countertop overhangs the cabinet, offset the bracket from the cabinet by the depth of the overhang plus an additional %" to 1/2".

Using the anti-tip bracket as a template, mark the two holes for either a Floor Wood, Floor Concrete, or Wall installation, as shown.



- (A) Distance from Adjacent Cabinet (%" to 1/2" [0.95 to 1.27 cm])
- (B) Wall Holes
- Concrete Floor Holes
- (D) Wood Floor Holes
- (E) Rear Range Foot
- 4. Drill two pilot holes where marked. Follow the instructions specific to your construction.

NOTE: A nail or awl may be used to create a pilot hole, if a drill is not available. For concrete construction 1/4" x 11/2" Lag Bolts and 1/2" O.D. Sleeve Anchors are required.

Wood

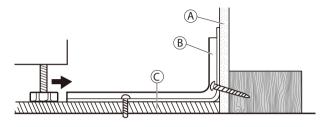
• Floor - Drill a 1/8" pilot hole, as shown.

NOTE: Contact a qualified floor covering installer for the best procedure for drilling mounting holes through your type of floor covering.

• Wall - Drill an angled 1/8" pilot hole, as shown.

Concrete

 Drill the size hole recommended for the anchors into the concrete at the center of the holes identified as Floor Concrete or Wall.



(A) Wall

B Anti-tip Bracket

© Floor

5. Install the anti-tip bracket.

Wood

 Using the two screws (provided) fasten the anti-tip bracket to the floor or wall.

NOTE: The screw must enter wood or metal.

Concrete

- Insert the sleeve anchor into the drilled holes and then insert the lag bolts through the anti-tip bracket and into the floor or wall. The bolts must be properly tightened as recommended for the hardware.
- 5. Complete the range installation following the Installation Instructions (provided).

STEP 4 - MAKE GAS CONNECTION

AWARNING



Explosion Hazard

Use a new CSA International approved gas supply line. Install a shut-off valve.

Securely tighten all gas connections.

If connected to LP, have a qualified person make sure gas pressure does not exceed 14" (36 cm) water column.

Examples of a qualified person include:

licensed heating personnel,

authorized gas company personnel, and

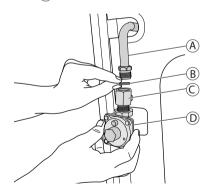
authorized service personnel.

Failure to do so can result in death, explosion or fire.

INSTALL ANTI-TIP BRACKET CONNECT BSPP TO NPT ADAPTER TO GAS REGULATOR:

- 1. Apply pipe-joint compound made for use with LP gas to the male threads of adapter (C).
- 2. Insert adapter () into outlet of the gas pressure regulator () , and then tighten using two 10" adjustable wrenches. Be sure flow arrow on regulator is pointing up toward the range gas inlet pipe.
- 3. Install washer (B) in female end of adapter (C), and then connect adapter (C) to range gas inlet pipe (A) via compression fitting and tighten.

NOTE: Washer (B) must be used to create a leak proof seal.



- (A) Gas Line from Range
- (B) Washer (provided)
- (C) Adapter (provided)
- Gas Pressure Regulator (provided)

CONNECT GAS LINE FROM GAS PRESSURE REGULATOR TO GAS SUPPLY:

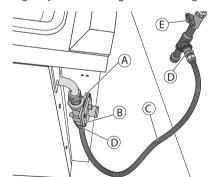
- Apply pipe-joint compound made for use with LP gas to the tapered (NPT) threads of both adapters

 Supplied with gas line kit.
- 2. Attach one adapter to the gas pressure regulator and the other to the gas shutoff valve and tighten both.

NOTE: Do Not rotate the gas pressure regulator.

3. Attach the flexible gas line (C) to adapters (D), one adapter at each end.

IMPORTANT: All connections must be wrench tightened (requires two 10" adjustable wrenches). Do not over-tighten the connections to the gas pressure regulator. Overtightening may crack the regulator creating a leak.



- (A) Adapter (provided)
- B Gas Pressure Regulator
- (C) Gas Supply Line
- Adapters (From Gas Supply Line Kit)
- (E) Gas Shutoff Valve

COMPLETE CONNECTION

 Open the manual shutoff valve in the gas supply line. The valve is open when the handle is parallel to the gas pipe.
 Test all connections by brushing on an approved noncorrosive leak-detection solution. If bubbles appear, a leak is indicated.
 Correct any leak found.

STEP 5 - MAKE ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

AWARNING



Electrical Shock Hazard

Plug into a grounded 3 prong outlet.

Do not remove the ground prong from the power cord plug.

Do not use an adapter.

Do not use an extension cord.

Failure to do so can result in death, fire or electrical shock.

- 1. Slide range close to final location.
- 2. Plug into a grounded 3 prong outlet.

STEP 6 - INSTALL RANGE

IMPORTANT: If the range is moved to adjust the leveling legs, make sure when you move the range back into its final location that the anti-tip bracket is engaged by repeating steps 1 through 8.

- 1. Slide range into final location, making sure rear leveling leg slides into anti-tip bracket. Leave a 1" (2.5 cm) gap between the back of the range and the back wall.
- Place the outside of your foot against the bottom front to keep the range from moving, and then grasp the back of the range, as shown.



- 3. Slowly attempt to tilt the range forward.

 If you encounter immediate resistance, the range foot is engaged in the anti-tip bracket. Go to Step 7.
- 4. If the rear of the range lifts more than ½" (1.3 cm) off the floor without resistance, stop tilting the range and lower it gently back to the floor. The range foot is not engaged in the anti-tip bracket.

IMPORTANT: If there is a snapping or popping sound when lifting the range, the range may not be fully engaged in the bracket. Check to see if there are obstructions keeping the range from sliding to the wall or keeping the range foot from sliding into the bracket. Verify that the bracket is held securely in place by the mounting screws.

- 5. Slide the range forward, and verify that the anti-tip bracket is securely attached to the floor or wall.
- 6. Slide range back so the rear range foot is inserted into the slot of the anti-tip bracket.
- 7. Repeat steps 1 and 2 to ensure that the range foot is engaged in the anti-tip bracket. If the rear of the range lifts more than ½" (1.3 cm) off the floor without resistance, the anti-tip bracket may not be installed correctly. Do not operate the range without anti-tip bracket installed and engaged.
- 8. Move the range into its final location. Place a carpenter's level on the oven floor to check that the range is level from side to side and front to back.

NOTE: The range must be level for optimum cooking and baking performance.

9. If needed, use a wrench to adjust the height of the leveling legs until the range is level from side to side.

STEP 7 - LEVEL THE RANGE (IF NEEDED)

IMPORTANT: The range must be level.

The Range can be raised approximately 2" (5 cm) by adjusting the leveling legs.

- If the range is not level, pull the range forward until rear leveling leg is disengaged from the anti-tip bracket. Place a standard flat rack in oven.
- 2. Place the level on the rack.
- 3. Using a wrench or pliers, adjust the leveling legs up or down until the range is level.
- 4. Push range back into position.
- Check that rear leveling leg is engaged in the anti-tip bracket.

STEP 8 - CHECK OPERATION OF ELECTRONIC IGNITION SYSTEM

The cooktop and oven burners use electronic igniters in place of standing pilots.

When the cooktop control knob is turned to the "ICON" position, the system creates a spark to light the burner. This sparking continues, as long as the control knob is turned to "ICON."

When the oven control is turned to the desired setting, sparking occurs and ignites the gas.

Check Operation of Standard Surface Burners:

Push in and turn each control knob to the "ICON" position. The flame should light within 4 seconds. The first time a burner is lit, it may take longer than 4 seconds to light because of air in the gas line.

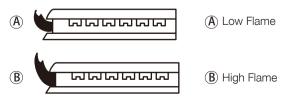
If burners do not light properly:

- 1. Turn burner control knob to the "OFF" position.
- Check that the range is plugged in. Check that the circuit breaker has not tripped or the household fuse has not blown.
- Check that the gas shutoff valves are set to the "open" position.
- Check that burner caps are properly positioned on burner bases.

Repeat start-up. If a burner does not light at this point, turn the control knobs to the "OFF" position and contact your dealer or authorized service company for assistance.

To adjust flame height:

Adjust the height of burner flames. The cooktop "low" burner flame should be a steady blue flame approximately $\frac{1}{4}$ " (6.4 mm) high.

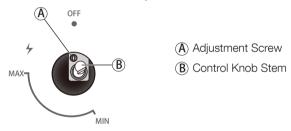


To adjust standard burner:

IMPORTANT: Adjustments must be made with two other burners in operation on a medium setting. This prevents the upper row of flames from being set too low, resulting in the flame being extinguished when other burners are turned on.

The flame can be adjusted using the adjustment screw in the center of the valve stem. The valve stem is located directly behind the control knob.

If the low flame needs to be adjusted:



- 1. Light one burner and turn the control knob to the lowest setting.
- 2. Remove the control knob.
- Insert a small, flat-blade screwdriver into the adjustment screw, and slowly turn the screw until the flame appearance is correct.
 - Open the valve more if the flames are too small or fluttered.
 - Close the valve more if the flames are too large.
- 4. Replace the control knob.
- 5. Test the flame by turning the control from "MIN" to "MAX," checking the flame at each setting.
- 6. Repeat above steps for each burner.

AWARNING



Explosion Hazard

Use a new CSA International approved gas supply line. Install a shut-off valve.

Securely tighten all gas connections.

If connected to LP, have a qualified person make sure gas pressure does not exceed 14" (36 cm) water column.

Examples of a qualified person include:

licensed heating personnel,

authorized gas company personnel, and

authorized service personnel.

Failure to do so can result in death, explosion or fire.

LP/PROPANE GAS CONVERSION

This appliance can be used with Natural Gas or LP/Propane gas. It is shipped from the factory for use with natural gas. A kit for converting to LP gas is supplied with your cooktop. The kit is marked "FOR LP/PROPANE GAS CONVERSION".

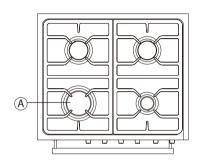
When the cooktop is converted for liquid petroleum (LP) gas, the LP gas supply is required to provide a minimum of 10" to a maximum of 14" water column to the cooktop regulator.

The conversion must be performed by a qualified service technician in accordance with the kit instructions and all local codes and requirements. Failure to follow instructions could result in serious injury or property damage. The qualified agency performing this work assumes responsibility for the conversion.

24" Burner and Orifice Characteristic Table

Burner	Position	Orifice Diam. (mm)	Gas Type	Pressure [i.w.c.]	Rate [BTU/h]
Auxiliary	Front R	1.10	NG	4"	5000
Auxillaly		0.70	LP (Propane)	10"	5000
Semi-	Daniel	1.29	NG	4"	6900
Rapid	Rear L	0.80	LP (Propane)	10"	6500
Triple	Front L	0.99 x 5	NG	4"	17400
Пріе		0.56 x 5	LP (Propane)	10"	15000
Semi-	Rear R	1.29	NG	4"	6900
Rapid	near n	0.80	LP (Propane)	10"	6500

NOTE: The triple burner has only two injectors, one injector mounted in the center and one mounted below the cover plate. To access the second injector, remove the two screws and the cover plate.



(A) Opening in grate for wok ring (provided) is located over left front burner.

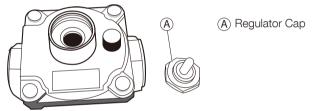
Tools Needed for Conversion:

- Wrench
- 7 mm Nut Driver
- Safety Glasses
- Small Flat-head Screwdriver

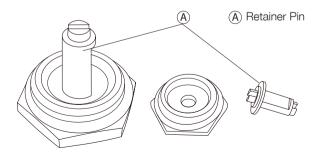
STEP 1 - ADJUST THE REGULATOR

IMPORTANT: Disconnect all electrical power, at the main circuit breaker or fuse box. Shut off the gas supply to the range by closing the manual shut-off valve.

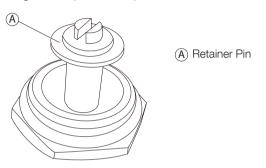
1. Unscrew the regulator cap with the wrench.



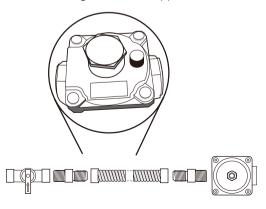
2. Remove the retainer pin that is currently positioned for use with Natural Gas.



3. Turn the retainer pin upside down and replace it into the regulator cap. It is now positioned for use with LP gas.



4. Screw the regulator cap back into the regulator and reattach the regulator to the nipple and flare union.

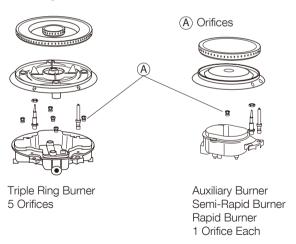


STEP 2 - CHANGE BURNER ORIFICES

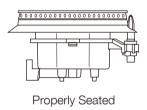
IMPORTANT: Carefully read and observe each orifice label for correct location. See the Burner Chart earlier in this section.

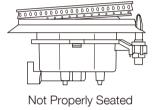
NOTE: First remove all orifices and then start replacing them. This will help avoid the possibility that some may not be replaced.

- 1. Remove the burner grates, burner caps and burner heads.
- 2. Using a 7 mm nut driver, remove the burner orifices.



- 3. Install the proper orifices in the exact locations as noted in the previous graphic.
- Replace the burner bases, heads, caps and top grates.
 Make sure burner caps are properly seated on the burner head.

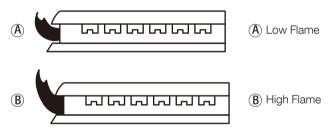




 Adjustments must be made with two other burners in operation on a medium setting. This prevents the upper row of flames from being set too low, resulting in the flame being extinguished when other burners are turned on.

To adjust flame height:

Adjust the height of burner flames. The cooktop "low" burner flame should be a steady blue flame approximately 1/4" (6.4 mm) high.



STEP 3 - ADJUST BURNER FLAMES

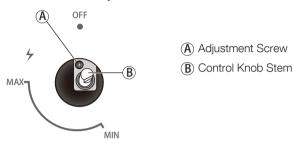
NOTE:

- Turn all burners on highest setting and check the flames. They
 should be blue in color and may have some yellow tipping at
 the ends of the flame when using LP gas. Foreign particles in
 the gas line may cause an orange flame at first, but this will
 soon disappear.
- Turn the cooktop burner knob to "MIN" while observing the flame.

To adjust standard burner:

The flame can be adjusted using the adjustment screw in the center of the valve stem. The valve stem is located directly behind the control knob.

If the low flame needs to be adjusted:



- 1. Light one burner and turn the control knob to the lowest setting.
- 2. Remove the control knob.
- 3. Insert a small, flat-blade screwdriver into the adjustment screw, and slowly turn the screw until the flame appearance is correct.
 - Open the valve more if the flames are too small or fluttered.
 - Close the valve more if the flames are too large.
- 4. Replace the control knob.
- 5. Test the flame by turning the control from "MIN" to "MAX," checking the flame at each setting.
- 6. Repeat above steps for each burner.

STEP 4 - TESTING FLAME STABILITY

Test 1 - Turn the knob from "MAX" to "MIN" quickly. If the upper row of flames goes out at this setting, increase the flame size and test again.

Test 2 - With the burner on "MIN", open and close the cabinet door under the cooktop. If the air currents created by the door moving extinguish the flame, increase the flame height and test again.

STEP 5 - FLAME RE-CHECK

After the adjustment is made, turn all burners off. Ignite each burner individually.

Observe the flame at the "MAX" position. Rotate the knob to the lowest setting and be sure that the flame size decreases as the knob is rotated counterclockwise.

IMPORTANT: Once the conversion has been completed and has passed testing, fill out the conversion sticker and include your name, organization and the date conversion is made. Apply the sticker near the cooktop gas inlet opening to alert others in the future that this appliance has been converted. If converting back to Natural Gas, please remove the sticker so others know that the appliance is set to use its original gas.

ABNORMAL OPERATION

ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ARE CONSIDERED TO BE ABNORMAL OPERATION AND MAY REQUIRE SERVICING:

 Yellow tipping of the hob burner flame. Sooting up of cooking utensils.
 Burners not igniting properly.
 Burners failing to remain lit.
 Burners extinguished by oven door.
 Gas valves, which are difficult to turn.

IN CASE THE APPLIANCE FAILS TO OPERATE CORRECTLY, CONTACT THE AUTHORIZED SERVICE PROVIDER IN YOUR AREA

THE BURNERS REQUIRE NO REGULATION OF THE PRIMARY AIR

Galanz