## Tensioned Contour Electrol

The Tensioned Contour ${ }^{\circledR}$ Electrol ${ }^{\circledR}$ is the latest ceiling or wallmounted electric screen offering simple installation. A variety of finishes and veneer options make this a seamless addition to any room.

Tensioned screens ensure the smoothest surface possible.

## Features

- All sizes standard with 12 " of black drop except for Parallax which is standard with 2"
- Standard Silent Drive System to keep your screen whisper quiet (sizes up to 10’×10')
- Standard Low Voltage Control (LVC) to keep your screen operation flexible
- Smooth Roll Technology to keep your screen perfectly flat
- Slim-Tab, a lower profile, stronger tab design to keep your screen perfectly taut
- Simple Installation with a new installation kit and user-friendly packaging to keep you on schedule
- Support includes a comprehensive five-year warranty to keep you confident in your purchase
- Tensioning Cable System to prevent warping and ensure even lateral tension
- Available with SCB-100 or SCB-200 (RS-232 serial control board) built into the case (adds $33 / 4$ to overall length of case)
- Available with Video Projector Interface (screen trigger) built into the case (adds $33 / 4$ " to overall length of case of 220 V motor version)
- Decora-style, three-button wall switch
- Standard black backing retains projected brightness on front projection surfaces
- Seamless surfaces
- Standard white powder-coated aluminum finish; available in black finish upon request


## Optional Accessories:

- Radio Frequency Wireless Remote - Locking Switch Cover Plate
- Infrared Wireless Remote


## 16:9 HDTV Format

| Viewing Area (H x W) |  | Nominal Diagonal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| in. | cm | in. | cm |
| $45^{\prime \prime} \times 80^{\prime \prime}$ | $114 \times 203$ | $92^{\prime \prime}$ | 234 |
| $52^{\prime \prime} \times 92^{\prime \prime}$ | $132 \times 234$ | $106^{\prime \prime}$ | 269 |
| $54^{\prime \prime} \times 96^{\prime \prime}$ | $137 \times 244$ | $110^{\prime \prime}$ | 279 |
| $58^{\prime \prime} \times 104^{\prime \prime}$ | $147 \times 264$ | $119 "$ | 302 |
| $65^{\prime \prime} \times 116^{\prime \prime}$ | $165 \times 295$ | $133^{\prime \prime}$ | 338 |
| $78^{\prime \prime} \times 139 "$ | $198 \times 353$ | $159 "$ | 404 |
| $90^{\prime \prime} \times 160 "$ | $229 \times 406$ | $184^{\prime \prime}$ | 467 |

## 16:10 Wide Format

## Viewing Area (H x W)

Nominal Diagonal

| in. | cm | in. | cm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $50 " \times 80^{\prime \prime}$ | $127 \times 203$ | $94^{\prime \prime}$ | 239 |
| $571 / 2 \times 92^{\prime \prime}$ | $146 \times 234$ | $109 "$ | 277 |
| $60 " \times 96^{\prime \prime}$ | $152 \times 244$ | $113^{\prime \prime}$ | 287 |
| $65^{\prime \prime} \times 104^{\prime \prime}$ | $165 \times 264$ | $123^{\prime \prime}$ | 312 |
| $69^{\prime \prime} \times 110^{\prime \prime}$ | $175 \times 279$ | $130 "$ | 330 |
| $72^{\prime \prime 2} \times 116^{\prime \prime}$ | $184 \times 295$ | $137^{\prime \prime}$ | 348 |
| $87^{\prime \prime} \times 1399^{\prime \prime}$ | $221 \times 353$ | $164^{\prime \prime}$ | 417 |
| $100 " \times 160 "$ | $254 \times 406$ | $189 "$ | 480 |

## 4:3 Video Format

Viewing Area (H x W)

| in. | cm | in. | cm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $43^{\prime \prime} \times 57^{\prime \prime}$ | $109 \times 145$ | $72^{\prime \prime}$ | 183 |
| $50 " \times 67^{\prime \prime}$ | $127 \times 170$ | $84^{\prime \prime}$ | 213 |
| $60^{\prime \prime} \times 80^{\prime \prime}$ | $152 \times 203$ | $100 "$ | 254 |
| $69^{\prime \prime} \times 92^{\prime \prime}$ | $175 \times 234$ | $120 "$ | 305 |
| $87^{\prime \prime} \times 116^{\prime \prime}$ | $221 \times 295$ | $150 "$ | 381 |
| $108^{\prime \prime} \times 144^{\prime \prime}$ | $274 \times 366$ | $180 "$ | 457 |
| $120 " \times 160 "$ | $305 \times 406$ | $200 "$ | 508 |

Parallax 0.8*
Horizontal Half Angle: $85^{\circ}$ Vertical Half Angle: 170 Gain: 0.8


HD Progressive 1.1 Contrast Half Angle: 60 Gain: 1.1


HD Progressive 0.6
Half Angle: $85^{\circ}$ Gain: 0.6


HD Progressive 1.1
Contrast Perf
Half Angle: 60 Gain: 1.1


HD Progressive 0.9
Half Angle: $85^{\circ}$ Gain: 0.9


HD Progressive 1.3
Half Angle: $75^{\circ}$ Gain: 1.3


HD Progressive 1.1 Half Angle: $85^{\circ}$ Gain: 1.1


Da-Mat
Half Angle: 60 Gain: 1.0


HD Progressive 1.1 Perf Half Angle: 850 Gain: 1.1


High Contrast Da-Mat Half Angle: 450 Gain: 0.8

## Rear Projection



Dual Vision
Half Angle: $65^{\circ}$ Gain: 0.9


Da-Tex
Half Angle: $30^{\circ}$ Gain: 1.3
*NOTE: The Contour Electrol featuring Parallax will look visibly different when compared to other Da-Lite tensioned screens with vinyl surfaces. This is due to the nature of the Parallax material, which is a micro-layered, high-grade plastic lens system. While it may have slight variations in appearance, it is optically flat. Meaning, that when under projection, the Contour Electrol featuring Parallax will perform on the same level as the Da-Lite 4K-ready HD Progressive surfaces.

## Product images



White Case (Standard)


Black Case

The examples below are for a ceiling mounted projector, but can be reversed for a table-top projector.

## Projector Distance



- Parallax 0.8 requires a minimum Lens Throw Ratio of 1.5:1
- How to calculate Projection Distance (x):

Projection Distance $=$ Screen Width (viewable) $\times$ Lens Throw Ratio
Example:
180" projection distance $\div 96$ " wide screen $=1.88$ (1.88:1 Lens Throw Ratio)

- How to calculate Lens Throw Ratio

Lens Throw Ratio $=$ Projection Distance $\div$ Screen Width (viewable)
Example:
87 " wide screen $\times 1.5$ (minimum lens throw ratio) $=130.5$ (130.5" projection distance)

## Projection Angle



- If the Projection Distance $(x)$ is known, find the Maximum Vertical Offset:

Maximum Vertical Offset $(y)=0.4 \times$ Projection Distance $(x)$
Example:
Projection Distance $(x)=130.5^{\prime \prime}$
$130.5^{\prime \prime} \times 0.4=52.2^{\prime \prime}$
52.2" = Maximum Vertical Offset

- If the Vertical Offset (y) is known, find the Minimum Projection Distance:

Minimum Projection Distance $(x)=2.5 \times$ Vertical Offset $(y)$
Example:
87" wide screen with a 60" Vertical Offset (y)
$60^{\prime \prime} \times 2.5=150^{\prime \prime}$
$150 "=$ Minimum Projection Distance

## DA-LITE

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