

Instruction Manual

Enova[®] DGX Digital Media Switchers

Enova DGX 16 Enova DGX 32



Enova[®] DGX Digital Media Switchers Integrated NetLinx[®] Control - InstaGate Pro[®] - DXLink™ REV G: 10/03/2012

AMX Domestic Channel Partner Limited Warranty, Disclaimer and License

(Excerpt from CHANNEL PARTNER TERMS AND CONDITIONS Versions 11.17.2011 with updates for previous version 8.25.2010 [sections 6.1 (a), (b) and (f)])

- 6. LIMITED WARRANTY; RETURN, REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT
 - 6.1 AMX warrants the Products to be free of material defects in materials and workmanship under normal use for three (3) years from the Shipping Date (or such other period as may be specified below), subject to the following limitations and exceptions ("Limited Warranty"). For any Product, "Warranty Period" means the period during which the Limited Warranty is in effect, as set forth herein.
 - (a) LCD and LED panels are warranted for three (3) years from the Shipping Date, except for the display and touch overlay components, which are warranted for a period of one (1) year from the Shipping Date.
 - (b) Disk drive mechanisms, pan/tilt heads and external power supplies are warranted for a period of one (1) year from the Shipping Date.
 - (c) AMX lighting Products are warranted to switch on and off any load that is properly connected to our lighting Products, as long as the AMX lighting Products are under warranty. AMX also warrants the control of dimmable loads that are properly connected to our lighting Products. The dimming performance or quality thereof is not warranted, due to the random combinations of dimmers, lamps and ballasts or transformers.
 - (d) AMX software and firmware included in the Products is warranted for a period of ninety (90) days from the Shipping Date.
 - (e) Batteries and incandescent lamps are not covered under the Limited Warranty.
 - (f) The Warranty Period for AMX AutoPatch EPICA, Enova DGX, Modula, Modula Series 4, Modula Cat Pro Series and 8Y-3000 Product models will continue for the original installation until five (5) years after the issuance of a PDN with respect to termination of the applicable Product model. However, if the Product is moved from its original installation to a different installation, the Warranty Period will automatically become three (3) years from the Shipping Date and, if more than three (3) years have elapsed since the Shipping Date, the Warranty Period will automatically expire.

Version Date: 11-17-11

Note: The complete Warranty is at www.amx.com.

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ESD Warning



To avoid ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) damage to sensitive components, make sure you are properly grounded before touching any internal materials.

When working with any equipment manufactured with electronic devices, proper ESD grounding procedures must be followed to make sure people, products, and tools are as free of static charges as possible. Grounding straps, conductive smocks, and conductive work mats are specifically designed for this purpose.

Anyone performing field maintenance on AMX Enova DGX Digital Media Switchers should use an appropriate ESD field service kit complete with at least a dissipative work mat with a ground cord and a UL listed adjustable wrist strap with another ground cord. These items should not be manufactured locally, since they are generally composed of highly resistive conductive materials to safely drain static charges, without increasing an electrocution risk in the event of an accident. ESD protective equipment can be obtained from 3MTM, Desco[®], Richmond Technology[®], Plastic Systems[®], and other such vendors.

Important Safety Information and Instructions

When using and installing your AMX product, adhere to the following basic safety precautions. For more information about operating, installing, or servicing your AMX product, see your product documentation.

- Read and understand all instructions before using and installing AMX products.
- Use the correct voltage range for your AMX product.
- There are no user serviceable parts inside an AMX product; service should only be done by qualified personnel.
- If you see smoke or smell a strange odor coming from your AMX product, turn it off immediately and call technical support.
- For products with multiple power supplies in each unit, make sure all power supplies are turned on simultaneously.
- Use surge protectors and/or AC line conditioners when powering AMX products.
- Only use a fuse(s) with the correct fuse rating in your enclosure.
- Make sure the power outlet is close to the product and easily accessible.
- Make sure the product is on or attached to a stable surface.
- Turn off equipment before linking pieces together, unless otherwise specified in that product's documentation.
- For safety and signal integrity, use a grounded external power source and a grounded power connector.
- Turn off and unplug an enclosure before adding or removing boards, unless otherwise specified in that product's documentation.
- To avoid shock or potential ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) damage to equipment, make sure you are properly grounded before touching components inside an AMX product.

Information et directives de sécurité importantes

Veuillez vous conformer aux directives de sécurité ci-dessous lorsque vous installez et utilisez votre appareil AMX. Pour de plus amples renseignements au sujet de l'installation, du fonctionnement ou de la réparation de votre appareil AMX, veuillez consulter la documentation accompagnant l'appareil.

- Lisez attentivement toutes les directives avant d'installer et d'utiliser les appareils AMX.
- Le voltage doit être approprié à l'appareil AMX.
- Les appareils AMX ne contiennent aucune pièce réparable par l'usager; la réparation ne doit être effectuée que par du personnel qualifié.
- Si de la fumée ou une odeur étrange se dégagent d'un appareil AMX, fermez-le immédiatement et appelez le Service de soutien technique.
- Veillez à ce que tous les blocs d'alimentation des appareils dotés de blocs d'alimentation multiples dans chaque unité soient allumés simultanément.
- Servez-vous de protecteurs de surtension ou de conditionneurs de lignes à courant alternatif lorsque vous mettez les appareils AMX sous tension.
- Placez uniquement des fusibles de calibre exact dans les boîtiers.
- Veillez à ce que la prise de courant soit proche de l'appareil et facile d'accès.
- Veillez à ce que votre appareil AMX soit installé sur une surface stable ou qu'il y soit fermement maintenu.
- Fermez toutes les composantes de l'équipement avant de relier des pièces, à moins d'indication contraire fournie dans la documentation de l'appareil.
- Par mesure de sécurité et pour la qualité des signaux, servez-vous d'une source d'alimentation externe mise à la terre et d'un connect d'alimentation mis à la terre.
- Fermez et débranchez le boîtier avant d'ajouter ou d'enlever des plaquettes, à moins d'indication contraire fournie dans la documentation du appareil.
- Pour éviter les chocs ou les dommages éventuels causés à l'équipement par une décharge électrostatique, veillez à ce le dispositif oit bien relié à la terre avant de toucher les composantes se trouvant à l'intérieur d'un appareil AMX.

Notices

Copyright Notice

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While every precaution has been taken in the preparation of this publication, AMX assumes no responsibility for error or omissions. No liability is assumed for damages resulting from the use of the information contained herein.

Further, this publication and features described herein are subject to change without notice.

US FCC Notice

The United States Federal Communications Commission (in 47CFR 15.838) has specified that the following notice be brought to the attention of the users of this product.

Federal Communication Commission Radio Frequency Interference Statement:

"This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

If necessary, the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. The user may find the booklet, How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems, prepared by the Federal Communications Commission to be helpful."

This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, Stock N. 004-000-00345-4.

Use shielded cables. To comply with FCC Class A requirement, all external data interface cables and adapters must be shielded.

Trademark Notices

AMX[®], Enova[®], AutoPatch[®], NetLinx[®], DXLinkTM, InstaGate Pro[®], and SmartScale[®] are trademarks of AMX.

Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

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ENERGY STAR[®] is a registered trademark of the U.S. Department of Energy and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Other products mentioned herein may be the trademarks of their respective owners.

Lithium Batteries Notice

Switzerland requires the following notice for products equipped with lithium batteries. This notice is not applicable for all AMX equipment.

Upon shipment of products to Switzerland, the requirements of the most up-to-date Swiss Ordinance Annex 2.15 of SR 814.81 will be met including provision of the necessary markings, documents, and annual reports relative to the disposal of the batteries to the Swiss Authorities.

Warnings and Cautions

This manual uses the following conventions and icons to draw attention to actions or conditions that could potentially cause problems with equipment or lead to personal risk.



ESD Warning: The icon to the left indicates text regarding potential danger associated with the discharge of static electricity from an outside source (such as human hands) into an integrated circuit, often resulting in damage to the circuit.



Warning: The icon to the left indicates text that warns readers against actions or conditions that could cause potential injury to themselves.



Caution: The icon to the left indicates text that cautions readers against actions that could cause potential injury to the product or the possibility of serious inconvenience.

Notices

Overview and General Specifications

Applicability Notice

The information in this manual applies to the following Enova[®] DGX Digital Media Switcher enclosures, input and output boards, and an expansion board, which can be ordered to create custom systems. All of the boards are compatible with any Enova DGX enclosure.

Note: All Enova DGX Switchers ship with a standard front control panel.

Enova DGX 16 Enclosure (4 RU)

Configuration	FG #	Model
16x16	FG1058-16	AVS-ENOVADGX16-ENC

Enova DGX 32 Enclosure (6 RU)

Configuration	FG #	Model
32x32	FG1059-32	AVS-ENOVADGX32-ENC

Enova DGX Digital Media Switchers Standard Input and Output Boards

Enova DGX Switchers currently support three standard Enova input and output board types: DVI, HDMI, DXLink Twisted Pair (RJ-45 transport), as well as Epica DGX SC Optical Boards. Each board fills one of the standard I/O board slots and has four connectors. Within a system, a source device connected to any of the input boards can be routed to any destination device connected to any of the output boards (check the board chapters for important signal information when routing between board types).

- For general board information, see page 13 and page 31.
- For specific board information, see the applicable board chapter in this manual.

Enova DGX DVI Boards (see page 69)

Туре	FG #	Model
DVI w/HDCP Input	FG1058-600	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VI-DVI
DVI w/HDCP and SmartScale Output	FG1058-610	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VO-DVI

Enova DGX HDMI Boards (see page 59)

Туре	FG #	Model
HDMI w/ HDCP Input	FG1058-540	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VI-HDMI
HDMI w/ HDCP and SmartScale Output	FG1058-550	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VO-HDMI

Enova DGX DXLink[™] Twisted Pair Boards[∗] (see page 75)

Туре	FG #	Model
DXLink w/HDCP Input	FG1058-570	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VI-DXLINK
DXLink w/HDCP Output	FG1058-580	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VO-DXLINK

* Enova DXLinkTM Twisted Pair Boards *must* be used in conjunction with DXLinkTM Twisted Pair Transmitters and Receivers or other AMX DXLinkTM signal management solutions. For model numbers of compatible Transmitters and Receivers, see page 76. For system setup information, see page 78.

Epica DGX SC Optical Boards** (see page 91)

Туре	FG #	Model
SC Optical Input	FG1056-500	AVS-EPDGX32-OI-SC
SC Optical Output	FG1056-510	AVS-EPDGX32-OO-SC

** Epica DGX SC Optical Boards work in Enova DGX enclosures and *must* be used in conjunction with DGX Fiber Transmitters and Receivers. For model numbers of compatible modules, see page 92. For system setup information, see page 93.

Enova DGX Expansion Boards

Enova DGX Switchers currently support the Audio Insert/Extract Board. This board can be installed in either or both of the expansion slots. Audio Insert/Extract Boards will not fit in a standard input or output board slot.

Enova DGX Audio Insert/Extract Board (see page 97)

Туре	FG #	Model
Audio Insert/Extract	FG1058-700	AVS-ENOVADGX32-AUD-INS-EXT

Product Notes

The Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher includes an integrated NetLinx Central Control Processor, supports InstaGate Pro[®], DXLink[™] Technology, and SmartScale[®] on every output, and manages and distributes analog and digital audio and video including HDMI/HDCP, control, and Ethernet.

The Enova DGX Switcher is available as a custom system, which means it can be ordered in input to output configuration sizes that fit your installation and contain an assortment of input, output, and expansion boards in a single enclosure.

Note: Because Enova DGX Switchers are available as custom systems, the illustrations in this manual may differ from the model(s) you purchased.

Features of the Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher

HDMI, DVI, DXLink™, DGX Fiber, and Audio

- True HDMI switching, allowing any input to be switched to any or all outputs.
- Incorporates HDMI[®] technology HDMI, DVI, and DXLink[™] Twisted Pair Boards.
- HDCP 1.4 compatible (all boards except SC Optical Boards which cannot pass HDCP).
- Supports uncompressed video resolutions up to 1920x1200 @ 60 Hz, including HDTV up to 1080p.
- DGX Technology provides a common signal transport and matrix switching layer that transcodes between analog and digital signals.
- HDMI and DVI Output Boards, as well as compatible DGX Fiber Receivers, feature SmartScale[®] Technology which automatically responds to the display's declared EDID information and scales the video to the best resolution and video parameters for that display without manual setup.

HDMI, DVI, DXLink[™], DGX Fiber, and Audio (continued)

- Pre-loaded with the most common EDID settings on each switcher input connector (other than fiber connectors) to emulate display response when queried, which ensures that transmission of the video from the source device is working.
- Custom EDID settings can be loaded on each DVI and HDMI input with the DGX Configuration Software (included on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* and at **www.amx.com**).
- InstaGate Pro[®] Technology Easily integrate HDCP into system designs and enjoy hasslefree matrix switching to all compliant displays. No tools, no delays, and no key constraints – it just works.
- DXLinkTM Twisted Pair Boards provide transport over twisted pair cable.
- The Audio Insert/Extract (expansion) Board can be set to insert/extract audio into/out of video input or output boards.

Digital Media Switcher

- The available input/output range is 4x4 to 16x16 for the Enova DGX 16 and 4x4 to 32x32 for the Enova DGX 32 (both come in increments of 4 with upgrade potential).
- System self-diagnostics power monitoring, fan control and monitoring, signal and temperature sensing. Ships with APDiagnostics software monitors, displays, and collects advanced diagnostic information.
- Local presets allow quick recall of a pre-programmed set of switches with a single command; multiple presets can exist within a system at the same time.
- Global presets allow quick recall of a comprehensive snapshot of all switches.
- Fully redundant (hot-swappable) power supplies (RPS) with independent power paths for maximum reliability.
- Rack mounting ears integral to product design.

Control Ports

- Integrated NetLinx[®] Master is an NI-3100 Class Controller.
- LAN 100/1000 port, the network connection for the integrated Master.
- Program port (USB mini-AB) used for initial setup with NetLinx Studio.
- Control port (standard RS-232) for direct matrix switching control.
- Control port (USB mini-B) used as a virtual COM port for serial communication with a PC.

Additional Features Available with Epica DGX SC Optical Boards

- Designed for use with single strand multimode fiber.
- Use in conjunction with DGX Fiber Transmitters and Receivers to send video and audio over a single fiber cable up to a total of 6000 feet (1828.8 m), i.e., 3000 feet (914.4 m) from the source to the Enova DGX enclosure and 3000 feet from the Enova DGX enclosure to the destination.
- DGX SC Optical Boards support DVI (non-HDCP) and HDMI (non-HDCP) formats. They also support RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, and Y/Pb/Pr (Y/Pb/Pr including 1080p) video, depending on the type of DGX Fiber Modules used with them.
- DGX SC Optical Boards support embedded analog stereo audio signals (unbalanced stereo @ a sample rate of 48 kHz) and digital audio signals (PCM over S/PDIF @ 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz, as well as 96 kHz, which requires a minimum video resolution of 800x600 @ 60 Hz).

Product Support

- AMX Limited Lifetime Warranty included (see www.amx.com).
- 24-hour technical support.

Control Features of the Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher

Each Enova DGX enclosure includes an AMX NetLinx 3100 Class Control Processor. Each enclosure also features a front control panel for an added level of convenience; the panel can be used for controlling the system's switches. In addition, several other control options are available. Multiple control methods can be used on the same system.

- Integrated NetLinx Master with control via a WebConsole interface
 - Includes the XBar Controller
 - Server (LAN) connection through the LAN 100/1000 port on the CPU
- Front control panel (standard on all enclosures).
- Compatible with a number of AMX control devices (for NetLinx control programming information, see page 147 and the instruction manual for the specific AMX control device).
- Select AMX NetLinx commands supported
- Supports AMX AutoPatch's simple BCS (Basic Control Structure)* serial control protocol
- Supports AMX AutoPatch's XNNet protocol
- Supports third-party controllers
- BCS tunneling access support over TCP/IP

* BCS commands are sent as ASCII characters through the Control (RS-232) port.

Note: Features and specifications described in this document are subject to change without notice.

Common Applications

Enova DGX Switchers fit in a broad range of digital and analog environments and are controllable from a variety of sources. The Enova DGX Switcher can route and transmit pure high resolution analog and digital video up to 3,000 feet (914.4 m) making it the perfect solution for commercial or residential installations, government agencies, command-and-control environments, universities, hospitals, casinos, retail environments, or any facility that demands the highest quality video be shared between rooms or even buildings.



FIG. 1 Application featuring the Enova DGX 16

Front View

The enclosure, which is the structural basis of an Enova DGX Switcher, can be controlled using the integrated NetLinx Central Control Processor, standard front control panel, control software, or an external controller. For additional information on control options, see page 20.



FIG. 2 Front view of an Enova DGX 32 enclosure

Power Indicator LED on Front of Enclosure

The Power Indicator LED on the front of the enclosure indicates the power status of the redundant power system within an Enova DGX Switcher as follows:

- Green both power supplies are powered on
- Red one of the power supplies is not receiving power or has failed
- Off neither power supply is receiving power

Rear View

The enclosure's appearance, as viewed from the rear, will vary depending on the number and types of input, output, and expansion boards present. The Enova DGX 16 enclosure in FIG. 3 is fully loaded for 16x16 switching. The Enova DGX 32 enclosure in FIG. 4 is fully loaded for 32x32 switching. In addition, both illustrations show two expansion boards.

Enova DGX 16



Input boards (up to 4 in the top board slots) Output boards (up to 4 in the top board slots)

 $FIG.\,3\,$ Rear view of a fully loaded Enova DGX 16 enclosure with two expansion boards



Enova DGX 32

FIG. 4 Rear view of a fully loaded Enova DGX 32 enclosure with two expansion boards

Rear View Components

- Input and output boards (some slots may be empty, depending on the configuration)
- Expansion boards (optional)
- CPU/Control board
- Two standard redundant power supplies
- Serial numbers

The following sections briefly introduce the hardware on the rear of the enclosure.

CPU/Control Board



The CPU/Control board is on the left rear of the enclosure, directly below the input connectors.

Each CPU includes the following port and slot options:

- Two RJ-45 ports for connecting autonomous devices (linking of enclosures is not allowed)
- Control port* (DB-9, RS-232) for attaching an external serial control device (see page 50)
- Control port* (USB mini-B) for attaching an external control device (see page 52)
- SD card slot ships with an installed Micro SD memory card for CPU backup (see page 56)
- Program port (USB mini-AB) for establishing a connection from the Integrated NetLinx Master to the PC's COM port (see page 38) and for initial setup of the system
- LAN 100/1000 port (Ethernet RJ-45) the connection from the integrated NetLinx Master to a LAN (see page 39) for all runtime control, NetLinx programming, etc.

Each CPU includes four LED indicators:

- System Status LED (to the left of the Control ports) for system status
- Status, Output, and Input LEDs (above Program connector) indicate system communication status and when data is sent and received (for modes and blink patterns, see page 38)

* The two Control ports provide direct control of matrix switcher processing (they do not work on the same layer of control as the integrated Master, which uses the LAN 100/1000 and Program ports).

Power Supply Units

Each of the power supply units on the rear of the enclosure (FIG. 6) has a power receptacle that will accept all major international standard power sources. (US power cords are included with all shipments unless ordered otherwise.) Maximum power specifications are provided on the power supply receptacles.

For information on applying power, see page 33.

The power supply unit has three LED indicators (in order from left to right):

- AC (\sim): When the LED is green, the power is good.
- DC (===): When the LED is green, the power is good.
- Temperature (↓): When the LED is not illuminated, the temperature is good; when the LED is yellow, the temperature is above normal.



FIG. 6 Power supply receptacles, LEDs, and switches

Caution: Each power supply has a small toggle switch to the left of its LEDs that controls internal power and <u>must remain flipped to the right</u> for the system to operate. Do <u>not</u> flip this switch to the left.

Input and Output Boards

A single enclosure can handle a combination of signals depending on the types of input and output boards. **Note:** All boards in the table below are HDCP 1.4 compatible except for the SC Optical Boards.

Input and Output Boards and Supported Signals												
I/O Board Types	Signal Lypes		HDMI w/out HDCP	DVI-D W/HDCP	DVI-D w/out HDCP	Embedded Audio	Embedded Audio from Audio Insert Extract Board	Analog Video	Discrete Digital Audio	Analog Stereo Audio	3D Video	Deep Color
Input: HDMI		•	•	•*	•*	•	•				•	•
Output: HDMI		•	•	•*	•*	•	•					•
Input: DVI		•	٠	٠	•	•**	•				•	•
Output: DVI		•	٠	٠	•	•**	•					•
Input and Output: DXLink^		•	•	•	•	•	•	●***	•	•	•	•
Input and Output: SC Optical^^			•		•			●***	•	•		

* HDMI Boards require a cable adapter to support single-link DVI signals.

 ** For a DVI Board to support embedded audio on an HDMI signal, the EDID must be updated.

*** Supported analog video signals include RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, and Y/Pb/Pr in and RGBHV out.

^ Signals supported by DXLink Twisted Pair Boards depend on the type of DXLink Transmitters and Receivers used.
 ^^ Signals supported by SC Optical Boards depend of the type of DGX Fiber Transmitters and Receivers used.

Note: The DXLink Twisted Pair Boards also support embedded power, NetLinx control, and Ethernet.

All signals are automatically converted to the destination device's format, with DXLink Twisted Pair Transmitters and Receivers used for transport of signals with DXLink Boards and DGX Fiber Transmitters and Receivers used in the conversion process for the DGX SC Optical Boards.

Enova DGX 16



FIG. 7 DGX HDMI, DXLink, DVI, and DGX SC Optical Input and Output Boards

Enova DGX 16 enclosures have 8 horizontal I/O board slots (4 slots each for input and output boards with four connectors each), allowing for a maximum configuration of 16x16.



FIG. 8 HDMI, DXLink, DVI, and SC Optical Input and Output Boards

Enova DGX 32 enclosures have 16 vertical I/O board slots (8 slots each for input and output boards with four connectors each), allowing for a maximum configuration of 32x32.

For information on the boards included in your system, including connector types, cabling directions, installation considerations, and specifications, see the specific board chapter in this manual.

- HDMI Boards see page 59
- DVI Boards see page 69
- DXLink Twisted Pair Boards see page 75
- SC Optical Boards see page 91

If a system has empty input or output board slots (which are numbered for additional inputs and outputs), the slots can be used to expand the system. For information on adding or replacing boards, see "Appendix E – Adding or Replacing Boards" on page 201.

Note: Audio Insert/Extract (expansion) Boards are also available. They provide audio insertion and extraction functionality and are used in conjunction with HDMI, DVI, and DXLink Boards (see "Expansion Boards" on page 15).

Input and Output Board Connectors

The connectors on the input and output boards are the attachment points for source and destination devices that connect to the system. Viewed from the rear of the enclosure, the input connectors (for attaching sources) are on the left, and the output connectors (for attaching destinations) are on the right.

Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located as follows:

- Enova DGX 16 on the vertical numbering plate (metal strip) between the input and output connectors.
- Enova DGX 32 on the horizontal numbering plate (metal strip) directly above the connectors.

Connectors and Signal Types

Connector	Supported Signals
HDMI	 HDMI with or without HDCP or embedded digital audio
	 DVI-D (single link) with or without HDCP (adapter cable required)
DVI	DVI-D (single link) with or without HDCP
	 HDMI with or without HDCP or embedded digital audio*
DXLink (RJ-45)	HDMI with or without HDCP or embedded digital audio
(Signal support depends on the type of DXLink Transmitters and Receivers used.)	 DVI with or without HDCP or embedded digital audio
	 Analog video input (RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, Y/Pb/Pr)
	 Digital audio or analog stereo audio
	 Embedded power, NetLinx, and Ethernet
SC Fiber	 HDMI (non-HDCP) output as DVI (adapter cable required)
(Signal support depends on the type of DGX Fiber Transmitters and Receivers used.)	• DVI-D (non-HDCP)
	 Analog video input (RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, Y/Pb/Pr)
	 Analog video output (RGBHV)
	Analog stereo audio or S/PDIF

* For a DVI connector to support embedded audio on an HDMI signal, the EDID must be updated.

Note: An analog stereo audio signal from a pluggable 3-position terminal block connector can be inserted from an Audio Insert/Extract Board onto a DVI or HDMI signal (replaces any existing embedded digital audio signal). The Audio Insert/Extract Board also works in conjunction with DVI and HDMI signals on DXLink boards.

Expansion Boards

Expansion boards provide additional functionality to the system. Currently the Enova DGX Switcher has one available expansion board: the Audio Insert/Extract Board (see page 97). This board is used in conjunction with the embedded audio feed on the first four input or first four output boards (the standard boards *must* be HDMI, DVI, or DXLink).

Note: Numbers for connectors on expansion boards are on the boards themselves not on the numbering plate at the top which is for the standard input and output boards.



FIG. 9 Audio Insert/Extract (expansion) Boards - shown with a variety of video input and output boards

If the expansion board slots in an enclosure are empty, the slots can be used for expansion boards to expand the functionality of the system. The procedure for installing/replacing an Audio Insert/Extract Board and setting it for insertion or extraction starts on page 101.



Caution: Standard input and output boards will not fit in the expansion slots.

Important: Setting the DIP switches is the <u>only</u> mechanism for configuring the Audio Insert/Extract Board to either insert or extract audio. Therefore, setting the switches (which requires removal of the board from the enclosure) needs to be done at the time of installation setup.

Serial Numbers

The serial numbers are normally located on the rear of the enclosure on the left (for the Enova DGX 16, see FIG. 3 on page 11 and for the Enova DGX 32, see FIG. 4 on page 12). Before installation, we recommend recording the serial number for the enclosure (and for each module and/or wallplate if applicable) in an easily accessible location.

Specifications				
Parameter	Value			
Approvals	CE, UL, cUL, FCC Class A, RoHS			
AC Power per Supply	100 VAC to 240 VAC single phase, 50 Hz to 60 Hz			
Power Consumption (max.)	930 Watts, with redundancy			
	1760 Watts, without redundancy			
Power Consumption (typical)	362 Watts, fully loaded HDMI enclosure with redundancy			
Power Consumption w/DXLink Power (typical)	835 Watts*, fully loaded DXLink power enclosure without redundancy			
Thermal Dissipation (max.)	3173 BTU/hr., with redundancy			
	6005 BTU/hr., without redundancy			
Thermal Dissipation (typical)	1235 BTU/hr., fully loaded enclosure with redundancy			
Thermal Dissipation w/DXLink Power (typical)	2849 BTU/hr*, fully loaded DXLink power enclosure without redundancy			
Operational Temperature	32° F to 104° F (0° C to 40° C)			
Storage Temperature	-22° F to 158° F (-30° C to 70° C)			
Operational Humidity	5% to 85% RH (non-condensing)			
Storage Humidity	0 to 90% RH (non-condensing)			
MTBF	168,000 hrs.			
Dimensions	15 in. (38.1 cm) depth; 16 in. (40.64 cm) depth with extractors 19 in. (48.26 cm) width including integral rack mounting ears 6.84 in. (17.37 cm) height (4 RU)			
Weight	Approximately 55 lb. (24.95 kg) per loaded enclosure			
Shipping Weight	Approximately 65 lb. (29.5 kg) per loaded enclosure			
Per Channel Aggregate Data Rate (max.)	12.8 Gbps			
Noise Level	<58 dBA @ 1 m (typical @ 25° C)			
Airflow	Forced air (inlet on side; exhaust on side)			
Compatible DXLink [™] Transmitters	DXLink HDMI Transmitter Modules			
and Receivers	DXLink Multi-Format Transmitter Modules			
	DXLink Multi-Format Wallplate Transmitters			
	DXLink HDMI Receiver Modules			
Compatible Fiber Transmitters	DGX Fiber DVI Transmitter and Receiver Modules			
and Receivers	DGX Fiber HD-15 Transmitter and Receiver Modules			

Enova DGX 16 – General Specifications

* Use the Enova DGX Configuration Tool located at www.amx.com/enova to determine the power requirements of a configuration and whether any of the DXLink Transmitters or Receivers should be powered with the local power supply to maintain power supply redundancy in the Enova enclosure.

AMX reserves the right to modify its products and their specifications without notice.

Enova DGX 32 – General Specifications

General Specifications				
Parameter	Value			
Approvals	CE, UL, cUL, FCC Class A, RoHS			
AC Power per Supply	100 VAC to 240 VAC single phase, 50 Hz to 60 Hz			
Power Consumption (max.)	930 Watts, with redundancy			
	1760 Watts, without redundancy			
Power Consumption (typical)	585 Watts, fully loaded HDMI enclosure with redundancy			
Power Consumption w/DXLink Power	1575 Watts*, fully loaded DXLink power enclosure without			
(typical)	redundancy			
Thermal Dissipation (max.)	3173 BTU/hr., with redundancy			
	6005 BTU/hr., without redundancy			
Thermal Dissipation (typical)	1996 BTU/hr., fully loaded enclosure with redundancy			
Thermal Dissipation w/DXLink Power	5374 BTU/hr*, fully loaded DXLink power enclosure without			
(typical)	redundancy			
Operational Temperature	32° F to 104° F (0° C to 40° C)			
Storage Temperature	-22° F to 158° F (-30° C to 70° C)			
Operational Humidity	5% to 85% RH (non-condensing)			
Storage Humidity	0 to 90% RH (non-condensing)			
Dimensions	20.08 in. (51 cm) depth; 21.08 in. (53.54 cm) with extractors			
	19 in. (48.26 cm) width including integral rack mounting ears			
Mainha	10.45 III. (26.54 CIII) height (6 RU)			
	Approximately 75 lb. (34.0 kg) per loaded enclosure			
	Approximately 85 lb. (38.6 kg) per loaded enclosure			
MTBF	92,000 hrs.			
Per Channel Aggregate Data Rate (max.)	12.8 Gbps			
Noise Level	<58 dBA @ 1 m (typical @ 25° C)			
Airflow	Forced air (inlet on sides; exhaust on back and top)			
Compatible DXLink [™] Twisted Pair	DXLink HDMI Transmitter Modules			
Transmitters and Receivers	 DXLink Multi-Format Transmitter Modules 			
	 DXLink Multi-Format Wallplate Transmitters 			
	DXLink HDMI Receiver Modules			
Compatible Fiber Transmitters and	DGX Fiber DVI Transmitter and Receiver Modules			
Receivers	 DGX Fiber HD-15 Transmitter and Receiver Modules 			

* Use the Enova DGX Configuration Tool located at www.amx.com/enova to determine the power requirements of a configuration and whether any of the DXLink Transmitters or Receivers should be powered with the local power supply to maintain power supply redundancy in the Enova enclosure.

AMX reserves the right to modify its products and their specifications without notice.

NetLinx and Control Specifications			
Integrated Controller			
LAN/ Ethernet Port	NetLinx on-board Master is an NI-3100 Class Controller		
	TCP/IP uplink port (LAN 10/100/1000)		
	 Supports up to 64-port un-managed 10/100 Ethernet Switch* 		
	 Static IP or DHCP/DNS, SSL, Auto-negotiating, Half/Full Duplex, Auto MDI/MDI-X Crossover 		
	 TCP/IP, UDP/IP, CIP, SMTP, Built-in Web server 		
	 Includes support for DXLink[™] devices 		
	RJ-45 connector		
Processor	CPU 404 MIPS PowerPC		
Memory	• SDRAM 256 MB		
	• NVRAM 1 MB		
	• Flash 2 GB		
Program Port (USB)	USB Mini-AB connector (used for NetLinx Studio control)		
Enclosure Control			
Control Port (Serial)	Bidirectional RS-232		
	 Baud rates of 9600 (default), 19200, 38400, 57600 		
	DB-9 connector		
Control Port (USB)	USB Mini-B connector		

Enova DGX – NetLinx and Control Specifications

* Cascaded architecture actual throughput dependent on loading. Worst case per port throughput is 10 Mbps; best case is 100 Mbps when used with a total of 32 DXLink Transmitters and 32 DXLink Receivers.

For individual board information and specifications, see the specific board chapter in this manual.

- HDMI Input and Output Boards see page 59
- DVI Input and Output Boards see page 69
- DXLink Twisted Pair Input and Output Boards see page 75
- SC Optical Input and Output Boards see page 91
- Audio Insert/Extract (expansion) Board see page 97

AMX reserves the right to modify its products and their specifications without notice.

Configuration Information and Control Options

Switching Configuration Information

The configuration file stored on the CPU contains routing and control information for the AMX Enova Routing System.

Note: The configuration file is automatically generated by the system based on its hardware – input and output boards, expansion boards, front control panel, CPU, etc. If boards are added during runtime, they are immediately added to the system's configuration.

From the factory, this configuration normally contains two virtual matrices (VMs) for switching signals: VM 0 = all signals and VM 1 = video signals. In systems like the Enova DGX Switcher, both VMs normally route the same signals. On occasion, systems are shipped with custom programmed configurations according to customer specifications.

Important: Embedded audio signals switch with the video channels. Through the use of Audio Insert/Extract Boards, embedded audio can be extracted and external audio matrix switches can be executed (using a separately purchased audio matrix switcher like the Precis DSP) and then reinserted post-switch on the output side.

XNConnect configuration software, provided on the CD, can be used to customize the configuration file (see page 171). However, unless you need to modify your system, you will not need to use XNConnect. If you do modify the configuration file, we recommend making a copy of it first.

Configuration file modifications include creating local presets and setting the Control Panel password, as well as adding or managing hardware. XNConnect graphically displays the Enova DGX Switcher and its control configuration.

Board Configuration Information

DGX Configuration Software is provided on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* and at **www.amx.com** for use with HDMI, DVI, and the DXLink Boards. This software can be used to set the Scaler mode, the aspect ratio, and custom resolutions as well as re-program the EDID on input boards (see page 153).

Important: Because signals routed through HDMI, DVI, and DXLink Boards in an Enova DGX Switcher normally produce a quality image, you will <u>not</u> need to use DGX Configuration Software unless the installation has special resolution or EDID requirements.

Control Options

Integrated NetLinx Central Control Processor

WebConsole interface – The main control method is through the integrated NetLinx Master's WebConsole interface. A server (LAN) connection is established through the LAN 100/1000 port on the CPU (see page 37). For WebConsole information, see page 127.

SEND_COMMANDs – The Enova DGX Switcher can be controlled using AMX SEND_COMMANDs. ICSP is the primary protocol for all system level messaging on integrated NetLinx Central Control Processors and is a peer-to-peer protocol used for both Master-to-Master and Master-to-device communications. For details, see page 147.

Control Panel

The Control Panel is standard on all Enova DGX Switchers (see page 107).

In addition to the Control Panel, the following external methods of control are available.

AMX Control Devices

The Enova DGX Switcher is compatible with a number of AMX control devices via Native NetLinx communication. For control programming information, see the chapter on ICSP commands on page 147 and the instruction manual for the specific AMX control device.

IP Control Software

Enova DGX Switchers can be controlled using the XBar (crosspoint control interface) via the device's WebConsole, which can be accessed through PC-based Internet browsing software. The server delivers HTML pages for setting up the system and a Java control applet, which allows for remote control of the Enova DGX Switcher.

BCS (Basic Control Structure) Protocol

The Enova DGX Switcher can be controlled with an external serial controller using BCS* protocol, a command language for programming control operations and for diagnostic purposes.

- Serial control (sends and receives ASCII characters)
- Use the Control (RS-232 serial) port or use the USB Control port (as a virtual COM port); both are located on the CPU
- Commands can be entered into a terminal emulation program on a PC

* For information on BCS commands, see the *Instruction Manual – BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

Third-Party Controllers

A third-party controller can be attached to an Enova DGX Switcher via the RS-232 serial port. Third-party control is also possible via a BCS Tunnel over TCP/IP (see page 55). If using a third-party controller, see the controller documentation for operating instructions.

XNNet Protocol

Advanced programmers who want to design their own control programs can use XNNet protocol. The XNNet Communication Library that supports C, Java, and Visual Basic with examples of the XNNet protocol in use is available on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* and at **www.amx.com**.

System Diagnostic Options

The three system diagnostic options for the Enova DGX Switcher are APDiagnostics software, a programmer's interface, and DGX _SHELL commands. The last two display in a terminal program.

APDiagnostics

APDiagnostics is a software application that monitors and displays advanced diagnostic information about the behavior of the Enova DGX Switcher. This application is available on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* and at **www.amx.com**. APDiagnostics also works with AMX Matrix Switchers that are capable of reporting such data. For information on APDiagnostics, see Appendix C on page 183.

Programmer's Interface for System Diagnostics

The Enova DGX Switcher displays system information in the splash screen for diagnostic purposes. The information indicates the current status and well-being of the system components. The splash screen can be accessed using a terminal emulation program (e.g., the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software – see page 169). For information on the programmer's interface, see Appendix D on page 195.

DGX_SHELL Commands

The Enova DGX Switcher supports a number of shell (command-line interpreter) commands for a variety of functions, both basic and advanced (see Appendix H on page 215).

Installation and Setup

Important: If the Enova DGX Switcher contains Epica DGX SC Optical Boards, be sure to read all of the safety information for laser products in this chapter and in the SC Optical Board chapter.

UL Safety Certifications, Notices, and Recommendations for Laser Products Per UL requirements, make note of the following: • The DGX SC Optical Boards comply with IEC Standard: IEC 60825-1, 2001. • The boards also comply with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007. • The DGX SC Optical Output (TX) Boards are CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCTS. • The maximum output power of the laser radiation is 4.08 mW. Since the class of radiation emitted from the fiber port can be Class 3R when the fiber cable or dust plug is removed, a yellow and black label with the following caution is located on the rear of the enclosure. **CAUTION - CLASS 3R INVISIBLE** LASER RADIATION WHEN OPEN **AVOID DIRECT EYE EXPOSURE** FIG. 10 Caution label for Class 3R laser products Important: No user serviceable parts are included inside Enova DGX Switchers; service should only be done by qualified personnel. Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure. Exercise caution when installing DGX Fiber products to avoid direct eye exposure to invisible laser radiation. Follow the recommendations below whenever installing or working with DGX Fiber products. Be sure to apply the power only after all fiber connections are made and no fiber ends are exposed. Do not remove dust plugs from SC fiber connectors or the dust caps from the fiber cables until establishing connections; avoid direct eye exposure. □ Make sure all cables, including fiber cables, are correctly connected and/or terminated. □ Before you unplug a fiber cable on an input board, disconnect the power on the DGX TX that is connected to the input. Before you unplug a fiber cable on an output board, disconnect the switch for that output connector.

Site Recommendations

When placing the enclosure, follow the recommendations and precautions in this section to reduce potential installation and operation hazards.

Environment

- □ Choose a clean, dust free, (preferably) air-conditioned location.
- Avoid areas with direct sunlight, heat sources, or high levels of EMI (Electromagnetic Interference).

Chassis Accessibility

Make sure the front and rear panels of the enclosure are accessible, so that you can monitor the Power indicator LED on the front and the other LED indicators on the rear. Leaving adequate clearance at the rear will also allow for easier cabling and service.

Power

Important: We recommend attaching all power cords to a surge protector (20 A) and/or an AC line conditioner.

The source's electrical outlet should be installed near the router, easily accessible, and properly grounded. Power should come from a building branch circuit. We strongly recommend using a dedicated line for the system's power. Use a minimum breaker current rating of 20 A for 110 V or 10 A for 230 V.

To avoid an overload, note the power consumption rating of all the equipment connected to the circuit breaker before applying power.

General Hazard Precautions

These recommendations address potential hazards that are common to all installations.

Important: DXLink twisted pair cable runs for DXLink equipment should only be run within a common building.

Elevated Operating Temperature

The maximum rated ambient temperature for Enova DGX Switcher is 104° F (40° C).

All equipment should be installed in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature. In a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the ambient room temperature.



Caution: To protect the equipment from overheating, do not operate in an area that exceeds $104^{\circ} F$ ($40^{\circ} C$) and follow the clearance recommendation below for adequate airflow.

Airflow Restriction

Enova DGX Switchers are designed to adequately dissipate the heat they produce under normal operating conditions; however, this design is defeated if high heat producing equipment is placed directly above or below an enclosure.



Caution: To prevent overheating, avoid placing high heat producing equipment directly above or below the enclosure. The system requires a minimum of one empty rack unit above and below (three empty rack units are recommended). Verify that the openings on the top and sides of the enclosure are not blocked and do not have restricted air flow.

Mechanical (Rack) Loading

When installing equipment in a rack, distribute the weight to avoid uneven mechanical loading. Note that the Enova DGX 16 weighs approximately 55 pounds (24.95 kg) fully loaded, and the Enova DGX 32 weighs approximately 75 pounds (34.0 kg) fully loaded.

Circuit Overloading

When connecting the equipment to the supply circuits, be aware of the effect that overloading the circuits might have on over-current protection and supply wiring.

Reliable Earthing (Grounding)

Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. If not using a direct connection to the branch circuit (e.g., plugging into a power strip), pay particular attention to supply connections.



Caution: We strongly recommend attaching all of the power cords to a surge protector and/or an AC line conditioner. After powering up the enclosure, apply power to the source and destination devices.

Unpacking

Enova DGX Switchers are shipped with one enclosure per shipping box. The invoice is sent separately; a packing slip is attached to the outside of each box. Each box contains the following items:

- Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher
- Two standard US power cords (if shipped within the US)
- Other enclosure related products, as needed

The documentation in the first box includes:

- AMX Enova DGX 16/32 Digital Media Switchers Quick Start Guide
- AMX Enova DGX Audio Insert/Extract Board Quick Start Guide
- Control Panel Custom Label Kit (for inputs and outputs and for LCD Function menu)
- AMX AutoPatch CD

For orders comprising multiple enclosures, the shipping boxes are marked as "Chassis _____of ____," where the first blank is the box number and the second blank is the total number of boxes in the shipment.

Unpacking Tips

- Before fully unpacking the enclosure, *inspect the shipping box for any signs of damage*. If a box is partially crushed or any sides have been broken open, notify the shipping agency immediately and contact your AMX representative (see the warranty at www.amx.com).
- □ Once unpacking is complete, closely check the physical condition of the enclosure.
- □ Collect all documentation.

Note: Please save the original shipping container and packing materials. AMX is not responsible for damage caused by insufficient packing during return shipment to the factory. Shipping boxes are available; contact your AMX representative for details.

Options for System Setup with DXLink[™]

The following table contains seven options in an Enova DGX Switcher for using DXLink[™] Input and Output Boards in conjunction with DXLink[™] Transmitters and Receivers.

Note: DXLink Modules can also be used as a standalone, end-to-end solution; see the "Instruction Manual – DXLink[™] Twisted Pair Transmitters/Receiver."

System Setup Options – Enova DGX Boards with DXLink Modules/Wallplates					
DXLink Module/Wallplate	Enova DGX Input Board	Enova DGX Output Board	DXLink Module		
HDMI TX Module →	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	HDMI RX Module		
HDMI TX Modules →	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	Any output board* →	Not applicable		
Multi-Format TX Module →	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	HDMI RX Module		
Multi-Format TX Module →	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	Any output board* →	Not applicable		
Multi-Format Wallplate TX →	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	HDMI RX Module		
Multi-Format Wallplate TX →	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	Any output board* →	Not applicable		
Not Applicable	Any input board* →	DXLink Twisted Pair \rightarrow	HDMI RX Module		

* If the board is an SC Optical Board it will need the appropriate DGX Fiber Module; see table below.

A typical system setup for a source and destination is shown on page 78 and has an Enova DGX 32 with DXLink Boards used in conjunction with DXLink HDMI Transmitters and Receivers.



Caution: If you are connecting switching systems via their DXLink ports, be sure to read the information on page 84.

Options for System Setup with Fiber

The table below contains sixteen options in an Enova DGX Switcher for using DVI, HDMI, or DXLink Boards with SC Optical Boards in conjunction with DGX Fiber Modules.

Note: DGX Fiber Modules can also be used as a standalone, end-to-end solution; see the "Instruction Manual – DGX Transmitters & Receivers."

System Setup Options – Enova DGX Boards with DGX Fiber Modules					
DGX Fiber Module	Enova DGX Input Board	Enova DGX Output Board	DGX Fiber Module		
HD-15 TX →	SC Optical \rightarrow	DVI →	Not Applicable		
DVI TX →	SC Optical →	DVI →	Not Applicable		
HD-15 TX →	SC Optical →	HDMI →	Not Applicable		
DVI TX →	SC Optical →	HDMI →	Not Applicable		
HD-15 TX →	SC Optical \rightarrow	DXLink \rightarrow	(requires DXLink RX)		
DVI TX →	SC Optical →	DXLink \rightarrow	(requires DXLink RX)		
Not Applicable	DVI→	SC Optical \rightarrow	HD-15 RX		
Not Applicable	DVI →	SC Optical \rightarrow	DVI RX		
Not Applicable	HDMI→	SC Optical →	HD-15 RX		
Not Applicable	HDMI →	SC Optical \rightarrow	DVI RX		
(requires DXLink TX)	DXLink \rightarrow	SC Optical \rightarrow	HD-15 RX		
(requires DXLink TX)	DXLink \rightarrow	SC Optical →	DVI RX		
HD-15 TX →	SC Optical \rightarrow	SC Optical \rightarrow	HD-15 RX		
HD-15 TX →	SC Optical \rightarrow	SC Optical \rightarrow	DVI RX		
DVI TX →	SC Optical \rightarrow	SC Optical \rightarrow	HD-15 RX		
DVI TX →	SC Optical \rightarrow	SC Optical →	DVI RX		

A typical system setup for a source and a destination is shown on page 93 and has an Enova DGX 32 with DGX SC Optical Boards used in conjunction with DGX Fiber Modules.

The DGX HD-15 and DGX DVI Transmitter Modules can be installed interchangeably. The DGX HD-15 and DGX DVI Receiver Modules are interchangeable as well, providing for an extremely flexible system. For example, in the same system, a source device can send a DVI signal and the destination device(s) can receive an RGBHV signal.

Note: In addition to the system setup options listed in the table above, optical signal flow between Enova DGX Switcher and Epica DGX 16/32/144 enclosures (from SC fiber connector to SC fiber connector) is supported. Contact your AMX representative for these and other system design possibilities.

Rack Installation and System Setup

Enova DGX Switchers can be mounted in a standard EIA 19 in. (48.26 cm) rack.

Required Items for Rack Installation:

- Enclosure
- □ Standard EIA 19 in. (48.26 cm) rack
- □ Screwdriver
- □ Screws that fit your rack for mounting the enclosure
- Dever cords (2)
- □ Surge-protector highly recommended

Optional Items for Rack Installation:

□ A PC or laptop computer with a null modem cable for communication with the enclosure via the RS-232 serial (Control) port

Installation Recommendations:

- Write the serial numbers (normally located on rear of enclosure) in an easily accessible location before installing the enclosure in a rack.
- Use an earth-grounded power cord / system with an Enova DGX Switcher.
- Attach all power cords to a single surge protector and/or an AC line conditioner.
- Apply power to the Enova DGX Switcher before applying power to its source and destination devices.

Safety Recommendations for Laser Products

Important: No user serviceable parts are included inside Enova DGX Switchers; service should only be done by qualified personnel.



Caution - Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Exercise caution when installing DGX Fiber products to avoid direct eye exposure to invisible laser radiation. Follow the recommendations below whenever installing or working with DGX Fiber products.

- Be sure to apply the power only after all the fiber connections are made and no fiber ends are exposed.
- □ Do *not* remove dust plugs from SC fiber connectors or the dust caps from the fiber cables until establishing connections; avoid direct eye exposure.
- □ Make sure all cables, including fiber cables, are correctly connected and/or terminated.
- Before you unplug a fiber cable on an input board, disconnect the power on the DGX TX that is connected to the input.
- □ Before you unplug a fiber cable on an output board, disconnect the switch for that output connector.

Installation Procedure

A flow chart showing the installation sequence is in FIG. 11. The procedure on the following page provides general steps with references to detailed information found in later sections of the manual.



FIG. 11 Flow chart for installation procedure

Caution: To prevent overheating and airflow restriction, avoid placing high heat producing equipment directly above or below the enclosure. The system requires a minimum of one empty rack unit above and below (three empty rack units are recommended). Verify that the openings on the top and sides of the enclosure are not blocked and do not have restricted air flow.

Note: If desired, remove rubber feet from bottom of enclosure before rack installation.

To install and setup an Enova DGX Switcher:

Important: Installation of the Enova DGX 32 requires a minimum of two people for Step 2; we recommend using three people.

- 1. Select a position in the rack for the enclosure that is accessible and does not restrict airflow (see **Caution** above).
- 2. Position the enclosure in the rack. Screw in the rack ear screws on each side.



FIG. 12 Rack mounting screws aligned with rack

3. Audio Insert/Extract Boards only – Remove the boards (see page 101) and set the DIP switches to either insert or extract audio (see page 101). This is the only mechanism for configuring the insert/ extract functionality.



Caution: On systems with SC fiber connectors, we recommend using the provided cable management bars or some other type of cable management system to avoid damage to the fiber cables.

- **4.** Recommended for SC Optical Attach the provided cable management bars to the input and output boards (see page 30).
- 5. Attach *only* the first two source and destination devices.
 - If connecting devices to HDMI or DVI Boards, see the special information for these boards below.
 - If connecting devices to DXLink Boards, the boards require DXLink HDMI Transmitters and Receivers. Install the Transmitters and Receivers between the first two source and destination devices and the DXLink Boards (see "System Setup with DXLinkTM Transmitters and Receivers" on page 78 and the product's documentation).
 - If connecting devices to SC Optical Boards, the boards require DGX Fiber Modules. Install the modules between the first two source and/or destination devices and the SC Optical Boards (see "System Setup with DGX Fiber Modules" on page 93 and the modules' documentation).
 - If wiring devices to an Audio Insert/Extract Board(s), see page 97.
- **6.** Attach power cords to both power receptacles on the enclosure, then turn on the entire system (see page 33).* *We recommend using a surge protector and/or an AC line conditioner.*
- 7. Set up the system using the integrated NetLinx Master (see page 37):
- **8.** Disconnect the factory default switch and execute a test switch to make sure the system is working properly (see page 47).
- **9.** When the test switch works correctly, attach the remaining source and destination devices and any additional DXLink HDMI or DGX Fiber Transmitters and Receivers. If applicable, wire remaining connectors on the Audio Insert/Extract Board(s).

* Power Budget Planning – If the system contains DXLink Boards, be sure to read the section on Power Budget Planning on page 83. The power draw for the system should be calculated in order to maintain the power redundancy of the power supplies in the enclosure. Calculating the power draw also helps determine how many DXLink Transmitters and Receivers can be powered via the switcher.

Special Information for HDMI and DVI Boards

If the system contains HDMI and/or DVI Boards, configuration of the boards may be necessary. DGX Configuration Software is available for configuring the boards (see page 153). This software is located on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* and is also available at **www.amx.com**.

Special Information for the Audio Insert/Extract Board

If the system contains Audio Insert/Extract Boards, the connector default settings may need to be changed for insertion and extraction of audio, see page 101.

Installation Options

Additional installation tasks may include the following:.

- Establishing external serial control (DB-9 port) see page 51.
- Establishing external serial control (USB virtual COM port) see page 52.
- CPU backup with Micro SD memory card see page 56.
- Setting the Control Panel password see page 122.
- Defining local presets see page 178.
- Defining global presets see page 115.

Attaching Cable Management Bars

If the enclosure has Epica DGX SC Optical Input and Output Boards installed, cable management bars are provided.

Caution: Do not severely bend or kink the SC fiber cable. Irreversible damage can occur. Refer to the physical limitations (bend radius) specified for the cable by the manufacturer. The bend radius for AMX SC terminated fiber cables is 2 inches (5 cm).

To install cable management bars:

1. Enova DGX 32 only – Loosen the two captive screws that hold the connector numbering plate at the top of the connectors. Remove the connector numbering plate and set aside.



FIG. 13 Connector numbering plate on Enova DGX 32

2. Align the two screw holes on the end of the cable management bar with the two screw holes on the end of the board. (Note the position of the long part of the bar in relation to screw holes.)



Note: On the Enova DGX 16, the orientation of the cable management bar is reversed from the input to the output board.

FIG. 14 Installation of cable management bars
- **3.** Insert and tighten the two screws at the end of the cable management bar (do *not* over tighten the screws).
- **4.** Align, insert, and tighten the single screw at the other end of the cable management bar (do *not* over tighten).
- 5. Tie the cable to the cable management bar far enough from the connector to allow for the manufacturer's recommended bend radius.

Note: The bend radius for AMX SC terminated fiber cables is 2 inches (5 cm).

6. Enova DGX 32 only – Replace the connector numbering plate that was removed in Step 1.

Attaching Video Input and Output Cables

Input and output connectors are the attachment points for source and destination devices that connect to the system. Viewed from the rear of the enclosure, the input boards (for attaching sources) are on the left, and the output boards (for attaching destinations) are on the right.

- Enova DGX 16 Enclosures have 8 horizontal board slots (4 slots each for the input and the output boards, with 4 connectors per board), allowing for a maximum configuration of 16x16 (FIG. 15).
- Enova DGX 32 Enclosures have 16 vertical board slots (8 slots each for the input and the output boards, with 4 connectors per board), allowing for a maximum configuration of 32x32 (FIG. 16).

Connectors and Input and Output Channels

- Enova DGX 16 Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located between the input and output boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from left to right on each board from the top board to the bottom one; outputs start over at "1" and follow the same pattern.
- Enova DGX 32 Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located on the numbering plate (metal strip) directly above the boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from top to bottom on each board from the left board to right one; outputs start over at "1" and follow the same pattern



Numbering plate

FIG. 15 Enova DGX 16 - Numbering indicates input and output channels



FIG. 16 Enova DGX 32 - Numbers on numbering plate indicate input and output board channels

For information on board connectors and cabling and specifications for specific types of connectors:

- HDMI Boards see page 59
- DVI Boards see page 69
- DXLink Twisted Pair Boards see page 75
- DGX SC Optical Boards see page 91

Input and Output Signal Cables



Caution: If you are connecting switching systems via their DXLink ports, be sure to read the information on page 84.

If using cable management bars, install them before attaching the cables (see page 30).

Before connecting all of the input and output cables and wires, attach only the ones for the first two sources and destinations (and any applicable DXLink or DGX Fiber Transmitters and Receivers). Complete the remaining installation tasks (applying power and any system setup though NetLinx Studio), and then disconnect the factory default switch and execute a test switch (see page 47). When the test switch is successful, attach the remaining input and output cables and wires.

Attaching Audio Input and Output Wires

Enova DGX Switchers can be ordered to include an Audio Insert/Extract Board(s). This audio board works in conjunction with HDMI, DVI, and DXLink Boards. The inputs and outputs are configured on a per connector basis to insert or extract audio.

Important: Setting the DIP switches is the <u>only</u> mechanism for configuring the Audio Insert/Extract Board's insert/extract functionality. Therefore, setting the switches (which requires removal of the board from the enclosure) needs to be done at the time of installation setup.

For specifications, connector wiring, and configuration information, see the "Audio Insert/Extract Board" chapter on page 97.



FIG. 17 Audio Insert/Extract Boards in an Enova DGX 32

Applying Power and Startup

The enclosure's universal power receptacles will accept all major international standard power sources. Two US power cords are included with all shipments unless ordered otherwise. Maximum power specifications are on each power receptacle (and are also listed on page 18). Always use earth-grounded power cords / system with an Enova DGX Switcher.

The source electrical outlet should be installed near the enclosure, easily accessible, and properly grounded. Power should come from a building branch circuit. We strongly recommend using a dedicated line for the system's power. Use a minimum breaker current rating of 20 A for 110 V or 10 A for 230 V. To avoid an overload, note the power consumption rating of all the equipment connected to the circuit breaker before applying power.

Power Budget Planning for Systems with DXLink Boards

If the system contains DXLink Boards, be sure to read the section on Power Budget Planning on page 83. The power draw for the system should be calculated in order to maintain the power redundancy of the power supplies in the enclosure. Calculating the power draw also helps determines how many DXLink Transmitters and Receivers can be powered via the switcher.

Complete Power Redundancy Setup

For proper redundant operations, both power supplies must be powered at all times. To take full advantage of the dual power feeds and redundant power supplies on the Enova DGX Switcher, we recommend cabling the primary Enova DGX Switcher power feed, via a power strip to an outlet connected to one circuit breaker and the redundant power feed via a power strip to an outlet connected to a second circuit breaker.



FIG. 18 Power setup for complete redundancy on Enova DGX 32



Caution: We recommend attaching all power cords to a surge protector and/or an AC line conditioner.

Power-Up Sequence

Caution: Each power supply has a small toggle switch to the left of its LEDs that controls internal power and <u>must remain flipped to the right</u> for the system to operate. Do <u>not</u> flip this switch to the left.

The following instructions start with attaching only two source and destination devices for the purpose of executing a test switch (after the factory default switch is disconnected).

To apply power:

- Attach the first two source and destination devices. Do *not* apply power to the source and destination devices until Step 7.
 - If connecting devices to DXLink Boards, the boards require DXLink HDMI Transmitters and Receivers. Install the Transmitters and Receivers between the first two source and/or destination devices and the DXLink Boards (see "System Setup with DXLink[™] Transmitters and Receivers" on page 78 and the product's documentation).
 - If connecting devices to SC Optical Boards, the boards require DGX Fiber Modules. Install the modules for the first two source and/or destination devices and then connect the modules to the SC Optical Boards (see "System Setup with DGX Fiber Modules" on page 93 and the module's documentation).
- 2. Optional Attach an external control device/system (see page 50).

3. Plug power cords into both of the power receptacles on the enclosure.



FIG. 19 Attach power cables to both power receptacles

- **4.** Plug the other end of each power cord into a power strip(s) *that is turned off* (we recommend using a 20 A circuit breaker on a 110 circuit for fully loaded enclosures).
- **5.** Turn on the power strip and wait 30 seconds.

The Power indicator LED on the Control Panel illuminates green (showing that both redundant power supplies are working). If only one power supply is working, the Power indicator will illuminate a constant red (check power connections and switches).

The LCD on the Control Panel illuminates and displays the menu screen.

- 6. Optional Apply power to a control device/system.
- 7. For systems with SC Optical Boards Apply power to the DGX TX and RX Fiber Modules.
- 8. Apply power to the source and destination devices.
- 9. Disconnect the factory default switch and execute a test switch (see page 47).
- 10. Attach the remaining sources and destinations and apply power to them.

Important: Whenever the system is powered down, be sure the indicator LEDs on the CPU are off and the fans have stopped before reapplying power.

Indicator Lights at Startup

When the enclosure powers up, the indicator LEDs respond as follows:

Enova DGX LED Indicators					
	LED	Indicates	Normal Display	Cautionary	
Front	Power	System power status	Constant green	Constant red: only one power supply is working	
Rear – Power Supply	AC Power (\sim)	AC power present	Constant green	Not illuminated: AC failure	
	DC Power ()	DC power present	Constant green	Not illuminated: DC failure	
	Temperature ($\stackrel{ }{\bullet}$)	Power supply temperature	Not illuminated	Yellow: power supply is over temperature	
Rear –	Status	System status	Constant green during power up, then blinking green at 1 second on/off intervals	Blinking red/green: an exception has been logged in IOS (validation failure) Blinking red: dropped into IOS mode*	
CPU	LAN 100/1000				
	• L/A	 Cables are connected and terminated correctly 	Constant green		
	• SPD	 Receiving or transmitting LAN data packets 	Blinks yellow		

* IOS (Initial Operating System) is the base layer operating system on Enova DGX Switcher equipment. IOS performs functions such as hosting higher level run-time software applications. If unexpected critical errors are encountered within such hosted applications, system control of the equipment may be passed to the IOS layer preventing normal system operation until the error is manually cleared. Report all such errors to technical support (see page 58).

Important: If the indicator LEDs do not respond with a normal display as stated above, check power connections, before contacting technical support (see page 58).

Redundant Power Supply (RPS)

Every enclosure ships with two mutually-redundant (hot-swappable) power supplies.

The Power indicator on the front of the enclosure illuminates a constant red if a problem occurs with one of the power supplies. Check the AC and DC LED indicators on the rear directly above each power receptacle to determine if a power supply is not working. For additional LED information, see above.

Important: A failed power supply should be replaced as soon as possible to maintain the system's power redundancy. For replacement information, contact technical support (see page 58).

Power Supply Troubleshooting

- □ If a power supply's AC and DC power indicator LEDs are not illuminated: Check to be sure the power cord is completely plugged into the enclosure and the power source.
- □ If the AC and/or DC LEDs remain off or the Temperature LED is illuminated (yellow), contact technical support (see page 58).



Caution: Do not remove a failed power supply until the replacement is ready to install, unless directed to do so by technical support.

System Setup for Using the Integrated NetLinx Master

The Enova DGX Switcher has an integrated NetLinx Central Control Processor (Master) that establishes its LAN (Local Area Network) connection through the LAN 100/1000 port on the CPU. The Master provides a WebConsole interface that allows you to make various configuration settings via a web browser on any PC connected to the same LAN.

The NetLinx Master's WebConsole delivers HTML pages for setting up the system plus the XBar Controller (a Java control applet), which allows for remote control of an Enova DGX Switcher using PC-based Internet browsing software.

Important: The Enova DGX Switcher uses DHCP to retrieve its IP address by default.

The enclosure must be connected to a LAN in order to get an IP address from a DHCP server. After the network assigns a DHCP IP address, a static IP address can be assigned in its place.

Important: Although it is also possible to provide access from outside a LAN via the Internet, security issues for your LAN environment must be taken into account (contact your Network Administrator).

System Setup Overview

Important: The Enova DGX Switcher uses DHCP by default.

The Program (serial USB) port and LAN 100/1000 (Ethernet) port each play a role in conjunction with the integrated Master.

- Program port used during the initial setup to obtain the IP address from the integrated Master. This port is connected to a PC running NetLinx Studio.
- LAN 100/1000 port provides functionality for the following protocols: FTP, SSH, Telnet, HTTP, HTTPS/SSL, and ICSP (for protocol descriptions and standard port numbers used, see the table on page 41). This port is connected to a LAN.

The system setup example below for using the integrated NetLinx Master shows an Enova DGX 32 Digital Media Switcher connected to a LAN via the LAN 100/1000 port. Both computers in the illustration have access to the enclosure via the LAN. The PC on the right has established communication via the Program port on the Enova DGX 32 and is running NetLinx Studio to obtain the IP address for the integrated Master.



Caution: Be careful not to create a network (Ethernet) loop. To avoid doing so, see page 84.



FIG. 20 Enova DGX 32 connected via a LAN to two PCs (Program port is connected for initial set up)

Program Port and LAN 100/1000 Port

Since the Program port and the LAN 100/1000 port are used in conjunction with each other for NetLinx system setup, information for cable requirements, LEDs, etc. on each port is given before the setup information.

Program Port

The Enova DGX Switcher's integrated NetLinx Master is equipped with a low-speed USB connection labeled "Program." Use the provided USB mini-AB adapter cable (CA1090-541) to establish a connection between the Program port on the enclosure and the PC's USB port. This connection provides serial-based communication between the integrated Master and NetLinx Studio. This port is useful for getting and setting the system's IP address (in NetLinx Studio, open Telnet and enter either GET IP <D:P:S> or SET IP <D:P:S>, where D:P:S is Device:Port:System).

Important: The Program port is not recommended for firmware updates or large file transfers. These more data-intensive operations are better handled via the LAN 100/1000 port connection.

Cable Requirements

□ USB mini-AB adapter cable (provided) – required to connect an Enova DGX Switcher via its Program port to a PC.

Program Port LEDs – Modes and LED Blink Patterns



FIG. 21 Program Port LEDs

The following table lists the modes and the blink patterns for the Program port's LED indicators which are associated with each mode. These blink patterns are not evident until the unit is powered.

Modes and LED Blink Patterns				
		LEDs a	nd Blink Pa	atterns
Mode	Description	Status (Green)	Output (Red)	Input (Yellow)
OS Start	Starting the operating system (OS).	On	On	On
Boot	Integrated Master is booting.	On	Off	On
Contacting DHCP Server	Integrated Master is contacting a DHCP server for IP configuration information.	On	Off	Fast Blink
Unknown DHCP Server	Integrated Master could not find the DHCP server.	Fast Blink	Off	Off
Downloading Boot Firmware	Downloading Boot firmware to the integrated Master's flash memory. Do <u>not</u> cycle power during this process.	Fast Blink	Fast Blink	Fast Blink
No program running	Either no program is loaded or the program is disabled.	On	Normal*	Normal*
Normal	Integrated Master is functioning normally.	1 blink per second	On indicates activity	On indicates activity

* Normal is typically off. However, this state may change depending on external inputs.

LAN 100/1000 Port

The LAN 100/1000 (Ethernet) port, which provides the connection from the integrated NetLinx Master to a LAN, is located on the rear of the enclosure on the right-hand side of the CPU.

Important: Because the LAN 100/1000 port is the single, shared connection to the LAN for all connected DXLInk Transmitters and Receivers, if the LAN port on the Transmitters and Receivers will be used for network connectivity, a Gigabit (1000 Mbps) LAN connection between the network and the Enova DGX Switcher's LAN port is strongly recommended. Lower speed connections may result in inferior performance of the embedded Ethernet network.

Important: The two RJ-45 connectors at the far left of the CPU should only be used to connect autonomous devices (to prevent network loops); do <u>not</u> attempt to use either of them for a TCP/IP connection or to link enclosures.

Cable Requirements and Pinouts

RJ-45 link cable (either crossover or straight-through) – required to connect an Enova DGX Switcher to a LAN.

Note: Cable can be wired to either T568A (see below) or T568B (on the next page), as long as the wiring is consistent on both ends.

T568A

T568A						
Pin	Signals	Connections	Pairing	Color		
1	TX+	11	12	Green - White		
2	TX-	22		Green		
3	RX+	33	36	Orange - White		
4	No connection	44		Blue		
5	No connection	55		Blue - White		
6	RX-	66		Orange		
7	No connection	77		Brown - White		
8	No connection	88		Brown		

The following table lists the pinouts, signals, and pairing for the Ethernet connector when wired for straight-through cable according to T568A.



FIG. 22 shows the connections for Ethernet RJ-45 connector/cable per T568A.



FIG. 22 RJ-45 connections per T568A

T568B

The following table lists the pinouts, signals, and pairing for the Ethernet connector when wired for straight-through cable according to T568B.

T568B	T568B					
Pin	Signals	Connections	Pairing	Color		
1	TX+	11	12	Orange - White		
2	TX-	22		Orange		
3	RX+	33	36	Green - White		
4	No connection	44		Blue		
5	No connection	55		Blue - White		
6	RX-	66		Green		
7	No connection	77		Brown - White		
8	No connection	88		Brown		



FIG. 23 shows the connections for Ethernet RJ-45 connector/cable per T568B.



FIG. 23 RJ-45 connections per T568B







The LAN 100/1000 (RJ-45) port is an Ethernet link connector, handling Ethernet 10/100/1000 connections for 1000 Mbps (megabits per second), 100 Mbps, and 10 Mbps. This connection is compatible with most Ethernet based LANs.

Important: Because the LAN 100/1000 port is the single, shared connection to the LAN for all connected DXLInk Transmitters and Receivers, if the LAN port on the Transmitters and Receivers will be used for network connectivity, a Gigabit (1000 Mbps) LAN connection between the network and the Enova DGX Switcher's LAN port is strongly recommended. Lower speed connections may result in inferior performance of the embedded Ethernet network.

The two small rectangular LEDs on the RJ-45 connector indicate the following:

• Green L/A LED

On – Link is active (when the Ethernet cable is connected and terminated correctly)

• Yellow SPD LED

On - receiving or transmitting LAN data packets

IP Protocols Used by the Integrated Controller				
Protocol	Description	Standard Port #		
FTP	The integrated Master has a built-in FTP server	21/20 (TCP)		
SSH	The SSH port functions using the same interface as Telnet but over a secure shell where it uses SSL as a mechanism to configure and diagnose a NetLinx system. This port value is used for secure Telnet communication. Note: <i>Only SSH version 2 is supported.</i>	22 (TCP)		
Telnet	The NetLinx Telnet server provides a mechanism to configure and diagnose a NetLinx system. For maximum flexibility, the Master can be configured to use a different port than 23 or disable Telnet completely from either Telnet or the Program port on the rear of the Enova DGX Switcher. Once disabled, the only way to enable Telnet again is from the Program port.	23 (TCP)		
HTTP	The integrated Master has a built-in web server that complies with the HTTP 1.0 specification and supports all of the required features of HTTP v1.1. This port is used for unsecured HTTP Internet communication between the web browser's UI and the integrated Master.	80 (TCP)		
HTTPS/ SSL	This port is used by a web browser for secure communication between the web server UI and the integrated Master. This port is also used for simultaneous encryption of this data, using the SSL certificate information on the Master as a key.	443 (TCP)		
ICSP	The port is used for peer-to-peer protocol for both Master-to-Master and Master-to-device communications. For maximum flexibility the Master can be configured to use a different port than 1319 or disable the ICSP over Ethernet completely from either Telnet or the Program port on the rear of the Enova DGX Switcher. This type of communication is used by various AMX products for communication among themselves (see page 147).	1319 (UDP/TCP)		

IP Protocols Used by the Integrated Controller

System Setup via NetLinx Studio

System Requirements

- □ Minimum web browser requirements Microsoft Internet Explorer 7.0 or higher, Mozilla Firefox 3.6.8 or higher, or any other web browser compatible with these browsers
- □ JRE v1.4.x or greater Java Plug-in for the XBar Controller

Setting up the system to use NetLinx Studio's WebConsole requires completing *all* of the following items. Detailed instructions for each item are given.

- Connect the Program port to a PC and create a virtual COM port
- Connect the LAN 100/1000 port to a LAN (Local Area Network)
- Open NetLinx Studio on the PC*
- Determine the integrated Master's IP address via zeroconf (zero configuration IP networking)
- Change the COM setting for the LAN connection to TCP/IP
- □ Test the connection / open the WebConsole interface

* The PC must be on the same LAN that the enclosure is connected to via the LAN 100/1000 port.

To connect to a PC via the Program port (and create a virtual COM port for it):

- 1. Complete the installation of the Enova DGX Switcher (see page 28) including power up of the system.
- 2. Insert the USB mini-B connector on the end of the provided USB mini-AB adapter cable into the Program port on the rear of the Enova DGX enclosure.

Important: Before the Program port can be used for communication, the appropriate FTDI driver used to create the virtual COM port must be installed per Step 3. A link for this driver can be found on the product's web page on the right under "Application Files" at **www.amx.com**.

- 3. Connect the other end of the USB adapter cable to the PC. Either allow Windows[®] to install the driver automatically (internet connection required) or point the installer to the location where you have previously saved the driver. Either way will create a new virtual COM port on the PC.
 PC COM Port Serial
- **4.** Edit the Serial Communication settings in NetLinx Studio to use the virtual COM port created in Step 3, and set the communication parameters to match those in the table to the right (be sure that the PC's COM port and terminal program's communication settings also match those in the table).

PC COM Port Serial Communication Settings		
Baud Rate	115200	
Data Bits	8	
Parity	None	
Stop Bits	1	
Flow Control	None	



Caution: Be careful not to create a network (Ethernet) loop. To avoid doing so, see page 84.

A DHCP capable server *must* be in the network that the Enova DGX Switcher is being connected to.

To connect an Enova DGX to a LAN via the LAN 100/1000 port:

Important: In order to use the NetLinx WebConsole, the Enova DGX Switcher must establish an active connection to a LAN. <u>Connecting the LAN 100/1000 port on the Enova DGX Switcher to a PC will not work</u>.

- 1. Insert one end of the RJ-45 link cable into the LAN 100/1000 port on the enclosure.
- 2. Connect the other end of the RJ-45 link cable to a LAN hub or switch. The network automatically assigns a DHCP IP address (the assigned IP address can be changed to a static IP address).



FIG. 25 RJ-45 link cable connected to LAN 100/1000 port

3. Check the indicator LEDs for the LAN 100/1000 connector (FIG. 24 on page 40).

Note: When the connection is made, the DHCP server on the network will automatically assign an IP address. If you power down and power back up, the DHCP server will reassign the IP address, which may or may not be the same address it assigned before. To prevent the possibility of the IP address changing at power up, you can change the DHCP address to a static IP address (complete all of the NetLinx system setup instructions first and then see page 130).

Determining the Master's IP Address via Zeroconf in NetLinx Studio

Zero configuration (or zeroconf) technology provides a general method to discover services on a local area network. In essence, it allows you to set up a network without any configuration. NetLinx Studio version 3.0 (or higher) features a "Zero-Config" tab in the Workspace window. This tab provides zeroconf networking functionality within NetLinx Studio.

The Enova DGX Switcher features a built-in zeroconf networking client that allows NetLinx Studio to determine the unit's DHCP IP address assigned by the network. This address can then be used to open the WebConsole interface.

To determine the IP address of the integrated Master by accessing zeroconf:

- 1. Open NetLinx Studio (v3.0 or higher) on the PC. NetLinx startup takes approximately 3 minutes.
- 2. In NetLinx Studio, left-click the Zero-Config tab on the Workspace Bar to open the tab.



Tip: Right-click anywhere in the Zero-Config space to open the context menu and select Refresh Zero-Config List to generate an initial listing of all zeroconf devices that have been detected.

-IP address for WebConsole interface

Zero-Config tab

Note: Refer to the NetLinx Studio online help for details on using zeroconf.

FIG. 26 NetLinx Studio showing the Zero-Config tab and the IP address for a WebConsole interface

Note: If you are not using NetLinx Studio and/or are using a third-party controller, contact your Network Administrator for the IP address.

To change the settings to communicate via the LAN 100/1000 port:

1. From the Settings menu, select Master Communication Settings. The Master Communication Settings dialog box opens.



- 2. From the Available System(s) list on the left, select the system.
- **3.** Click Communications Settings.

The Communication Settings dialog box opens.

Contactor	100	V Hans	1 Tarres	
Contraction from	on	1		-
C Instea Made	10	-	-	Depr
Lang Country	-	-		
Come Party	(David	-	Vertice	
Sector.	and.	-	-	
1963.005				
746	1944			
the fact	1			
Man Comp	-	1		

- 4. Under Platform Selection, check to be sure NetLinx Master is selected (default).
- 5. Under Transport Connection Option, select TCP/IP.

A List of Addresses section opens at the bottom of the dialog box. The list contains a series of previously entered IP Addresses/URLs and their associated names, all of which are stored within NetLinx Studio and are user-editable).



6. Click New.

The New TCP/IP Setting dialog box opens.



- 7. Enter the TCP/IP address and an associated description for the connection and verify port number.
 - Verify that the Automatically Ping . . . option is selected to make sure the Master is initially responding online before establishing full communication.
 - If authentication is required for connecting to the Master at this address, enter a previously configured user name and password (with sufficient rights).
- 8. Click OK to close and return to previous dialog box.
- 9. Select the new entry within the List of Addresses section.
- **10.** Click Select to make the new entry the currently used IP Address communication parameter.
- 11. Click OK to save the newly entered information and close the dialog box.
- **12.** In the Master Communication Settings dialog box, click OK to begin the communication process to the Master (and close the dialog box).
 - If you are currently connected to the Master, a popup asks whether you would want to stop communication to the Master and apply the new settings.
 - Click Yes to interrupt the current communication from the Master and apply the new settings.
- **13.** Click the OnLine Tree tab in the Workspace window to view the devices on the system. The default System value is one (1).
- **14.** Right-click the associated System number and select Refresh System OnLine Tree. This establishes a new connection to the specified system and populates the list with devices on that system. The communication method is then highlighted in green at the bottom of the NetLinx Studio window.

Troubleshooting the Connection

If the connection fails to establish, a Connection Failed dialog box appears.

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- Try selecting a different IP Address.
- Click Retry to reconnect using the same communication parameters.
- Click Change to alter your communication parameters and repeat the steps above.

Important: The PC must be on the same subnet (e.g., 192.168.X.X) as the enclosure for the following procedure.

To test the connection / open the WebConsole interface:

1. Right-click on the IP address for the Enova DGX Switcher.



2. From the context sensitive menu, select Launch Web Control Page via Default Browser.

Tip: To access the WebConsole interface after initial setup, simply type the IP address In the address bar of the browser and press Enter.

If the WebConsole interface does not open, see the "NetLinx WebConsole Troubleshooting" below.

WebConsole Related Topics

- The "NetLinx Integrated Control" chapter covers information on settings for using DHCP and static IP address for the WebConsole (see page 127).
- The "Enova DGX WebConsole Interface" chapter contains information for using the XBar Controller, a graphic interface control panel with crosspoints for executing and disconnecting switches (see page 133).
- The "Firmware Upgrade & Info for Network Admin" chapter covers the topics of upgrading the firmware, embedding the XBar applet, and changing the proxy setting (see page 141).
- Complete information for the integrated NetLinx Master (NI-3100 Class Controller) is documented in the *WebConsole & Programming Guide NetLinx Integrated Controllers* at **www.amx.com**.

NetLinx WebConsole Troubleshooting

Check the following:

- □ All power, signal, and link connections on all of the equipment.
- LED indicators for the LAN 100/1000 connector on the rear of the Enova DGX Switcher.
- □ If the LED indicators are not illuminated, check the cable type to make sure it meets cable requirements (see page 39).
- □ Ping the system, i.e., at the DOS prompt enter: ping XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX (where XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX is the WebConsole interface IP address).

Try the following:

- □ Try connecting to the WebConsole interface again.
- □ If the WebConsole interface still does not open, you may need to add an exception in the Proxy Setting dialog box (see page 145).

If problems persist, contact technical support (see page 58).

Executing a Test Switch

For new system installations, we recommend executing a test switch to verify the system is working correctly before attaching *all* inputs and outputs. *You must first disconnect the factory default switch of Input 1 routed to all outputs on Virtual Matrix 1 (Level 1).*

You can disconnect the factory default switch and execute a test switch from one (or more) of the following:

- NetLinx Central Control Processor (Master)
- XBar Controller (NetLinx WebConsole via TCP/IP)
- Control Panel
- BCS (Basic Control Structure) commands over an external controller
- An external third-party controller (see product directions)

Before executing the test switch:

- Disconnect the factory default switch and make sure the first two source devices and the first two destination devices are connected to the input and output connectors (for specific board connector information and specifications, see the board chapter in this manual).
- Any applicable DGX DXLink Modules / Wallplates or DGX Fiber Modules must also be installed (see the product's documentation).
- Power must be applied to the enclosure and then to the source and destination devices.

When executing a test switch, we suggest routing Input (source) 1 to Output (destination) 2 on the default virtual matrix of VM 0, unless you know the system was ordered with custom VMs.

After the test switch has executed successfully:

- □ If necessary, adjust the image with the DGX Configuration Software (used for configuring HDMI and DVI Boards; see page 153) that is provided on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* (also available at **www.amx.com**).
- Disconnect the test switch before finishing the installation.

HDMI and DVI Boards – Additional Information

Before executing a test switch with HDMI and DVI Boards, we recommend reading the applicable board chapter which covers HDCP issues and any EDID changes that may be needed (see the "Enova DGX HDMI Boards" chapter on page 59 and the "Enova DGX DVI Boards" chapter on page 69).

NetLinx Central Control Processor (Master)

For disconnecting and executing switches using the NetLinx Central Control Processor, see the chapter on NetLinx Programming on page 147.

XBar Controller (NetLinx WebConsole via TCP/IP)

For directions on disconnecting and executing switches using the XBar Controller, see page 140.

Control Panel

For directions on disconnecting and executing switches using the front Control Panel, see page 111.

BCS Commands

To enter BCS commands, the system needs to be attached to a serial control device (see page 50) and running a terminal emulation program (e.g., the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software; see page 169). The settings on the PC serial communication software and the enclosure *must* correspond to each other (for setting information, see page 51).

Note: BCS tunneling over TCP/IP is also supported (see page 55).

When using a terminal emulation program, command characters are entered and sent to the enclosure's CPU. The command characters appear on the screen when the enclosure responds. When all of the entered characters appear, the command has been successfully executed.

Levels in BCS commands are the equivalent of virtual matrices for switching purposes. Level 0 (VM 0) is the default level (virtual matrix).

To disconnect the factory default switch using a BCS command:

1. Enter the following BCS command line:

DL0I1T When the "T" appears, the factory default switch of Input 1 to all outputs on Level 0 is disconnected.

To execute the test switch using a BCS command:

1. Enter the following BCS command line: CL0I102T

When the "T" appears, the test switch command routes Input 1 to Output 2 on Level 0.

If any other character(s) appear, the command was not successful. In that case, check to see if the source signal is present (visible and/or audible) at the destination.

To disconnect the test switch using a BCS command:

 Enter the following BCS command line: DL0I102T When the "T" appears, the test switch is disconnected.

For a complete list of BCS commands and responses, see the *Instruction Manual – BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

Test Switch Troubleshooting

Note: Normally the Enova DGX Switcher switches non-encrypted content without problems when the display is non-HDCP compliant. Be aware that when non-encrypted content is being played on a Blu-Ray player, most players pass the content on as though it was encrypted. Therefore, when a Blu-Ray player sends originally non-encrypted content as encrypted content to an Enova and the signal is switched to an output board (e.g., SC Optical Board) or a device that does not support HDCP, the content will not display and the image will be red.

If the display is solid red:

If an HDCP protected source device is switched from an HDMI, DVI, or DXLink Board to an SC Optical Board, the encrypted video will be blocked on the destination device and replaced with a solid red screen due to an HDCP authentication failure.

If the test switch did not execute correctly:

- □ Check the Power indicator on the front of the enclosure.
 - If it is not illuminated, check the power cords at the enclosure and at the power source.
- Verify the status of the test switch. If status returns as routed correctly, the system established a connection between the specified input and output connectors within the enclosure.
 - **Control panel:** use the Control Dial to scroll to Status. Press the Select Key. Press Output Key 2 (turns white). If Input Key 1 turns white, the test switch is routed.
 - BCS commands: enter "SL002T". If "SL002T(1)" appears, the test switch is routed.
- □ Check all link and signal connections on the rear of the enclosure(s) to make sure everything is physically set up correctly.
- □ If applicable check connections on DGX Fiber Modules (also see "Troubleshooting" in the Instruction Manual – DGX Transmitters & Receivers) and DXLink Modules/Wallplates (also see "Troubleshooting" in the Instruction Manual – DXLinkTM Twisted Pair Transmitters/ Receiver).
- Check all power switches on the source and destination devices to make sure all are turned on.
- Depending on the board type:
 - Isolate source/destination equipment and cable problems by patching around the router using a cable adapter to check the overall signal path.



FIG. 27 DVI and SC fiber cable adapters

- Check the SC fiber connectors to make sure they are fully inserted into the DGX Fiber Module and that no dust or debris is on the exposed fiber ends of the cable or on the module.
- Check the documentation for the DGX Fiber Modules to be sure they are installed correctly. Isolate source and destination devices using the modules to bypass the enclosure to check the fiber cable and overall signal path.
- Check the documentation for the DXLinkTM Transmitters and Receivers to be sure they are installed correctly. Isolate source and destination devices using the modules to bypass the enclosure to check the twisted pair cable and overall signal path.
- Attempt the switch again.

If the switch still does not work, contact technical support (see page 58).

Attaching an External Serial Controller

Enova DGX Switchers can be controlled externally by attaching a serial control device that uses one of the communication protocols listed below:

- BCS (Serial) ASCII sent over a null modem serial cable via the serial Control port
- BCS (USB) ASCII sent over a USB cable via the USB (mini-B) Control port
- XNNet AMX AutoPatch protocol via the serial port

Note: The two Control ports provide direct serial control of matrix switcher processing (they do not work on the same layer of control as the integrated Master, which uses the LAN 100/1000 and Program ports). For information on establishing TCP/IP control from the integrated NetLinx Central Control Processor to a LAN, see page 37.

External Serial Control Options

Although the main method of control for the Enova DGX Switcher is the integrated NetLinx Central Control Processor (for WebConsole/XBar Controller interface information, see page 133; for ICSP commands, see page 147), several external serial control methods are also available.

The communication protocols listed at the top of this page are used for these control options:

XNNet Protocol

Advanced programmers who want to design their own control programs can use AMX AutoPatch XNNet protocol. The *AMX AutoPatch CD* includes the XNNet Communication Library, an interface library that supports C, Java, and Visual Basic with examples of the XNNet protocol in use.

BCS Control

AMX AutoPatch has developed a command language, BCS (Basic Control Structure), for executing control operations and for diagnostic purposes. BCS commands are issued via a terminal emulation program (e.g., the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software; see page 169). For information on BCS commands, see the *Instruction Manual – BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

Third-Party Controllers

Third-party controllers connect to the serial port (DB-9) or USB (mini-B) port on the CPU. Third-party control is also possible via a BCS Tunnel over TCP/IP (see page 55). If using a third-party controller, see the controller documentation for setup and operating instructions.

Connecting Serial Controllers

An external serial controller is any device that can send and receive ASCII code over an RS-232 (null modem) serial cable attached to the serial port (DB-9) on the enclosure's CPU. PCs are common serial controllers. Once a PC is attached to the Enova DGX Switcher, the system can be controlled by entering BCS commands into a terminal emulation program (e.g., the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software; see page 169). The USB port can also be used for connecting serial controllers by creating a virtual COM port; see page 52.

PC Requirements for BCS

- UWindows 7 or Windows XP Professional
- Terminal emulation program
- □ Serial port or USB port

Serial Connection via Control (DB-9) Port

RS-232 Pin Diagram

A serial connection via the Control port requires a null modem cable that matches the pin diagram in FIG. 28 for RS-232 without hardware flow control. Enova DGX Switchers require pins 2, 3, and 5 only.



FIG. 28 RS-232 null modem cable pin diagram, no hardware flow control

Serial Port Settings

To establish external serial control via the Control (DB-9 serial) port:

1. Plug one end of the null modem serial cable into the Control port on the enclosure.



FIG. 29 Null modem serial cable connected to Control port

- 2. Plug the other end of the serial cable into the serial port on the serial controller.
- **3.** If not already on, apply power first to the Enova DGX Switcher and then to the source and destination devices (see "Applying Power and Startup" on page 33).



Caution: To avoid system damage, follow the power-up sequence on page 34. We recommend attaching all power cords to a surge protector and/or AC line conditioner.

- 4. Setup and run the desired method of control:
 - AMX Controller For control programming information, see the instruction manual for the specific interface.
 - Terminal emulation* Open the program, set the COM port settings to match the default ones in the "Enova DGX Serial Port Settings" table to the right.
- **5.** Execute a test switch to make sure the system is working properly (see page 47).

Enova DGX Serial Port Settings				
Baud Rate	9600			
Data Bits	8			
Parity	None			
Stop Bits	1			
Flow Control	None			

* For terminal emulation via the serial port, use the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software (see page 169) or another terminal emulation program.

Serial Communication Settings

If you are controlling the system with a serial controller, use serial communication software and make sure the baud rate is set correctly for the system. The recommended settings (default settings) for serial communication with Enova DGX Switchers are listed in the table on the previous page.

Enova DGX Switchers support baud rates of 9600 (default), 19200, 38400, and 57600. The settings on the PC serial communication software and the enclosure *must* correspond to each other. If a change is required to make them match, changing the PC's settings is preferable. If you decide to change the enclosure's settings instead, use XNConnect configuration software (see the Help file).

Serial Connection via Control (USB) Port

Controlling an Enova DGX Switcher using a connection through the USB Control port requires the creation of a virtual COM port. Once created, the virtual COM port is used as if it were a standard serial connection and can connect to a control application or to a terminal emulation program for BCS control. For terminal emulation, use the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software (see page 169) or another terminal emulation program.

Important: You must have adequate rights to install USB device drivers to the PC. Check with your System Administrator to be sure you have the required access.

If you are establishing a new connection, complete all of the steps in the instructions starting below. Or

If you are reconnecting after previously establishing a USB connection, complete Steps 1 and 2 and then set up and run the desired software program or utility.

The following steps apply if you use the *AMX AutoPatch CD* that shipped with the system. Using the default selections, the Found New Hardware Wizard searches and installs the software.

Note: If for any reason the Wizard does not automatically install the software, APBridge.inf is located on the "AMX AutoPatch CD" (<CDDrive>:\Configuration\APConfig\USB) and at **www.amx.com** (enter APBridge.inf in the Search AMX.com field in the upper right-hand corner of the site).

To attach a PC to the USB (mini-B) port and establish a virtual COM port:

- **1.** Apply power to the enclosure (see page 33).
- 2. Connect the enclosure to a PC running Windows with USB cable (FIG. 30).



FIG. 30 USB cable connected to USB port on Enova DGX 32 and to PC

- **3.** If establishing a new connection, complete the remaining steps.
 - Or

If reconnecting after previously establishing a USB connection, go to Step 5 of the procedure for identifying the virtual COM port on page 54 to run the desired software.

Note: The following dialog boxes appear only during the initial USB connection. Once the virtual COM port has been assigned to the enclosure, the dialog boxes do not appear again. If they do appear, you have connected the USB plug to a different COM port than the initial one – either switch to the initial COM port or establish a virtual COM port for the new port on the PC.

The Found New Hardware notice window appears briefly. The Hardware Wizard will refer to the virtual COM port used by the Enova DGX Switcher as an "AutoPatch USB Bridge" or "USB Device."



The Found New Hardware Wizard opens with the default selected to automatically install the software. (The dialog boxes may differ slightly from those shown, depending on the operating system for the PC.)



- 4. Insert the AMX AutoPatch CD into the PC's CD holder.
- 5. Click Next.
- 6. Click Finish when prompted to close the wizard.



Identifying the Virtual COM Port

You *must* identify the virtual COM port assigned to the USB connector to enable communication between the control PC and an Enova DGX Switcher.

The enclosure *must* be connected to the PC via the USB port and powered up before you start the following procedure, so the PC can display the port number.

To identify the virtual COM port:

- Open the Windows Device Manager (Start/Settings/Control Panel/System/System Properties/ Hardware tab/Device Manager) and expand Ports by clicking on the "+". (The Device Manager may have a different location depending on the operating system and theme selected.)
- 2. If the port specifies the COM number, go to Step 4. If the port does not specify the COM number, right-click AutoPatch USB Bridge and select Properties and complete all remaining steps.



- 3. In the AutoPatch USB Bridge Properties dialog box, select the General tab.
- **4.** *Make note of the COM port assigned to the AutoPatch USB Bridge.* This port number *must* be entered whenever you are setting a connection in a software program or terminal emulation program. The PC will always associate a specific USB connector with the assigned virtual COM port. The PC will not recognize the Enova DGX Switcher if you disconnect and reconnect using a different COM port on the PC. However, it will attempt to install a new virtual COM port using the new port. If completed, the new port will be assigned a different COM number.



- 5. Set up and run the desired application:
 - **AMX Controller** For control programming information, see the instruction manual for the specific interface.
 - **Terminal Emulation** Open the program (see "Terminal Emulation" below). Check to be sure the COM port is set for the port determined in the previous steps. Set the settings to match the default ones: baud rate 9600, data bits 8, parity 1, stop bits none, and flow control 1.
- 6. Execute a test switch to make sure the Enova DGX Switcher is working properly (see page 47).

Important: If power is cycled on the enclosure, the USB connection <u>must</u> be reestablished. (1) Remove the USB cable, (2) close the software application in use, (3) reconnect the USB cable <u>to the same USB connector used previously</u>, and (4) reopen the communication software.

Terminal Emulation

For terminal emulation, use the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software – see page 169 or another terminal emulation program.

When power is applied to the enclosure, the terminal will display a one-line splash screen followed by "Ready." The system is ready to disconnect the factory default switch and to execute a test switch (see page 47).

If you need to access advanced system information, see "Appendix D – Programmer's Interface for System Diagnostics" on page 195.

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FIG. 31 Power-up splash screen in Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software

Note: AMX reserves the right to add to the contents of the splash screen at any time, without notice.

BCS (Basic Control Structure) Tunneling Access Support

The following instructions are for establishing a terminal emulation program connection for tunneling BCS commands via TCP/IP over the LAN 100/1000 port. For terminal emulation, use the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software (see page 153) or the terminal emulation program of your choice.

Important: When the BCS tunnel is active, Device ports 2, 3, and 4 in NetLinx Studio (see page 147) are not accessible; upgrades cannot be done; and the XBar Controller will not operate.

To access a BCS tunnel over TCP/IP:

- 1. Insert one end of a crossover cable or a straight-through patch RJ-45 cable into a network card on a PC.
- **2.** Attach the other end of the RJ-45 cable to the LAN 100/1000 port on the right rear of the enclosure. The maximum length for the cable is 100 feet (30.5 meters).
- **3.** Open the terminal emulation program.
- 4. When prompted for an IP address, enter the Enova DGX Switcher's IP address.

- 5. When prompted for a port number,* enter 15000 (default).
- 6. Enter the BCS command.**

* To change the port number from the WebConsole, see page 56.

** For information on BCS commands, see the *Instruction Manual – BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

Changing the BCS Tunnel Port Number

Important: Before you can change the BCS tunnel port number, you must log in to the device.

To change the BCS tunnel port number:

- 1. In the WebConsole, select the desired Enova DGX Switcher from the Device drop-down menu in the upper right.
- 2. From the IP Control tab's drop-down menu, select Configuration.

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- 3. In the BCS Tunnel Port Number field, enter the number.
- 4. Click Accept.

CPU Backup with Micro SD Memory Card

The system ships with a Micro SD memory card installed in the card slot on the CPU (page 57).

Important: We recommend keeping the card inserted when the system is running for normal operation. Use only the card that was installed at the factory before shipment, unless directed by technical support to install a different one.

The Micro SD memory card serves three purposes. It can be used for:

- Backing up CPU settings (when replacing the CPU, duplicating a system, etc.)
- Refreshing the revocation list (automatically authenticates the System Renewability Message -SRM- list) whenever required
- Updating the firmware*

These cards are considered "removable memory." Firmware updates are periodic and necessary for bug fixes and feature additions.

* Having a physical means to update the firmware is a plus, as a Micro SD memory card can be shipped into strict security installations.

Micro SD Memory Card Removal

If you need to remove the SD card, note that although it is made to "push in to release," a small screwdriver and/or tweezers may be helpful in removing/inserting the card from/into the slot. If you have difficulty removing the card, remove the CPU faceplate for easier access (disconnect cables from the CPU first and then unscrew the two screws on the left and right edges of the faceplate).



FIG. 32 Micro SD memory card and slot for card on CPU with directional outline

Micro SD Memory Card Insertion

To insert the SD card, position it according to the outline above the slot and insert the narrow end into the slot. SD cards are only made to fit one way - do *not* attempt to force the card as damage to the receptacle may result.

Backing Up and Restoring CPU Settings

The Micro SD memory card can be used to back up and restore settings data on the CPU.

Items that are backed up include:

- Local presets
- Global presets
- Namespaces
- Virtual matrix table

BCS commands for Backup Operations

Use the following BCS (Basic Control Structure) commands to back up system settings to the SD card and restore system settings from the SD card.

- Back up command: ~sysb!
- Restore command: ~sysr!

The instructions on the following page assume that the enclosure is already powered and the PC has terminal emulation software installed. For terminal emulation, use the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software (see page 169) or another terminal emulation program.

Note: For additional information on establishing serial communication between the enclosure and a PC, see page 50.

To back up or restore CPU settings using an SD card:

- 1. Check to be sure the SD card is in the card slot.
- 2. Plug one end of a null modem serial cable into the Control port (DB-9) on the enclosure.
- 3. Plug the other end of the serial cable into the serial port on the PC.
- 4. Open DGX Configuration Software (or another terminal emulation program).
- **5.** Select the Terminal tab.



FIG. 33 Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software

- 6. Set the COM port and baud rate (the default baud rate for the Enova DGX is 9600).
- 7. Click Connect.*
- 8. Enter ~sysb! (back up settings). Or

Enter ~sysr! (restore settings).

- 9. Click Send.
- * When done in the Terminal view, be sure to click the Disconnect button.

Technical Support

If this manual has not satisfactorily answered your questions regarding the Enova DGX Switcher or the system is not operating as expected, please contact your AMX representative or technical support. Have the serial numbers for your system and any applicable AMX accessory devices ready (the numbers are normally located on the rear of the enclosure or accessory devices).

We recommend recording your system's serial numbers in an easily accessible location.

AMX Contact Information

- 3000 Research Drive, Richardson, TX 75082
- 800.222.0193
- 469.624.8000
- Fax 469.624.7153
- Technical Support 800.932.6993
- www.amx.com

Enova DGX HDMI Boards

Applicability Notice

This chapter pertains to the Enova DGX HDMI Input Board and the HDMI Output Board.

- FG1058-540 Input board
- FG1058-550 Output board



FIG. 34 Enova DGX HDMI Input and Output Boards (Enova DGX 32 shown)

Enova DGX 16

Enova DGX 16 enclosures are built to hold up to eight DGX HDMI Boards with four inputs or outputs per board. Each enclosure holds a maximum of four input and four output boards, accommodating connector configurations up to a maximum of 16x16, as well as subsets (e.g., 16x8 or 4x12).

Enova DGX 32

Enova DGX 32 enclosures are built to hold up to sixteen DGX HDMI Boards with four inputs or outputs per board. Each enclosure holds a maximum of eight input and eight output boards, accommodating connector configurations up to a maximum of 32x32, as well as subsets in increments of four (e.g., 12x20 or 24x8).

Signal Routing

DGX HDMI Input Boards route signals to DGX HDMI Output Boards or to any other type of Enova DGX Output Boards. HDMI Output Boards can also accept signals from all of the other types of Enova DGX Boards. When routing signals between different board types, the Enova DGX Switcher automatically converts the signal format to match the output board.

Whenever HDMI Input Boards are used with DGX SC Optical Output Boards, the signals are converted to fiber and then converted by a DGX Receiver before being sent to the destination. Note that DGX SC Optical boards can be used for non-HDCP signals but do not support HDCP; when HDCP protected video signals are routed to them, the display provides a solid red image to indicate the authentication process failed.

The HDMI connectors are designed to route high-resolution HDMI or DVI signals with or without HDCP (High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection). DVI signals must be single link DVI-D and require the use of a cable adapter. Destinations with DVI-I or single-link DVI-D connectors are supported.

Note: HDMI Boards can also work in conjunction with Audio Insert/Extract Boards (see page 97).

Important: Signals through HDMI Boards in the Enova DGX Switcher normally produce a quality image and provide support for the most flexible audio settings because the connectors are preloaded with the most common EDID settings to ensure they will work with the source devices. In addition to common EDIDs on the inputs, SmartScale on every output also greatly helps ensure that all signals are satisfactory. Therefore, adjustments are not necessary unless the installation has special resolution or EDID requirements. If changes to EDID settings or scaling parameters are needed, use DGX Configuration Software (see page 153) which is included on the "AMX AutoPatch CD" or can be found at www.amx.com.

InstaGate Pro[®] and SmartScale[®]

- HDMI Boards are HDCP 1.4 compatible and feature InstaGate Pro Technology* for low-latency switching of HDCP protected content and support computer video up to 1920x1200 and HDTV up to 1080p. The HDMI boards also support embedded audio, both linear PCM (stereo audio) and non-linear PCM (Dolby Digital, DTS, Dolby TrueHD, etc.).
- If an HDCP protected signal is switched from an HDMI Input Board to an output board which does not support HDCP (e.g., the DGX SC Optical Output Board), the system will not allow the switch and will provide a solid red image to that output to indicate the authentication process failed.
- HDMI Boards meet HDCP Standards. For complete information on HDCP functionality for HDMI boards, see "HDCP Support on Enova DGX Switchers" on page 64.
- HDMI Boards provide EDID emulation support with plug-and-play information provided by the Enova DGX Switcher.
- HDMI Output Boards feature SmartScale Technology which automatically responds to the display's declared EDID information and scales the video to the best resolution and video parameters for that display without manual setup (see page 155).

* InstaGate Pro[®] Technology eliminates HDCP latency and interruptions on all displays in a system. (These conditions are typically experienced when HDCP authenticates HDMI source and destination devices.) With InstaGate Pro Technology, when a source requires HDCP encrypted content, the inputs and compliant downstream devices are automatically authenticated – it just works.

Enova DGX HDMI Boards – Specifications

Applies to input board FG1058-540 and output board FG1058-550.

Specifications	
Compatible Formats	HDMI, HDCP, DVI
Signal Type Support	 HDMI DVI-D (single link with HDMI cable adapter) DisplayPort ++ (Input only, with HDMI cable adapter)
Data Rate (max.)	4.95 Gbps / 6.75 Gbps
	 6.75 Gbps is only supported when the HDMI Output Scaler is in Bypass mode and format is 1080p60 or less.
Pixel Clock (max.)	165 MHz / 225 MHz
	 225 MHz is only supported when the HDMI Output Scaler is in Bypass mode and format is 1080p60 or less.
Progressive Resolution Support	480p up to 1920x1200 @ 60 Hz
Input Interlaced Resolution Support	480i, 576i, 1080i
Input Equalization	Yes, adaptive up to 100 ft. (30 m) at 225 MHz
	Cable distance support dependent on cable type and signal format.
Input Re-clocking (CDR)	Yes
Output Re-clocking	Yes
Output Scaling	SmartScale, Manual Configuration, Bypass
SmartScale Output Resolution Support	All resolutions between 480p and 1920x1200 @ 60 Hz via automatic SmartScale query of the display's declared EDID Detailed Timing Definition
Deep Color Support	24-bit, 30-bit, 36-bit
	 30-bit and 36-bit are only supported when the HDMI Output Scaler is in Bypass mode and format is 1080p60 or less.
Color Space Support	RGB 4:4:4
	YCbCr 4:4:4 and 4:2:2
	 Input signal support for YCbCr 4:4:4 and 4:2:2, output color-space is converted to RGB 4:4:4.
3D Format Support	Yes (HDMI primary formats) – When used with DXLink Output Boards and RX SCaler is in Bypass mode.
	Frame Packing 1080p up to 24 Hz
	Frame Packing 720p up to 50/60 Hz
	Frame Packing 1080i up to 50/60 Hz
	• Top-Bottom 720p up to 50/60 Hz
	Side-by-Side Half 1080p up to 50/60 Hz
	Side-by-side Half 720p up to 50/60 Hz
Audio Format Support	Dolby TrueHD, Dolby Digital, DTS-HD Master Audio, DTS, 2 CH L-PCM, 6 CH L-PCM, 8 CH L-PCM
	 Dolby Digital and DTS support up to 48 kHz, 5.1 channels.
Audio Resolution	16 bit to 24 bit
Audio Sample Rate	32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz, 96 kHz, 192 kHz
Local Audio Support	Yes, insertion and/or extraction of 2 CH L-PCM selectable by channel
DDC/EDID Support	EDID provided by Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher
	EDID is user re-programmable

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Specifications (continued)		
HDCP Support	Yes, full matrix HDCP support (includes any input to any or all outputs)	
	Key Management System	
	 AMX HDCP InstaGate Pro[™] Technology 	
	Key support up to 16 devices per output, independent of source device	
CEC Support	None	
Input Voltage (nominal)	1.0 Vpp differential	
Output Voltage (nominal)	1.0 Vpp differential	
Output Rise Time / Fall Time	100 ps min. to 200 ps max.(20% to 80%)	
	0.16 UI min. to 0.33 UI max. (@ 1.65 Gbps, 20% to 80%)	
Output +5 V DDC Pin	50 mA max. per output port	
Input Propagation Delay	2 µs	
Output Propagation Delay	24 ms for progressive, 48 ms for interlaced, 5 μ s when in Bypass mode	
HDMI Audio Synchronization	Progressive and Interlaced Video Formats @ 60 Hz frame rate: Audio is actively delayed to match video within 8 ms leading or lagging	
	Note: Interlaced and progressive video supported into the HDMI Input Board, progressive only supported out of the HDMI Output Board unless in non-scaling Bypass mode.	
Connectors	4 HDMI Type A female ports	

EDID Resolutions Supported through Local DDC

Standard and established timings are given in the tables following along with detailed timing blocks.

Important: The EDID can be re-programmed to support additional resolutions through the local DDC using the EDID programming functionality in the DGX Configuration Software (see page 162).

Standard Timings (Default Shipping EDID*)

Resolution	Refresh Rate Max.
1920x1080**	60 Hz
1920x1200	60 Hz
1680x1050	60 Hz
1600x1200	60 Hz
1600x900	60 Hz
1400x1050	60 Hz
1440x900	60 Hz
1360x765	60 Hz
1280x1024	60 Hz
1280x900	60 Hz
1280x800	60 Hz
1280x720	60 Hz

* The default EDID can be overwritten to include a broad range of features, including HDMI mode, based on installation requirements.

** This is the preferred timing identified in the EDID.

Established Timings

Resolution	Refresh Rate
1280x1024	75 Hz
1152x870	75 Hz
1024x768	60 Hz, 70 Hz, 75 Hz, 87 Hz
832x624	75 Hz
800x600	56 HZ, 60 Hz, 72 Hz, 75 Hz
720x400	70 Hz, 88 Hz
640x480	60 Hz, 67 Hz, 72 Hz, 75 Hz

AMX reserves the right to modify its products and their specifications without notice.

Tip: If you are experiencing audio problems, it may be because you are trying to pass Dolby or DTS or high PCM frequency rates and the destination device does not support them. If you are experiencing video problems, it may be because you are trying to pass a video format that the destination device does not support. In either of these cases, re-programming the EDID may help resolve the problem.

VIC #	Resolution	Refresh Rate and Aspect Ratio
VIC = 1	640x480p	59.94/60 Hz 4:3
VIC = 2	720x480p	59.94/60 Hz 4:3
VIC = 3	720x480p	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 4	1280x720p	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 5	1920x1080i	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 6	720(1440)x480i	59.94/60 Hz 4:3
VIC = 7	720(1440)x480i	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 14	1440x480p	59.94/60 Hz 4:3
VIC = 15	1440x480p	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 16	Native 1920x1080p	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 17	720x576p	50 Hz 4:3
VIC = 18	720x576p	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 19	1280x720p	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 20	1920x1080i	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 21	720(1440)x576i	50 Hz 4:3
VIC = 22	720(1440)x576i	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 29	1440x576p	50 Hz 4:3
VIC = 30	1440x576p	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 31	1920x1080p	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 32	1920x1080p	23.97/24 Hz 16:9
VIC = 33	1920x1080p	25 Hz 16:9
VIC = 34	1920x1080p	29.97/30 Hz 16:9
VIC = 39	1920x1080i	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 41	1280x720p	100 Hz 16:9
VIC = 42	720x576p	100 Hz 4:3
VIC = 43	720x576p	100 Hz 16:9
VIC = 44	720(1440)x576i	100 Hz 4:3
VIC = 45	720(1440)x576i	100 Hz 16:9
VIC = 47	1280x720p	119.88/120 Hz 16:9
VIC = 48	720x480p	119.88/120 Hz 4:3
VIC = 49	720x480p	119.88/120 Hz 16:9

CEA Video Information Code (VIC) Formats

Audio Data Block

Channels	Sampling Frequency
Basic Audio: 2 Channel L-PCM 32, 44.1, 48 kHz	Sampling frequency at 16, 20, or 24 bits per sample

Important: For information on troubleshooting audio, including a table on "Audio Format Support on Enova DGX Boards," see page 67.

AMX reserves the right to modify its products and their specifications without notice.

Attaching Cables

Viewed from the rear of the enclosure, the input boards (for attaching sources) are on the left, and the output boards (for attaching destinations) are on the right.

Enova DGX 16 – Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located between the input and output boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from left to right on each board from the top board to the bottom board; outputs start over at 1 and follow the same pattern.

Enova DGX 32 – Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located on the numbering plate (metal strip) directly above the boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from top to bottom on each board from the left board to right board; outputs start over at 1 and follow the same pattern.

Note: The HDMI connector has a center screw for locking capability.

To connect HDMI connectors:

- 1. Attach HDMI connectors to HDMI receptacles.

 $FIG.\,35\,$ Attach HDMI connectors to HDMI receptacles

Important: If a device with an EDID (e.g., a video processor) is installed between the output and destination monitor, the scaler override function will read the EDID for that device. If this happens, we suggest you try either reading the EDID directly from the destination device and applying it to the output as a fixed override scaler setting (see page 167) or setting a custom resolution (see page 161).

Executing a Test Switch for an HDMI Board

We recommend becoming familiar with how HDMI switching works in an Enova DGX Switcher by reading the rest of this chapter before executing a test switch. We also recommend executing a test switch to verify the system is working correctly and then disconnecting the test switch before finishing the installation. For information on executing test switches, see page 47.

HDCP Support on Enova DGX Switchers

The Enova DGX HDMI Boards provide true matrix switching for complete distribution of high resolution digital video and embedded audio from the sources to the destinations (audio can also be inserted or extracted with the use of Audio Insert/Extract Boards; see page 97). Full HDMI support allows 1080p protected entertainment content to be switched freely, while its high resolution capabilities (1920x1200) provide the advantage of being able to use this solution to switch high resolution computer images. As a result, a single system can handle a combination of computer images and protected content.

Note: This section also applies to DGX DVI Boards and DGX DXLink Boards.

Enova DGX Switchers meet the HDCP Standard, which was established to prevent the unauthorized transfer of protected audiovisual content between devices. In addition, these switchers support InstaGate Pro, which was developed to address the special concerns that arise when protected content needs to be distributed.

The Enova DGX HDMI Boards route HDCP (content-protected) and non-HDCP digital audiovisual signals. If HDCP is applied, the transmitted video is encrypted. The HDMI input connectors act as HDCP receivers (RXs) for upstream devices, and the output connectors act as HDCP transmitters (TXs) for downstream devices.

If the content is protected (HDCP), the Enova DGX Switcher functions as an InstaGate Pro sink and through the HDMI (or DVI) output connectors handles verification of the connected individual downstream sinks / destination devices (and downstream repeaters in the path if applicable). This means that the source device only needs to authenticate the HDMI input. Once the authentication is complete, the encrypted content begins to display on the destinations.

Note: Enova DGX Boards do not support CEC.

HDMI System Conditions

Normally, all devices used in an HDMI system are HDCP compliant. Each HDCP capable device has a unique set of confidential keys (used to encrypt and decrypt the data).

- Normally HDCP is used only when the source content is copyright protected.* Unprotected content is not affected and may be routed as desired.
- Each HDMI input can be routed to any number of outputs. The HDMI input (using InstaGate Pro Technology) is the only sink that the source device is required to verify (unless any repeaters are installed between the source device and the Enova DGX Switcher).
- Each HDMI output goes through a verification process with its connected sink(s).** Each HDMI output can support a maximum of 16 devices (repeaters and destination devices) with seven levels, i.e., the number of times the signal goes through a repeater prior to going to the sink. However, if the HDMI output goes into a device which is also utilizing InstaGate Pro, then the process starts all over again and the Enova DGX Switcher only sees the input of that InstaGate Pro device as the one sink that it needs to verify. So even though the number of sinks each HDMI output on the switcher can handle is finite, the number of sinks can be unlimited if using AMX devices that support InstaGate Pro Technology.

* In some cases, source devices will always enforce HDCP even if the content is not protected. In those cases, when the source device sees that its output is connected to the input of the Enova DGX HDMI board (or another HDCP compliant sink), the source device will always enforce and encrypt the HDMI signal that it sends. If the system's equipment includes this type of source device, be aware that DGX HDMI Boards will not be able to route that source device's signal to a non-HDCP compliant display or through an SC Optical Output Board.

** If the connected downstream sink is *not* HDCP compliant, then the HDMI output will *not* send the signal. This does not affect other outputs the source may be routed to. This allows compliant displays to show content from source devices even if the source devices are switched to non-compliant displays. Non-compliant outputs can easily be identified because they display a solid red image to indicate they failed the authentication process.

The content protection process for the point-to-point connection between the upstream transmitter on the source device and an HDMI input connector (which is an RX) on the Enova DGX Switcher through an HDMI output connector (which is a TX) to the destination device includes four steps.

Steps in the Content Protection Process

- 1. The transmitter on the source device uses authentication protocol to verify that the HDMI input is authorized to receive the protected content. (This is true regardless of how many destination devices the source is being routed to.) The content is encrypted and transmitted.
- 2. The Enova DGX Switcher verifies that the display devices are authorized to receive the protected content (this is the part of the process in which renewability of the SRM (System Renewability Message) list is verified; this verification of the display devices occurs inside the switcher). The content is encrypted and transmitted.
- **3.** The source device's transmitter periodically verifies that the HDMI input is still synchronized and capable of decrypting the protected content.
- 4. The Enova DGX Switcher periodically verifies that the display devices are still synced and capable of decrypting the protected content.

Note: If the source does not support HDCP, the display device does not need to support HDCP. The unencrypted content from the source is simply routed through the outputs to the display devices.

Supported Number of Sinks

HDCP Source Device

The number of sinks that the source device supports is not relevant when using Enova DGX Switcher boards that support HDCP because the input connector on the board is the only sink that the source device needs to authenticate.

Enova DGX Switcher

The HDMI outputs in an Enova DGX Switcher each support a maximum of 16 downstream devices (repeaters and/or destination devices).

Unsuccessful Transmission in System

If an Enova DGX Switcher does *not* successfully transmit the protected content to any of the routed sinks, it may indicate one of the following conditions:

- Non-compliant device The sink device is not HDCP compliant or has had its authentication key revoked.*
- HDMI output sink support limit exceeded The output is actively routed to more than 16 downstream devices (display devices and/or repeaters) from a single output connector on an Enova DGX Switcher.

* Key revocation is handled strictly by the Enova DGX Switcher. The source does not take any action with respect to revoked keys.

Important: Keep in mind that a "failure condition" (in which HDCP authentication fails to occur) is verified by the Enova DGX Switcher not the source device and will result in the image being a solid red.

Note: Be aware that even when you are playing un-encrypted content on a Blu-Ray player, most Blu-Ray players play all content as encrypted content. Normally the Enova DGX Switcher switches non-encrypted content without problems if the display is non-HDCP compliant. However, when encrypted content is sent from a Blu-Ray player to the Enova and is switched to an output board (e.g., SC Optical Board) or a device that does not support HDCP, the content will not display and the image will be red.
InstaGate Pro[®] Technology

InstaGate Pro Technology eliminates latency (time required for authentication) in the switcher for HDCP negotiations with the displays in a system. The latency is typically experienced when HDCP authenticates HDMI source and destination devices every time a new switching combination between a source device and display occurs. With InstaGate Pro Technology, when a source requires HDCP encrypted content, the inputs and compliant downstream devices are automatically authenticated – it just works. Key limitations on source devices are also eliminated by allowing them to see only a single sink key from the HDMI Input Board's input connection.

Note: Some destination devices have a longer lag time than others between receiving a signal and displaying that signal. Although InstaGate Pro significantly reduces the latency associated with HDCP authentication, it cannot reduce the inherent lag time of a device as it syncs up to the newly switched video image.

Troubleshooting Audio

Before troubleshooting audio, it helps to understand how the system handles EDID information.

- The source reads and adapts to the pre-loaded EDID on the DGX HDMI input connector.
- The factory default EDID is set to support 2 channel L-PCM audio. This EDID can be modified by using one of the methods described under "Possible Solutions" on page 68.

Audio Format Support on Enova DGX Boards

The following table indicates which audio formats are supported by specific Enova DGX boards.

Audio Format Support on Enova DGX Boards							
Audio Format	HDM Input Boards	HDM Output Boards	DVI Input Boards	DVI Output Boards	DXLink Input and Output Boards	Audio Insert/Extract Expansion Boards (on either the input or the output side)	SC Optical Output Boards
2 Channel L-PCM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
6 Channel L-PCM	•	•	•	•	•		
8 Channel L-PCM	•	•	•	•	•		
Dolby Digital (AC3)	•	•	•	•	•*		
DTS (AC3)	•	●	•	•	•*		
Dolby True HD	•		•		•		
DTS-HD Master	•		•		•		

* Dolby Digital and DTS support up to 48 kHz, 5.1 channels.

Note: DVI Boards must have their EDID changed to support HDMI signals with embedded audio.

Important: Because signals routed through HDMI, DVI, and DXLink Boards in an Enova DGX Switcher feature SmartScale Technology, they normally produce a quality image. If the installation has special resolution or EDID requirements, see page 153.

Audio Problems

If the destination device does not output the audio or if the audio is distorted, it may indicate that the destination device does not support all of the features in the default EDID (2 channel L-PCM audio) on the DGX HDMI Board. Some sources choose what signal types (audio and video) they are sending to a destination based on the destination's EDID.

If after changing the EDID on the HDMI input, the audio is still distorted or is not present on the destination device, then the device may not be capable of supporting the audio format you requested with the newly loaded EDID setting.

Checking for Support

The easiest way to check whether or not a destination supports a source device's audio signal is to connect the source directly to the destination.

Possible Solutions

If you encounter audio problems, we recommend trying these solutions:

- Use the EDID programming functionality in the DGX Configuration Software (see page 162) to read the EDID from the destination device (see page 164) and to write it to the HDMI input on the Enova DGX Switcher (see page 166).
- Use DGX Configuration Software to write an EDID to the HDMI input on the Enova DGX Switcher that best represents the downstream destination. Check the AutoPatch_EDID_Library file on the *AMX AutoPatch CD** to determine if one of the custom EDID files on the CD meets your needs. (The custom EDID files are variants of base EDIDs.) For additional information on custom EDID files, see page 166.

* The "EDID Library" file can also be found at www.amx.com (search for EDID Library).

Enova DGX DVI Boards

Applicability Notice

This chapter pertains to the following DVI Input Board and Output Board for the Enova DGX Switcher:

- FG1058-600 Input board
- FG1058-610 Output board



FIG. 36 DVI Input and DVI Output Boards

Enova DGX 16

Enova DGX 16 enclosures hold up to eight DVI Boards with four inputs or outputs per board. Each enclosure holds a maximum of four input and four output boards, accommodating connector configurations up to a maximum of 16x16, as well as subsets (e.g., 16x8 or 4x12).

Enova DGX 32

Enova DGX 32 enclosures hold up to sixteen DVI Boards with four inputs or outputs per board. Each enclosure holds a maximum of eight input and eight output boards, accommodating connector configurations up to a maximum of 32x32, as well as subsets in increments of four (e.g., 12x20 or 24x8).

Signal Routing

DGX DVI Input Boards route signals to DGX DVI Output Boards or to any other type of Enova DGX Output Boards. DVI Output Boards can also accept signals from all of the other types of Enova DGX Boards. When routing signals between different board types, the Enova DGX Switcher automatically converts the signal format to match the output board.

DGX DVI Boards can also accept HDMI/HDCP with embedded audio signals, but require an EDID change on the input board to allow a source device to send out signals in that format.

When DGX DVI Input Boards are used with DGX SC Optical Output Boards, the signals are converted to fiber and then converted by a DGX Receiver before being sent to the destination; see page 93. Note that DGX SC Optical boards can be used for non-HDCP signals but do not support HDCP; when HDCP protected video signals are routed to them, the display provides a solid red image to indicate the authentication process failed.

The DVI connectors are designed to route high-resolution DVI signals with or without HDCP (High-bandwidth Digital Content Protection). DVI Boards support only single link DVI-D signals. The connectors on the boards are DVI-I connectors, which allow use of cables with either single link DVI-D or DVI-I connectors (for DVI-I, the analog pins are not used; for DVI-I connector pinout information, see page 73).

Note: If the signal is HDMI formatted, DGX DVI Boards can also work in conjunction with Audio Insert/Extract Boards (see page 97).

Important: Signals through DVI Boards in the Enova DGX Switcher normally produce a quality image because the connectors are pre-loaded with the most common EDID settings to ensure they will work with the source devices. In addition to common EDIDs on the inputs, SmartScale on every output also greatly helps ensure that all signals are satisfactory. Therefore, adjustments are not necessary unless the installation has special resolution or EDID requirements. If re-programming of boards is necessary, DGX Configuration Software (see page 153) is included on the "AMX AutoPatch CD" or can be found at www.amx.com.

Instagate Pro[®] and SmartScale[®]

- If an HDCP protected signal is switched from a DVI Input Board to an output board which does not support HDCP (e.g., the DGX SC Optical Output Board), the system will not allow the switch and will provide a solid red image to that output to indicate the authentication process failed.
- DVI Boards meet HDCP Standards and support InstaGate Pro Technology.
 For complete information on HDCP functionality for DVI Boards, see "HDCP Support on Enova DGX Switchers" on page 64.
- DVI Input Boards provide EDID emulation support with plug-and-play information provided by the Enova DGX Switcher.
- DVI Output Boards feature SmartScale Technology which automatically responds to the display's declared EDID information and scales the video to the best resolution and video parameters for that display without manual setup.
- DVI Boards are HDCP 1.4 compatible and feature InstaGate Pro Technology* for low-latency switching of HDCP protected content and support computer video up to 1920x1200 and HDTV up to 1080p. The EDID of the input will need to be changed to allow for HDMI formatted signals, so that the source device can send out that signal style. If the EDID on the input board has been properly modified and the downstream sink has proper declarations in its EDID, the DVI connectors also support embedded audio, both linear PCM (stereo audio) and non-linear PCM (Dolby Digital, DTS, Dolby TrueHD, etc.).

* InstaGate Pro Technology eliminates HDCP latency and interruptions on all displays in a system. (These conditions are typically experienced when HDCP authenticates HDMI source and destination devices.) Key limitations on source devices are also eliminated by allowing them to see only a single sink key from the DVI Input Board's input connection. With InstaGate Pro Technology, when a source requires HDCP encrypted content, the inputs and compliant downstream devices are automatically authenticated – it just works.

Note: Enova DGX Boards do not support CEC.

DVI Board Support for HDMI Signals - Changing the Default EDID Setting

The DVI Input Boards come pre-loaded with EDIDs typical for DVI output devices (computer monitors, etc.), which do not support embedded audio signals. However, they will allow HDMI with embedded audio formats through if the default EDID setting is changed via DGX Configuration Software using a file from the EDID Library (see page 164).

Note: HDMI-to-DVI or DVI- to-HDMI conversion requires an applicable conversion cable.

Audio Support on DVI Boards

When DVI Boards are set up to support HDMI signals, the audio information in the HDMI Board chapter applies (see page 67).

Enova DGX DVI Boards – Specifications

Applies to input board FG1058-600 and output board FG1058-610.

Digital Video – DVI Specifications		
Parameter	Value	
Compatible Formats	DVI, HDCP	
Signal Type	DVI-D (single link)	
	HDMI (with DVI cable adapter)	
	DisplayPort ++ (input only, with DVI cable adapter)	
HDMI Mode Support	DVI Boards can be run in HDMI mode with an EDID update which will provide full HDMI functionality and board specifications	
Data Rate (max.)	4.95 Gbps	
Pixel Clock (max.)	165 MHz	
Progressive Resolution Support	480p up to 1920x1200 @ 60 Hz	
Input Interlaced Resolution Support	480i, 576i,1080i	
Input Equalization	Yes, adaptive up to 100 ft. (30 m) at 165 MHz*	
Input Re-clocking (CDR)	Yes	
Output Re-clocking	Yes	
Output Scaling	SmartScale, Manual Configuration, Bypass	
SmartScale Output Resolution Support	All resolutions between 480p and 1920x1200 @ 60 Hz via automatic SmartScale query of the display's declared EDID Detailed Timing Definition	
Color Depth Support	24-bit	
Color Space Support	RGB 4:4:4	
Local Audio Support	Yes, insertion and/or extraction of 2 CH L-PCM selectable by channel	
DDC/EDID Support	EDID provided by the Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher EDID is user re-programmable	
HDCP Support	Yes, full matrix HDCP support (includes any input to any or all outputs, except for SC Optical Inputs and Outputs)	
	Key Management System	
	AMX HDCP InstaGate Pro Technology	
	Key support up to 16 devices per output, independent of source device	
Input Voltage (nominal)	1.0 Vpp differential	
Output Voltage (nominal)	1.0 Vpp differential	
Output Rise Time / Fall Time	100 ps min. to 200 ps max. (20% to 80%)	
	0.16 UI min. to 0.33 UI max. (@ 1.65 Gbps,20% to 80%)	
Output +5 V DDC Pin	50 mA	
DVI Input Board Propagation Delay	2 µs	
DVI Output Board Propagation Delay	24 ms for progressive, 48 ms for interlaced, 5 μs when in Bypass mode	
Connector	4 DVI-I ports (DVI-D single link is the supported signal type)	

* Cable distance support is dependent on cable type and signal format.

Note: Interlaced and progressive video are supported into the HDMI Input Board; progressive video is only supported out of the HDMI Output Board, unless in non-scaling bypass mode.

EDID Resolutions Supported through Local DDC

Standard Timings (Default shipping EDID*)

Resolution	Refresh Rate Max.
1920x1080**	60 Hz
1920x1200	60 Hz
1680x1050	60 Hz
1600x1200	60 Hz
1600x900	60 Hz
1400x1050	60 Hz
1440x900	60 Hz
1360x765	60 Hz
1280x1024	60 Hz
1280x900	60 Hz
1280x800	60 Hz
1280x720	60 Hz

* The default EDID can be overwritten to include a broad range of features, including HDMI mode, based on installation requirements.

** This is the preferred timing identified in the EDID.

Established Timings

Resolutions	Refresh Rate Max.
1280x1024	75 Hz
1152x870	75 Hz
1024x768	60 Hz, 70 Hz, 75 Hz, 87 Hz
832x624	75 Hz
800x600	56 HZ, 60 Hz, 72 Hz, 75 Hz
720x400	70 Hz, 88 Hz
640x480	60 Hz, 67 Hz, 72 Hz, 75 Hz

AMX reserves the right to modify its products and their specifications without notice.

Important: For information on troubleshooting audio, including a table on "Audio Format Support on Enova DGX Boards," see page 67.

Attaching Cables

Viewed from the rear of the enclosure, the input boards (for attaching sources) are on the left, and the output boards (for attaching destinations) are on the right.

Enova DGX 16 – Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located between the input and output boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from left to right on each board from the top board to the bottom one; outputs start over at 1 and follow the same pattern.

Enova DGX 32 – Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located on the numbering plate (metal strip) directly above the boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from top to bottom on each board from the left board to right one; outputs start over at 1 and follow the same pattern.

Important: We strongly recommend screwing down the DVI connector retention screws to ensure as good of a seating of the cable into the receptacle as possible.

To connect DVI inputs and outputs:

1. Fasten the DVI-I (or DVI-D) connectors on the cable ends onto the DVI-I receptacles on the boards. (For DVI pinout information, see below.)



FIG. 37 Fasten cables onto input and output connectors

DVI Pinout

Pinout information for the DVI-I connector on the DVI Input and Output Boards is listed in the chart in FIG. 38.



DVI-I Pinout			
1. Data 2-	9. Data 1-	17. Data 0-	C1. No connect
2. Data 2+	10. Data 1+	18. Data 0+	C2. No connect
3. Ground	11. Ground	19. Ground	C3. No connect
4. No connect	12. No connect	20. No connect	C4. No connect
5. No connect	13. No connect	21. No connect	C5. No connect
6. DDC-CLK	14. +5 V*	22. Ground	
7. DDC-Data	15. Ground	23. CLK+	
8. No connect	16. Hot-Detect	24. CLK-	

 * DVI output pin 14 (+5 VDC out) supplies 50 mA per each of the four output connectors.

FIG. 38 DVI-I connector pinout

Enova DGX DVI Boards

Enova DGX DXLink™ Twisted Pair Boards

Applicability Notice

This chapter pertains to the following Enova DGX DXLinkTM Twisted Pair Input and Output Boards:

- FG1058-570 Input board
- FG1058-580 Output board



FIG. 39 DXLink Twisted Pair Boards, shown in an Enova DGX 32

Important: DXLinkTM Twisted pair Boards <u>must</u> be used in conjunction with DXLinkTM Twisted Pair Transmitters and Receivers or other AMX DXLinkTM signal management solutions.

Enova DGX 16

Enova DGX 16 enclosures are built to hold up to eight DXLink Boards with four RJ-45 inputs or outputs per board. Each enclosure holds a maximum of four input and four output boards, accommodating connector configurations up to a maximum of 16x16, as well as subsets (for example, 16x8 or 4x12).

Enova DGX 32

Enova DGX 32 enclosures are built to hold up to sixteen DXLink Boards with four RJ-45 inputs or outputs per board. Each enclosure holds a maximum of eight input and eight output boards, accommodating connector configurations up to a maximum of 32x32, as well as subsets (for example, 12x24 or 32x8).

Signal Routing

DXLink Input Boards route signals to DXLink Output Boards or to any other type of Enova DGX Output Boards. DXLink Output Boards can also accept signals from all of the other types of Enova DGX Boards. When routing signals between different board types, the Enova DGX Switcher automatically converts the signal format to match the output board.

Whenever non-HDCP signals from DXLink Input Boards are routed to DGX SC Optical Output Boards, the signals are converted to fiber and then converted by a DGX Receiver before being sent to the destination (see page 93). Note that DGX SC Optical boards do not support HDCP; when HDCP protected video signals are routed to them, the display provides a solid red image to indicate the authentication process failed.

Signals that can be sent over DXLink Boards include: HDMI, DVI-D, analog video, analog audio, digital audio, and embedded audio. DXLink Boards also work in conjunction with Audio Insert/Extract Boards (see page 97).

Important: Because the DXLink, DVI, and HDMI Boards in the Enova DGX Switcher normally produce a quality image, you will <u>not</u> need to make adjustments or custom scaler settings unless the installation has special resolution or EDID requirements (if adjustments are necessary, see page 153).

Note: Enova DGX DXLink Boards do not support CEC.

InstaGate Pro[®] Technology

- DXLink Boards meet HDCP standards and support InstaGate Pro Technology. For complete information on HDCP functionality for DXLink boards, see "HDCP Support on Enova DGX Switchers" on page 64.
- DXLink Boards provide EDID emulation support with plug-and-play information provided by the Enova DGX Switcher.
- DXLink input and output connectors incorporate HDMI Technology, are HDCP 1.4 compatible, and feature InstaGate Pro Technology* for low-latency switching of HDCP protected content and support computer video up to 1920x1200 and HDTV up to 1080p. The DXLink connectors also support embedded audio, both linear PCM (stereo audio) and non-linear PCM (Dolby Digital, DTS, and Dolby TrueHD, etc.).

* InstaGate Pro Technology eliminates HDCP latency and interruptions on all displays in a system. (These conditions are typically experienced when HDCP authenticates HDMI source and destination devices.) Key limitations on source devices are also eliminated by allowing them to see only a single sink key from the DXLink Input Board's input connection. With InstaGate Pro Technology, when a source requires HDCP encrypted content, the inputs and compliant downstream devices are automatically authenticated – it just works.

DXLink[™] Twisted Pair Boards – Specifications

Applies to input board FG1058-570 (AVS-ENOVADGX32-VI-DXLINK) and output board FG1058-580 (AVS-ENOVADGX32-VO-DXLINK).

Compatible AMX DXLink[™] Twisted Pair Transmitters and Receivers:

- DXLink HDMI TX: FG1010-300 (AVB-TX-HDMI-DXLINK)
- DXLink HDMI RX: FG1010-500 (AVB-RX-DXLINK-HDMI)*
- DXLink Multi-Format TX: FG1010-310 (AVB-TX-MULTI-DXLINK)
- DXLink Multi-Format Wallplate TX: FG1010-320-BL (AVB-WP-TX-MULTI-DXLINK)**
- DXLink Multi-Format Wallplate TX: FG1010-320-WH (AVB-WP-TX-MULTI-DXLINK)**

* The Receiver features SmartScale Technology and is also compatible with the DXLink output connections on the Enova DVX Solutions.

** These Wallplate Transmitters have a black front (BL) and a white front (WH).

Important: DXLink twisted pair cable runs for DXLink equipment should only be run within a common building.

Enova DGX DXLink Twisted Pair Board Specifications		
Parameter	Value	
Compatible AMX DXLink [™] Products	DXLink HDMI TX, Multi-Format TX, Multi-Format Wallplate TX, and DXLink RX; and other AMX DXLink signal management products.	
Compatible Formats	HDMI video, audio, Ethernet, USB (HID), power, and control	
Signal Type Support	DXLink	
Transport Layer Throughput (max.)	10.2 Gbps	

Enova DGX DXLink Twisted	Pair Board Specifications (continued)
Video Data Rate (max.)	4.95 Gbps / 6.75 Gbps^
Video Pixel Clock (max.)	165 MHz / 225 MHz^
Progressive Resolution Support	480p up to 1920x1200 @ 60 Hz
Interlaced Resolution Support*	480i, 576i, 1080i
Deep Color Support	24-bit, 30-bit^, 36-bit^
Color Space Support	RGB 4:4:4
	YCbCr^ 4:4:4 and 4:2:2
3D Format Support	Yes* (HDMI primary formats)
	Frame Packing 1080p up to 24 Hz
	• Frame Packing 720p up to 50/60 Hz
	 Frame Packing 1080i up to 50/60 Hz
	Top-Bottom 1080p up to 24 Hz
	Top-Bottom 720p up to 50/60 Hz
	 Side-by-Side Half 1080p up to 50/60 Hz
	 Side-by-side Half 720p up to 50/60 Hz
Audio Format Support	Dolby TrueHD, Dolby Digital**, DTS-HD Master Audio, DTS**,
	2 CH L-PCM, 6 CH L-PCM, 8 CH L-PCM
Audio Resolution	16 bit to 24 bit
Audio Sample Rate	32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, 48 kHz, 96 kHz, 192 kHz
Local Audio Support	Yes, insertion and/or extraction of 2 CH L-PCM selectable by channel
EDID Support	 EDID provided by Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher to the DXLink HDMI TX.
	• EDID provided by Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher to the digital (HDMI) input on the DXLink Multi-Format TX.
	EDID is user re-programmable
HDCP Support	Yes, full matrix HDCP support (includes any input to any or all outputs, except for SC Optical inputs and outputs)
	Key Management System
	AMX HDCP InstaGate Pro [®] Technology
	• Key support up to 16 destinations per output, independent of source device
CEC Support	None
ICSP, TCP/IP, USB, IR, and Control Management	Control Distribution is managed by the Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher on-board NetLinx Master and Ethernet Switch
DXLink Power	DXLink Transmitters and Receivers can have power supplied over twisted pair cable when connected to a DXLink Input or Output Board on the Enova DGX Digital Media Switcher
Input Board Propagation Delay	5 μs
Output Board Propagation Delay	5 μs
Connectors	4 RJ-45 ports

^ Only supported when the HDMI Output Scaler is in Bypass mode and format is 1080p 60 Hz or less.

^ Input signal support for YCbCr 4:4:4 and 4:2:2, output color-space is converted to RGB 4:4:4.

* When used with DXLink Output Boards and the RX Scaler is in Bypass mode.

** Dolby Digital and DTS support up to 48 kHz, 5.1 channels.

Enova DGX DXLink Twisted Pair Board Specifications (continued)		
Twisted Pair Cable Type	Cat5e, Cat6/6e, Cat6A, Cat7 of UTP, SF/UTP, S/FTP, and F/UTP varieties	
Twisted Pair Cable Length	Up to 328 ft. (100 m)*	

* Cable runs with a minimum specification of ANSI/TIE/EIA 568A-5 and ratings of 250 MHz or better may be used with DXLink equipment. However, cable run topology and environmental influences can affect the overall successful distance capabilities of these runs. For successful deployments up to 100 meters without consideration to outside variables, AMX recommends the use of shielded category cable (STP) or Cat6A (or better) versions of unshielded or shielded twisted pair (UTP/STP) for DXLink runs. For more details and helpful cabling information, please contact your AMX representative for a copy of the white paper titled "Cabling for Success with DXLink."

EDID Resolutions Supported through Local DDC

Standard and established timings are given in the tables following along with detailed timing blocks.

Important: The EDID can be re-programmed to support additional resolutions through the local DDC using the EDID programming functionality in the DGX Configuration Software (see see page 162).

Resolution	Refresh Rate Max.
1920x1080**	60 Hz
1920x1200	60 Hz
1680x1050	60 Hz
1600x1200	60 Hz
1600x900	60 Hz
1400x1050	60 Hz
1440x900	60 Hz
1360x765	60 Hz
1280x1024	60 Hz
1280x900	60 Hz
1280x800	60 Hz
1280x720	60 Hz

Standard Timings (Default Shipping EDID*)

* The default EDID can be overwritten to include a broad range of features based on installation requirements. ** This is the preferred format DTD identified in the EDID.

Established Timings

Resolution	Refresh Rate
1280x1024	75 Hz
1152x870	75 Hz
1024x768	60 Hz, 70 Hz, 75 Hz, 87 Hz
832x624	75 Hz
800x600	56 HZ, 60 Hz, 72 Hz, 75 Hz
720x400	70 Hz, 88 Hz
640x480	60 Hz, 67 Hz, 72 Hz, 75 Hz

Tip: If you are experiencing audio problems, it may be because you are trying to pass Dolby or DTS or high PCM frequency rates and the destination device does not support them. If you are experiencing video problems, it may be because you are trying to pass a video format that the destination device does not support. In either of these cases, re-programming the EDID may help resolve the problem.

VIC #	Resolution	Refresh Rate and Aspect Ratio
VIC = 1	640x480p	59.94/60 Hz 4:3
VIC = 2	720x480p	59.94/60 Hz 4:3
VIC = 3	720x480p	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 4	1280x720p	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 5	1920x1080i	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 6	720(1440)x480i	59.94/60 Hz 4:3
VIC = 7	720(1440)x480i	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 14	1440x480p	59.94/60 Hz 4:3
VIC = 15	1440x480p	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 16	Native 1920x1080p	59.94/60 Hz 16:9
VIC = 17	720x576p	50 Hz 4:3
VIC = 18	720x576p	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 19	1280x720p	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 20	1920x1080i	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 21	720(1440)x576i	50 Hz 4:3
VIC = 22	720(1440)x576i	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 29	1440x576p	50 Hz 4:3
VIC = 30	1440x576p	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 31	1920x1080p	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 32	1920x1080p	23.97/24 Hz 16:9
VIC = 33	1920x1080p	25 Hz 16:9
VIC = 34	1920x1080p	29.97/30 Hz 16:9
VIC = 39	1920x1080i	50 Hz 16:9
VIC = 41	1280x720p	100 Hz 16:9
VIC = 42	720x576p	100 Hz 4:3
VIC = 43	720x576p	100 Hz 16:9
VIC = 44	720(1440)x576i	100 Hz 4:3
VIC = 45	720(1440)x576i	100 Hz 16:9
VIC = 47	1280x720p	119.88/120 Hz 16:9
VIC = 48	720x480p	119.88/120 Hz 4:3
VIC = 49	720x480p	119.88/120 Hz 16:9

CEA Video Information Code (VIC) Formats

Audio Data Block

Channels	Sampling Frequency
Basic Audio: 2 Channel L-PCM 32, 44.1, 48 kHz	Sampling frequency at 16, 20, or 24 bits per sample

Important: For information on troubleshooting audio, including a table on "Audio Format Support on Enova DGX Boards," see page 67.

System Setup with DXLink[™] Transmitters and Receivers

DXLinkTM Twisted Pair Input and Output Boards *must* be used in conjunction with AMX DXLinkTM Transmitters and Receivers or other AMX DXLinkTM signal management solutions. This combination creates an end-to-end extender solution for transmission of HDMI (or DVI via adapter cable) over twisted pair cable. In addition to transport of HDMI, the DXLink Transmitters and Receivers provide Native NetLinx control functionality (Ethernet connectivity, IR control*, and serial data transfer*). The DXLink Multi-Format TX and DXLink Multi-Format Wallplate also have an input for analog video (composite, Y/c, Y/Pb/Pr, RGB, RGBS, or RGBHV).

- Compatible DXLink Transmitters and Receivers are listed at the bottom of page 76.
- System setup options are listed in the table below.
- For TX and RX installation details, see the Transmitter and Receiver's *Quick Start Guide* or *Installation Manual*.

* The DXLink Multi-Format Wallplate does not support IR control or serial data transfer.

When the Transmitters and Receivers are installed in conjunction with the DXLink Boards, image adjustment and EDID scaling is automatically applied. For almost every installation, the automatic features on the Transmitters and Receivers result in a quality image on the monitor.

If the installation has special requirements and needs additional adjustment, see page 153. If you need additional information on the Transmitters and Receivers or their product specifications, refer to the *Instruction Manual – DXLink*TM *Twisted Pair Transmitters/Receiver* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

The distance from a DXLink Transmitter to a DXLink Input Board can be up to 328 feet (100 m) and another 328 feet (100 m) from the DXLink Output Board to the DXLink Receiver.

Note: Along with the video signal, the DXLink Boards support embedded digital audio and analog stereo audio from the DXLink Transmitters and Receiver.

Options for DXLink System Setup

The following table contains several options in an Enova DGX Switcher for using DXLink Input and/or Output Boards in conjunction with DXLink Transmitters and Receivers.

Note: DXLink Transmitters and Receivers can be also be used together as a standalone solution without a switcher (does not apply to the Multi-Format Wallplate TX, which <u>must</u> be used with a switcher); see the "Instruction Manual – DXLink[™] Twisted Pair Transmitters/Receiver."

System Setup Options – Enova DGX Boards with DXLink Modules/Wallplates					
DXLink Module/Wallplate	Enova DGX Input Board	Enova DGX Output Board	DXLink Module		
HDMI TX Module →	DXLink \rightarrow	DXLink \rightarrow	HDMI RX Module		
HDMI TX Module →	DXLink \rightarrow	Any output board* \rightarrow	Not applicable		
Multi-Format TX Module →	DXLink \rightarrow	DXLink \rightarrow	HDMI RX Module		
Multi-Format TX Module →	DXLink \rightarrow	Any output board* →	Not applicable		
Multi-Format Wallplate TX →	DXLink \rightarrow	DXLink \rightarrow	HDMI RX Module		
Multi-Format Wallplate TX →	DXLink \rightarrow	Any output board* →	Not applicable		
Not Applicable	Any input board* →	DXLink \rightarrow	HDMI RX Module		

* If the board is an SC Optical Board it will need the appropriate DGX Fiber Module; see the table on page 26.

Example of Typical Setup with DXLink Transmitter and Receiver

A typical system setup for a source and a destination is illustrated below and shows an Enova DGX 16 with DXLink Boards used in conjunction with DXLink Transmitters and Receivers for transport of HDMI signals. This type of setup also supports DVI-D signals with the use of a cable adapter and analog video through a Multi-Format TX or Wallplate TX.

The Transmitter receives an HDMI signal and an audio signal from a source device. The audio can be either digital audio embedded with the HDMI signal, digital audio over S/PDIF, or analog stereo audio. Both the video and embedded audio are transmitted over twisted pair cable to the RJ-45 connector on the DXLink Input Board. The signal is routed through the desired DXLink Output connector to the DXLink Receiver, which in turn sends the HDMI signal with embedded audio on to a destination device. Audio (whether embedded or not) received on the Transmitter can be output on the stereo audio port.



FIG. 40 DXLink Boards used in conjunction with DXLink Transmitter and Receiver

Tip: For systems with special requirements – Before installing in the final location, place the equipment close together, so a PC for control and the destination monitor can be seen simultaneously if adjustments are necessary. Adjustments can be made using DGX Configuration Software (see page 153).



Caution: Be careful not to create a network (Ethernet) loop. To avoid doing so, see page 84.

Functions of DXLink Transmitter and Receiver Modules

The diagram in FIG X shows the functions of DXLink Transmitter and Receiver Modules when used in conjunction with DXLink Boards in an Enova DGX Switcher.



Example A: When a Receiver acts like a source, its key does not count. Source device sees 1 key (Transmitter).Example B: When a Transmitter acts like a sink, the source device sees 1 key (Transmitter).Example C: When a source device is connected directly to a switcher, the source sees 1 key (switcher input).

FIG. 41 Repeater and source functions of Transmitter and Receiver Modules (A and B also apply to Wallplate TX)

Important Power Considerations for Enova DGX Endpoint Systems

In an endpoint system, the Enova DGX Switcher has DXLink Transmitters and/or Receivers attached. The Transmitters and Receivers can be powered either locally or via the switcher.

- Local power Local power on a DXLink Transmitter or Receiver always takes precedence over power via the DXLink line from the switcher. However, if a locally powered Module is connected to a switcher and the local power is lost (i.e., unplugged or turned off), the Module will power down and then automatically power back up using power from the switcher via the DXLink connection (increasing the overall power draw on the switcher). When local power is restored, it automatically replaces the power over the DXLink line.
- DXLink power When DXLink Transmitters or Receivers are being powered by an Enova DGX DXLink board (using power via the DXLink line), to maintain the switcher's power redundancy, we recommend that you:
 - Determine the power budget based on the input/output boards used and the quantity of powered endpoints (DXLink Modules and Wallplates*); see the following page.
 - Do *not* use the local DC power jack on the Module (even if the local power adapter is off).

* The Wallplate TX's only source of power is the switcher and, therefore, must be included in the power calculations.

Important: If local power is used for the DXLink Modules, it <u>must</u> come from the provided desktop power supplies, which <u>must not</u> be altered in any way.

Power Budget Planning for Systems with DXLink Boards

Before installing an Enova DGX Switcher and connecting any required DXLink Transmitters and Receivers, the power draw for the system should be calculated in order to maintain the power redundancy of the power supplies in the enclosure. (Each Enova DGX enclosure ships with two mutually-redundant power supplies.)

Important: If you do not want to draw power from the Enova DGX enclosure's power supplies, you <u>must</u> power the DXLink Transmitter and Receiver Modules with local power, which always overrides power from the switcher. If that local power is turned off, the DXLink Transmitters and Receivers do not power down but immediately start drawing power from the switcher.

Power Budget Calculation

Calculating the power budget helps determine how many DXLink Transmitters and Receivers can be powered via the Enova DGX Switcher while maintaining power redundancy if one of the power supplies should fail. The *Enova DGX Configuration Tool* is used to determine the switcher's power budget. Simply enter the types of boards and the number of DXLink Transmitters and Receivers to be powered via the switcher, and the calculator shows the resulting power draw. The *Enova DGX Configuration Tool* is located at **www.amx.com/enova**. If more DXLink units are required than the switcher can support while maintaining redundancy, they can be powered using the provided desktop power supplies.

Note: The Wallplate TX's only source of power is the switcher and, therefore, must be included in the power calculations.

Foregoing Power Supply Redundancy

Depending on particular Enova DGX Switcher input and output board configurations, operating over the redundant power supply level may be necessary on a permanent basis for some installations. While foregoing the benefits associated with a redundant power supply should be understood, operating without redundancy is in no way detrimental to the system, as long as both power supplies are operational. In this case, necessary power will be pulled evenly from both supplies. However, the loss of one power supply will result in the system being non-operational from a normal "non-redundant" system capability perspective.

In the Event of a Power Supply Failure

If an Enova DGX power supply fails, check to determine which situation applies:

- Enova DGX 16 within its power budget The system will continue to run; okay to leave it powered until the failed power supply is replaced.
- Enova DGX 16 over its power budget The system will continue to run; however, we do not recommended leaving it powered until the failed power supply is replaced, unless enough DXLink Transmitter or Receiver Modules are removed (or powered locally) to bring the system's power budget within its maximum limit. (Another option is to remove some of the input and/or output boards.)
- Enova DGX 32 within its power budget The system will continue to run; okay to leave it powered until the failed power supply is replaced.
- Enova DGX 32 over its power budget The remaining power supply will turn off. If enough DXLink Transmitter or Receiver Modules are removed (or powered locally) to bring the system's power budget within its maximum limit, the system will be able to run until the failed power supply is replaced. (You can also remove some input and/or output boards.)

In all of the situations above, the power supply should be replaced as soon as possible to restore power redundancy to the system or to allow the system to become fully operational again. Unless the Enova DGX Switcher has exceeded its power budget, it should operate normally with a failed power supply. For power supply replacement information, contact technical support (see page 58).

Connecting Switching Systems with DXLink Connectors

Switching systems with DXLink support (e.g., an Enova DGX Switcher and an Enova DVX-3150HD) can be connected via their DXLink ports.

Important: This section does not refer to the linking of enclosures from CPU to CPU, which is <u>not</u> supported in the Enova DGX Switcher.

In an installation with a multiple-stage switching system, the following applies:

- When two switching systems with DXLink support are connected via their DXLink ports, only video and audio will be passed through the DXLink connection.
- When a DXLink input or output on one switching system determines that it is connected to a DXLink input or output on another switching system, the DXLink port will automatically disable all Ethernet, power, and control on that connection port so that the only things passed down the DXLink line are the video and audio signals.
- When connecting switching systems via DXLink ports, AMX recommends *no more than 3 switcher throughputs.**
- Network loops *must* be avoided (see below).

* For example, the path through 3 switchers could be: source device \rightarrow Enova DVX-3150HD (out a DXLink/HDMI port) \rightarrow Enova DGX 32, DXLink input (out a DXLink port) \rightarrow Enova DGX 16, DXLink input (out a DXLink port) \rightarrow DXLink Receiver \rightarrow display device as an HDMI signal.

Avoiding Network (Ethernet) Loops

Caution: Be careful not to create a network (Ethernet) loop.

Only one connection to a LAN is permitted within a switching system with DXLink support. Network loops *must* be avoided. A network loop is created when the enclosure and one or more DXlink Modules or Wallplates within the system are connected to a common LAN. The Enova DGX Switcher does not support STP (Spanning Tree Protocol).

Example

In the example in FIG. 42, a network loop was created when an Enova DGX 16 was connected to a LAN and one of its DXLink Transmitters was connected to the same LAN. The DXLink Transmitter needs to be disconnected from the LAN. The same problem would also occur if an enclosure and one (or more) of its DXLink Receivers were connected to a common LAN.



FIG. 42 Avoid network loops

Attaching Cables

Viewed from the rear of the enclosure, the input boards (for attaching sources) are on the left, and the output boards (for attaching destinations) are on the right.

Enova DGX 16 – Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located between the input and output boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from left to right on each board from the top board to the bottom one; outputs start over at 1 and follow the same pattern.

Enova DGX 32 – Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located on the numbering plate (metal strip) directly above the boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from top to bottom on each board from the left board to right one; outputs start over at 1 and follow the same pattern.

Important: If the system has DXLink input and output connectors in use, we strongly recommend that the LAN 100/1000 port use a connection speed of 1000 Mbps.

Important Twisted Pair Cable Recommendations

Twisted pair cable is designed to carry Full HD content over 100 meter (328 ft.) cables with control. For cable specifications, see page 76. In a typical installation, the cables should be stretched to their full length between the Transmitters and Receivers and the enclosure.

Important: DXLink twisted pair cable runs for DXLink Input and Output Boards should only be run within a common building.

Cable runs with a minimum specification of ANSI/TIE/EIA 568A-5 and ratings of 250 MHz or better may be used with DXLink equipment. However, cable run topology and environmental influences can affect the overall successful distance capabilities of these runs.

For successful deployments up to 100 meters without consideration to outside variables, AMX recommends the use of shielded category cable (STP) or Cat6A (or better) versions of unshielded or shielded twisted pair (UTP/STP) for DXLink runs.

For more details and helpful cabling information, please contact your AMX representative for a copy of the white paper titled "Cabling for Success with DXLink."

Twisted Pair Cable Pinouts

Use either the T568A or T568B pinout specification for termination of the twisted pair cable used between the Transmitter or Receiver and the enclosure.



FIG. 43 Twisted pair cable pinouts for T568A and T568B

Important: Twisted pair cable quality required in order to reach 100 meter distance should meet ANSI/TIA/EIA 568A-5 or better specification and be rated for 250 MHz or better.

To connect sources and destinations to DXLink inputs and outputs via TX/RX:

- 1. Attach an HDMI cable from the source device to the HDMI connector on the DXLink Transmitter.
- 2. Attach a twisted pair cable to the DXLink Transmitter's Output (RJ-45) connector.
- 3. Attach the other end of the twisted pair cable to the input connector on the DXLink Input Board.



FIG. 44 Fasten cables onto input and output connectors

4. Attach a second twisted pair cable to the output connector on the DXLink Output Board.

- 5. Attach the other end of the second twisted pair cable to the Input (RJ-45) connector on the DXLink Receiver.
- 6. Attach a second HDMI cable to the HDMI Output connector on the Receiver.
- 7. Attach the other end of the second HDMI cable to the destination device.
- 8. Repeat steps above for additional source and destination devices.
- **9.** If the enclosure is not being used as the source of power, attach the provided desktop power supplies to the transmitters and receivers.*
- **10.** Apply power to the source and destination devices.

* If the enclosure already has power applied, as soon as transmitters and receivers are connected they will have power. Note that the only source of power for the DXLink Multi-Format Wallplate Transmitter is the switcher.

Note: DXLink Boards can also work in conjunction with Audio Insert/Extract Boards (see page 97).

DXLink Connector LEDs

The following information applies to the LEDs on the DXLink connectors on the DXLink Input and Output Boards.



FIG. 45 DXLink connector LEDs (left Enova DGX 32 Board; right Enova DGX 16 Output Board)

- Yellow:
 - On Authenticated HDCP (handshaking has occurred successfully)
 - Flashing Video active; no HDCP
 - Off No video
- Green:
 - On DXLink connection established (between TX or RX and switcher)
 - Off DXLink connection not established

Integrating DXLink TXs and RXs in NetLinx Studio

DXLink Transmitters and Receivers *must* have their DIP switch toggles set before they will display as part of a Enova DGX system in NetLinx Studio. In NetLinx Studio, the DXLink TXs and RXs are bound to the integrated Master by right-clicking on the device and selecting Network Bind/Unbind Device.

DIP Switch Toggles

The following table contains three of the most common scenarios for setting up DXLink Transmitters and receivers with an Enova DGX Switcher. **Find the scenario in the table that you want to use and set the DIP switches accordingly.** The DIP switches are on the bottom of the DXLink Modules and on the rear of the DXLink Wallplate. The bullet point # in the first column corresponds to the Toggle # column that shows the setting. For example, in the first scenario bullet point #1 says that the ICS LAN port is disabled; the Toggle # column for #1 Toggle/ICS LAN Port shows that the setting must be at OFF).

3 Common Scenarios and Their DIP Switch Settings	#1 Toggle / ICS LAN Port	#2 Toggle/ DXLink Mode	#3 Toggle / Network Connection	#4 Toggle / TBD
1. Transmitter and/or Receiver connected to switcher:	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
• #1 – with ICS LAN 10/100 (physical) port disabled				
#2 – in Endpoint Mode				
 #3 – with no network connection 				
2. Transmitter and/or Receiver connected to switcher:	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
• #1 – with ICS LAN 10/100 (physical) port disabled				
 #2 – in Endpoint Mode (allows IR/serial via host) 				
#3 – for network connection to accept either a DHCP or a Static IP address				
3. Transmitter and/or Receiver connected to switcher and to additional equipment on a network (e.g., a NetLinx Central Controller or an ICSLan Device Control Box):	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
• #1 – with ICS LAN 10/100 (physical) port enabled (for either Transmitter and/or Receiver as needed)				
 #2 – in Endpoint Mode (allows IR/serial via host) 				
#3 – for network connection to accept either a DHCP or a Static IP address				

Tip: Each toggle's ON position is toward the connectors on the rear of the DXLink Modules or toward the top of the unit for the DXLink Wallplate Transmitters.

Binding DXLink TXs and RXs to Enova DGX Integrated Master

After you set the DIP switches per the table above, follow the instructions below to display the DXLink units in NetLinx Studio.

To bind DXLink units to Enova DGX integrated Master:

- **1.** Verify the following:
 - **a.** Verify that an Ethernet/RJ-45 cable is connected from the Enova DGX Switcher's integrated Master to the network (e.g., from the switcher's LAN 100/1000 port to a LAN).
 - **b.** Verify that the target Transmitter or Receiver is connected via its DXLink connector to a DXLink Input or Output Board (respectively) on the switcher.
 - **c.** Verify that the switcher is powered on.

- 2. Launch NetLinx Studio and open the OnLine Tree.
- 3. Bind the target Transmitter or Receiver to the integrated Master:
 - **a.** Select and right-click the TX or RX.
 - **b.** From the context sensitive menu, select Network Bind/Unbind Device (be sure the check box is selected).
 - c. Click OK.

Note: For additional information on DXLink Modules and Wallplates, see the "Instruction Manual – DXLink Twisted Pair Transmitters/Receiver."

Serial Data Transfer and IR Flow Control

The illustration in FIG. 46 shows the bidirectional serial data transfer and IR flow control when an Enova Digital Media Switcher is used with DXLink Modules in Endpoint Mode. The switcher has an integrated NetLinx Central Control Processor which provides native AMX control at each remote location fed by a DXLink Transmitter or Receiver. Control is sent over twisted pair cable (via the DXLink ports).



FIG. 46 Serial data transfer and IR flow control

Enova DGX DXLink™ Twisted Pair Boards

Epica DGX SC Optical Boards

Applicability Notice

This chapter pertains to the following Epica DGX SC Optical Input and Output Boards which are compatible in Enova DGX enclosures:

- FG1056-500 Input board
- FG1056-510 Output board



FIG. 47 Epica DGX SC Optical Boards, shown in an Enova DGX 32

Epica DGX SC Optical Boards have four input or output connectors per board.

Enova DGX 16

Enova DGX 16 enclosures can hold up to eight Epica DGX SC Optical Boards. Each enclosure holds a maximum of four input and four output boards, accommodating connector configurations up to a maximum of 16x16, as well as subsets (for example, 16x8 or 4x12).

Enova DGX 32

Enova DGX 32 enclosures can hold up to sixteen Epica DGX SC Optical Boards. Each enclosure holds a maximum of eight input and eight output boards, accommodating connector configurations up to a maximum of 32x32, as well as subsets (for example, 12x24 or 32x8).

Signal Routing

DGX SC Optical Input Boards route signals to DGX SC Optical Output Boards or to any other type of Enova DGX Output Boards. DGX SC Optical Output Boards accept signals from all types of Enova DGX Boards. These boards can be used for non-HDCP signals but do not support HDCP. When routing signals between different board types, the Enova DGX Switcher automatically converts the signal format to match the output board.

Important: Signals which are not supported are: HDCP, 3D formats, any other video signal above 1920x1200, Deep Color, and any audio signals originating in a format other than 2 channel PCM digital or analog stereo audio. When HDCP protected video signals are routed through fiber, the display provides a solid red image to indicate the authentication process failed. When compressed audio signals are routed, the display goes blank. Non-HDCP signals are accepted.

Currently, the following signals can be sent over DGX SC Optical Boards: HDMI, DVI-D, analog video, and digital or analog stereo audio. Supported analog video input signals include RGBHV, RGBS, RGsB, and Y/Pb/Pr (converted to RGsB) and an RGBHV output signal.

DGX SC Optical Boards *must* be used in conjunction with DGX Fiber Modules (see the compatibility list on the next page and the system setup information on page 93).

Epica DGX SC Optical Boards – Specifications

Applies to input board FG1056-500 and output board FG1056-510.

Compatible AMX DGX Fiber Modules:

- FG1010-200-01 AVB-TX-DGX-HD15-SC Fiber
- FG1010-210-01 AVB-TX-DGX-DVI-SC Fiber
- FG1010-400-01 AVB-RX-DGX-SC Fiber-HD15
- FG1010-410-01 AVB-RX-DGX-SC Fiber-DVI

Note: Either Transmitter (TX) Module can be used with an SC Optical Input Board to route signals to any of the output boards in the system. A signal with a compatible video format from any of the input boards can be routed through an SC Optical Output board to a destination device via either Receiver (RX) Module.

Epica DGX SC Optical Specifications				
Parameter	Value			
Compatible AMX Products	DGX HD-15 TX and RX, DGX DVI TX and RX; other AMX DGX SC Fiber signal management products			
Signal Types over Fiber	Video, audio Video signal must be present to pass audio			
Resolution Support	640x480 @ 60 Hz up to 1920x1200 @ 60 Hz			
Interlaced Resolution Support	1080i 60, 59.94, 50 (fields per second) 576i 100, 50 (fields per second)* 480i 60 (fields per second)*			
Audio Support	Analog stereo or S/PDIF (2CH L-PCM S/PDIF up to 96 kHz sample rate**)			
Local Audio Support	None			
Serial Data Support	None			
Fiber Cable Type	Multimode Simplex (with SC termination) 50/125 μm (preferred) or 62.5/125 μm			
Fiber Cable Length	Up to 3000 ft. (914.4 m) in with 50 μm cable*** Up to 3000 ft. (914.4 m) out with 50 μm cable***			
	Up to 1500 ft. (457.2 m) in with 62.5 μm cable Up to 1500 ft. (457.2 m) out with 62.5 μm cable			
Optical Budget	9.75 dBm (typical) between DGX TX and input board 9.75 dBm (typical) between output board and DGX RX Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA) Output: -6.25 dBm (typical) Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA) Input Sensitivity: -16.0 dBm (typical)			
Fiber Input Board Propagation Delay	1 μs			
Fiber Output Board Propagation Delay	2 μs			
HDCP Support	No			
Power Output of Laser Radiation (max.)	4.08 mW (SC Optical Output Board)			
Safety Certifications	Class 1 Laser Product (Class 3R Laser Product when fiber is disconnected from the unit) IEC 60825-1, 2001 (SC Optical Output Board)			
Fiber Connector	4 SC optical ports			

* 480i and 576i are only available when being transmitted from a DGX HD-15 TX as a Y-Pb-Pr signal.

** 96 kHz audio is only available when the source video resolution is 800x600 @ 60 Hz (40 MHz pixel clock) or greater. Otherwise 48 kHz is the maximum.

*** 3000 ft. cable requires 50/125 μm OM2 class low loss fiber cable.

Important: These boards are compatible <u>only</u> with other AMX products that support the DGX Single Fiber Technology. They are <u>not</u> compatible with third-party optical distribution amplifiers or multimode to single-mode converters.

System Setup with DGX Fiber Modules

Epica DGX SC Optical Input and Output Boards *must* be used in conjunction with AMX DGX Fiber TX and RX Modules. Compatible DGX Fiber Modules are listed on page 92. System setup options are listed in a table on page 26. For module installation details, see the module's *Quick Start Guide* or *Installation Manual*.

Note: Along with the video signal, the DGX SC Optical Boards support embedded digital audio and analog stereo audio from the DGX Fiber Modules. When installed in an Enova DGX Switcher, these boards do not support serial data or control.

When the TX / RX Modules are installed, image adjustment and EDID scaling is automatically applied. For almost every installation, the automatic features on the modules result in a quality image on the monitor. If the installation has special requirements and needs additional adjustment or if you need product specifications for the modules, refer to the *Instruction Manual – DGX Transmitters & Receivers* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

The distance from a DGX Fiber TX Module to a DGX SC Optical Input Board can be up to 3,000 feet (914.4 m) and another 3,000 feet (914.4 m) from the DGX SC Optical Output Board to the DGX Fiber RX Module. For specifications details, see page 92.

Important: Signals which are not supported are: HDCP, 3D formats, any other video signal above 1920x1200, Deep Color, and any audio signals originating in a format other than 2 channel PCM digital or analog stereo audio. When HDCP protected video signals are routed through fiber, the display provides a solid red image to indicate the authentication process failed. When compressed audio signals are routed, the display goes blank. Non-HDCP signals are accepted.

The system setup in FIG. 48 illustrates DGX SC Optical Boards used in conjunction with DGX Fiber Modules. The DGX HD-15 TX and the DGX DVI TX Modules can be installed interchangeably. DGX HD-15 RX and the DGX DVI RX Modules are interchangeable as well, providing for an extremely flexible system. For example, in the same system the source device can send a DVI signal and the destination device can receive an RGBHV signal.



FIG. 48 SC Optical Boards are used in conjunction with DGX Fiber Modules

Tip: For systems with special requirements – Before installing in the final location, place the equipment close together, so the Control PC and the destination monitor can be seen simultaneously if adjustments are necessary.

Safety Recommendations for Laser Products

Important: No user serviceable parts are included inside Enova DGX enclosures; service should only be done by qualified personnel.

Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Exercise caution when installing DGX Fiber products to avoid direct eye exposure to invisible laser radiation. Follow the recommendations below whenever installing or working with DGX Fiber products.

- Be sure to apply the power only after all fiber connections are made and no fiber ends are exposed.
- □ Do *not* remove dust plugs from SC fiber connectors or the dust caps from the fiber cables until establishing connections; avoid direct eye exposure.
- □ Make sure all cables, including fiber cables, are correctly connected and/or terminated.
- Before you unplug a fiber cable on an input board, disconnect the power on the DGX TX that is connected to the input.
- □ Before you unplug a fiber cable on an output board, disconnect the switch for that output connector.

Attaching Cables

Viewed from the rear of the enclosure, the input boards (for attaching sources) are on the left, and the output boards (for attaching destinations) are on the right.

Enova DGX 16 – Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located between the input and output boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from left to right on each board from the top board to the bottom one; outputs start over at 1 and follow the same pattern.

Enova DGX 32 – Input and output channel numbers correspond to the connectors and are located on the numbering plate (metal strip) directly above the boards. For inputs, numbering is consecutive from top to bottom on each board from the left board to right one; outputs start over at 1 and follow the same pattern.

Instructions for attaching cable management bars are on page 30. These bars are recommended and provided with each DGX SC Optical Board.



Caution: Do not severely bend or kink the SC fiber cable. Irreversible damage can occur. Refer to the physical limitations (bend radius) specified for the cable. The bend radius for AMX SC terminated fiber cables is 2 inches (5 cm).

Check When Fastening Fiber Cables:

- □ Make sure that no dust or debris is on the exposed ends of the fiber cable.
- □ Make sure that the fiber cable connectors seat firmly into the board and module fiber connectors.

Normally an audible click is heard when a connector engages.

To connect SC fiber inputs and outputs:

1. Recommended – Install the provided cable management bars (see page 30).



Caution: CLASS 3R INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION WHEN OPEN; AVOID DIRECT EYE EXPOSURE.

- 2. Clean the fiber cable connector Follow the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 3. Remove the protective cap from the SC fiber connector.
- 4. Insert the fiber cable connector into the input and output SC fiber receptacles (FIG. 49).



FIG. 49 Fasten cables onto input and output connectors (shown with cable management bar)

- 5. Tie the SC fiber cable to the cable management bar far enough below the connector to allow for the manufacturer's recommended bend radius. The bend radius for AMX SC terminated fiber cables is 2 inches (5 cm).
- 6. Repeat the previous steps for the remaining fiber cables.

Note: An SC Optical Board <u>cannot</u> work in conjunction with an Audio Insert/Extract Board that is located on the same side of the enclosure as it is, i.e., the Audio Insert/Extract Board cannot insert or extract audio directly onto or out of an SC Optical Board. However, SC Optical Boards can handle audio signals from or to other types of boards that do work in conjunction with Audio Insert/Extract Boards. For example, if a video signal with embedded audio is routed from an SC Optical input Board to an HDMI Output Board, the audio can be extracted at the HDMI output, or if an audio signal is inserted onto an HDMI Input Board, the resulting video with embedded audio signal can be routed through an SC Optical Output Board.

Important: In the event that an HDCP protected signal is switched to an SC Optical Output Board, the image will show as red and will <u>not</u> pass the image. This is a visual confirmation that the output does not support HDCP protected content and as such has failed authentication with the Enova DGX Switcher. For HDCP protected signals to display, we recommend the use of local output boards which support HDCP protected source signals.

Epica DGX SC Optical Boards

Enova DGX Audio Insert/Extract Board

Applicability Notice

This chapter pertains to the following Enova DGX Audio Insert/Extract Board (referred to here as the AIE Board) which supports analog stereo audio:

• FG1058-700 Audio Insert/Extract Board



FIG. 50 AIE Boards (shown with HDMI Input and Output Boards in Enova DGX 32)

The Enova DGX Audio Insert/Extract Board works in conjunction with HDMI, DVI, and DXLink Input or Output Boards. AIE Boards can be installed in either of the AIE slots on the rear of the Enova DGX enclosure. The AIE Board can provide audio insertion and/or extraction functionality on either the input or output side. The board's DIP switches must be set per the individual system's requirements. The configuration process requires removing the board from the enclosure and setting its DIP switches (for details, see page 101). By default, the AIE Board is set with the extract/insert function enabled. In addition, the connectors default to "extract" audio.

Important: Setting the DIP switches is the <u>only</u> way to configure the AIE Board's insert/extract functionality. Therefore, if the switches require setting (which involves removal of the board from the enclosure), it needs to be done during system setup.

AIE Board Information – Must Know for System Setup

- Individual connectors on an AIE Board in either AIE slot can be configured by setting the DIP switches to insert or extract audio (default = enabled/extract)*
- When audio is "extracted" from an HDMI signal, the audio signal is not only sent to separate audio equipment but also remains intact as embedded audio on the HDMI signal which is handled by the Enova DGX Switcher.
- When audio is "inserted" onto an HDMI signal, the audio signal replaces the embedded audio on the HDMI signal which is handled by the Enova DGX Switcher.
- Left AIE slot AIE Board connectors correspond numerically to the standard input connectors. The audio signal on AIE Input 1 is either inserted or extracted onto/from standard Input 1 (2 works with 2, 3 works with 3, etc.).*
- Right AIE slot AIE Board connectors correspond numerically to the standard output connectors. The audio signal on AIE Output 1 is either inserted or extracted onto/from standard Output 1 (2 works with 2, 3 works with 3, etc.).
- The audio is always inserted or extracted as analog stereo audio at line level.
- Insert/extract settings provide unity gain to and from the digital domain.

* For example, when AIE Input 1 in the left AIE slot is set to insert and then you route HDMI Input 1, the audio signal for AIE Input 1 is embedded on the HDMI signal.

Important: Enova DGX 32 only – AIE Boards will not work in conjunction with standard input and output connectors 17-32, which are on the boards in the last four input and last four output board slots. Remaining standard board slots should be reserved for input/output boards without audio insert/extract needs.

Note: The AIE Boards do not form an independent switching matrix. When an AIE Board is used on the input side, audio signals cannot be controlled separately, but must either switch with the HDMI as embedded audio (insert function) or are sent to supplemental audio equipment (extract function). When an AIE Board is used on the output side, audio signals have already been switched as embedded audio with HDMI and can be either replaced or extracted, depending on which function is set.

Enova DGX Audio Insert/Extract Board – Specifications

Enova DGX Local Analog Audio Specifications				
Audio Insertion				
Audio Signal Type	Analog stereo, up to 16 channels per enclosure			
Analog Input Level (max.)	+3 dBu, unbalanced			
Input Impedance	10 kohms			
Analog to Digital Conversion	48 kHz sample rate, 24-bit			
Analog to Digital Reference Level	+3 dBu = 0 dBfs			
Optimal Analog Audio Operating Range	-30 dBu to +2 dBu			
Connectors	8 pluggable, dual three-position, terminal blocks each containing two single-ended stereo contacts (supports 28 to 18 AWG)			
Audio Extraction				
Audio Signal Type	Analog stereo, up to 16 channels per enclosure			
Audio Signal Type Support	Requires 2 CH L-PCM (32, 44.1, 48, 88.2, 96, 176.4, and 192 kHz at bit depths of 16, 20, and 24)			
Analog Output Level (max.)	+2.8 dBu, unbalanced			
Output Impedance	>=5 kohms			
Output Frequency Response	<+/-0.3 dB, 20 Hz to 20 kHz			
Audio Output THD+N	<0.04%, 1 kHz, -10 dBu to +2.8 dBu			
Audio Output SNR	>95 dB, 20 Hz to 20 kHz, Vin = +3 dBu			
Digital to Analog Resolution	24 bit, 2 Channel (stereo audio)			
Digital to Analog Reference Level	0 dBfs = +3 dBu			
Optimal Digital Audio Operating Range	-30 dBfs to -2 dBfs			
Audio Synchronization	TBD			
Connector	8 pluggable, dual three-position, terminal blocks each containing two single-ended stereo contacts (supports 28 to 18 AWG)			

Applies to Audio Insert/Extract Board FG1058-700.

Note: Only 2 channel L-PCM audio will be supported on the input and pass to the destination; any other type of audio will be muted at the extract port.

System Examples

The examples below show some uses for the insertion/extraction functionality on the AIE Board. Individual connectors on an AIE Board can be set to insert or extract audio onto/from their numerically corresponding standard inputs/outputs.

AIE Board in Left AIE Slot - Extract Function

Extracted audio remains intact from standard input to standard output but is also sent on to an auxiliary audio system for further distribution.



FIG. 51 Audio extracted from HDMI input signal and sent to auxiliary audio system

AIE Board in Left AIE Slot - Insert Function

Inserted audio is received separately from PC source, embedded onto the HDMI signal, and routed from standard input through standard output(s) to destination(s) as an HDMI signal with embedded audio.



FIG. 52 Audio inserted onto HDMI input signal

AIE Board in Right AIE Slot – Insert Function

Inserted audio from auxiliary audio system replaces embedded audio on HDMI signal and is sent to the destination device.



 $FIG.\,53\,$ Audio inserted onto HDMI output signal

AIE Board in Right AIE Slot – Extract Function

Audio is extracted by the AIE Board on the output side for use in supplemental audio equipment as well as remaining intact as HDMI with embedded audio from the output to the destination device.



FIG. 54 Audio extracted from HDMI output signal

AIE Boards in Both AIE Slots - Insert and Extract Functions

On left – embedded audio is extracted from standard input side and is sent on for audio processing. On right – inserted audio replaces embedded audio on HDMI signal and is sent to the destination device.



FIG. 55 Audio extracted from HDMI input signal and inserted onto HDMI output signal(s)

Note: When audio is routed through a separate Audio Matrix Switcher, the audio can be inserted back into the original system on multiple audio insert/extract connectors.

Important: When audio is "extracted" from an HDMI signal, the audio also remains intact as embedded audio on the HDMI signal.

Setting Audio Connectors to Insertion or Extraction

Important: If the factory default of enabled/extract meets all of the system's needs, this process is not necessary.

Setting AIE functionality to insert or extract audio requires removing the AIE Board, setting the DIP switches, and reinstalling the board.

Important: Setting the DIP switches is the <u>only</u> mechanism for configuring the AIE Board's insert/ extract functionality. Therefore, setting the switches (which requires removal of the board from the enclosure) needs to be done at the time of installation setup.

Removing the AIE Board



Caution: The AIE Board has an EMI (Electromagnetic Interference) gasket along one edge of the face plate. Handle the boards carefully to avoid dislodging or damaging the gasket on the board being handled and the gasket on the adjacent board or blank plate.

To remove the AIE Board:

1. Enova DGX 32 only – Loosen the captive screw on each end of the numbering plate above the boards, and set the plate aside.



FIG. 56 Enova DGX 32 only - two captive screws hold numbering plate above boards

- 2. Remove the pan head screw that holds the AIE Board in place.
- **3.** Push on the board's extractor handle as far as it will go (about a 45° angle). With the handle extended, carefully pull the board straight out of the AIE slot.



FIG. 57 Remove screw, push board extractor handle down, then pull board straight out (Enova DGX 32 shown)

4. Set the Dip switches according to the information on the following page, and then reinstall the board according to the directions on page 103.

Setting the DIP Switches

Important: When an AIE connector is set to insert audio, audio on the corresponding video signal <u>will always be replaced</u> with the input from the AIE connector. When the AIE connector does not have a valid audio signal to insert, "no signal" is the input that will be inserted – resulting in no sound.

The individual AIE connectors on the AIE Board must have their DIP switches set according to how the audio for each connector is to be used in the system.

Each board has two DIP switches per AIE connector with the corresponding AIE connector number displayed vertically between the switches (labeled "Channel Setting" – see FIG. 58 below).



FIG. 58 Flip DIP switches to change settings

The DIP switch on the left is used for enabling or disabling the extract/insert functionality. The DIP switch on the right can be set to either "extract audio from" or "insert audio onto" the signal routed on numerically corresponding standard input or output connectors.

Note: We recommend writing down the setting for each connector before reinstalling the AIE Board into the Enova DGX enclosure. This will make verifying correct audio switching (see page 104) easier.

Enable/Disable DIP Switches

- Located on the left (see blue rectangle in FIG. 58).
- To enable, flip left. Enable must be selected for the insert/extract function to work.
- To disable, flip right. Disable turns off the insert/extract function for that port.

Extract/Insert DIP Switches

- Located on the right (see red rectangle in FIG. 58).
- To extract audio, flip left. The AIE connector will pull the embedded audio signal off the corresponding standard input or output connector's signal (the embedded audio remains intact on the HDMI signal).
- To insert audio, flip right. The AIE connector will insert the connected audio signal onto the corresponding standard input or output connector's signal.

When shipped from the factory, the DIP switches are set to "Enable" and "Extract."
Reinstalling the AIE Board

Caution: The AIE Board has an EMI (Electromagnetic Interference) gasket along one edge of the face plate. Handle the boards carefully to avoid dislodging or damaging the gasket on the board being installed <u>and</u> the gasket on the adjacent board or blank plate.



Caution: Do <u>not</u> try to install an AIE Board in any of the standard input or output board slots. (Standard board slots are indicated by the numbers on the numbering plate that is above the slots on an Enova DGX 32 and between the input and output slots on an Enova DGX 16.) An AIE Board <u>can</u> only be installed in an I/O expansion board slot.

To reinstall the AIE Board:

Enova DGX 32 – With the board's extractor handle in the extended (unlocked) position, line up the board's edges on the board guides that are along the top and bottom of the AIE slot.
 Or

Enova DGX 16 – With the board's extractor handle in the extended (unlocked) position, line up the board's edges on the board guides that are along the left and right of the AIE slot. Note that boards on the input side have guides at the top of the slot and that guides for boards on the output side are at the bottom of the slot due to their reversed orientation in the enclosure.

- Begin pushing the AIE Board into the AIE slot until the extractor handle starts to engage the metal extractor plate (the extractor handle moves into its folded position).
 When the extractor handle starts to lift, flip the handle toward the center of the board until it snaps into its folded (locked) position, which firmly seats the board.
- 3. Insert and tighten the screw (removed previously) that holds the board in place.
- 4. Enova DGX 32 only When wiring is complete (see below) and functionality is checked, replace the connector numbering plate that was removed previously.

Important: If for any reason an I/O expansion board slot is left empty, be sure to attach a blank plate to cover the empty slot.

Attaching Wires

When attaching audio wires, you may find it easier to unplug the audio connectors before you start. For connector details, see Audio Specifications on page 98.

Important to Know When Wiring AIE Boards

- Audio boards and connectors are positioned vertically on the Enova DGX 32 and horizontally on the Enova DGX 16. Be sure to note the labeling for the wiring on the "R" (right channel) and the "L" (left channel) wires in FIG. 59.
- Enova DGX 16 only the orientation of audio Insert/Extract Board in the right AIE slot places the number 1 audio connector on the far right of the board.

To wire audio connectors:

- **1.** Press a very small tip screwdriver (or a T-pin) into the square hole to release the tension clamp (if the clamp does not release fully, you may need to use the screwdriver as a lever to release it).
- 2. Insert the wire into the round hole.



3. Remove the screwdriver from the square hole so that the clamp places tension on the wire.

 $FIG.\,59\,$ Audio wiring for AIE Board

4. Test/check the Insert/Extract functionality (see below).

Testing/Checking the Insert/Extract Functionality

Insertion – If the DIP switch setting results in being inserted onto the corresponding video input or output signal, execute a test switch using the video signal. If you need test switch details, see page 47.

Extraction – If the DIP switch setting results in audio being extracted from a video input or output signal, check the auxiliary or supplemental audio equipment involved to be sure the audio signal is present where expected.

If the system does not handle the audio in the expected manner, see AIE Board Troubleshooting on page 105.

AIE Board Troubleshooting

- If the audio is not present or is not at the expected destination, you may need to re-wire to a different connector.
 - To verify, check the connector numbers on the AIE Boards. The AIE connector numbers correspond directly to the numbers for the standard input or output connectors that they insert audio into or extract audio from. AIE 1 works with standard Input 1, AIE 2 works with standard Input 2, etc.
 - Enova DGX 32 only Remember that the AIE Boards will *not* work with connectors 17-32, which are on the input and output boards in the last four input and last four output board slots.
- Verify that the AIE Board is seated correctly by repeating the reinstallation procedure and then test/check the insert/extract functionality again.
- If extracted audio buzzes when connected to a balanced audio input device, wire the AIE connector as follows: AIE L to device L+; AIE R to device R+; AIE ground to device R-; and a jumper from device R- to device L- (see FIG. 61 below).

Options for Wiring AIE to Balanced Audio Input Device

Standard Wiring

The wiring in FIG. 60 is the standard way to wire an AIE connector to a balanced audio input device.

AIE output	Balanced audio input device
Right Image: Constraint of the second of the sec	Right + Right - Ground Left - Left +

FIG. 60 Standard wiring from AIE to balanced audio input device

If Necessary – Wiring to Eliminate Buzzing

The wiring in FIG. 61 can be used if the extracted audio buzzes when connected to a balanced audio input device.

AIE output		Bal	anced audio inpu	t device
	Right Ground Left	\sim	Right + Right - Ground Left - Left +	

FIG. 61 Wiring from AIE to balanced audio input device if buzzing occurs

Enova DGX Audio Insert/Extract Board

Control Panel Operation

Control Panel Overview

The Enova DGX Control Panels (standard on all enclosures) are used for controlling system switches and system attributes. All Enova DGX Switcher control panels function the same, but have input and output key support respective to their size.

Note: For information on additional control options, see page 20.

The Control Panel has an LCD, a Function Key, Control Dial, Select Key, Cancel Key, Take Key, Input and Output Keys, and Power Indicator. The Control Dial and Select Key work together for scrolling through the menu items displayed on the LCD to place the system into various modes (the types of operations, e.g., Change Mode to execute switches) or to access lists for control operations. Once in the desired mode, use the Input and Output Keys to select values and the Take Key to execute the operations (some modes require using the Control Dial and Select Key to select values).



FIG. 62 Control Panel, shown on an Enova DGX 32

Control Keys and Dial

Function Key

The Function Key accesses the Function menu on the LCD. As the Control Dial is scrolled, the menu displays the various command options, e.g., Change and Status. The Function Key can be pressed at any time to return the display to the Function menu. For an overview of the menu options, see page 109.

Select Key

The Select Key enters a selection. In addition, the Select Key can be used to execute global or local presets. However, the Select Key *cannot* execute or disconnect switches. Pressing the Take key executes or disconnects switches.

Cancel Key

Pressing the Cancel Key clears an incomplete operation and returns the display to the beginning of a submenu or list. The Cancel Key *cannot* undo a completed operation, e.g., an operation followed by the pressing of the Take Key. If the Cancel Key flashes, an error has occurred; a flashing Cancel Key *must* be pressed before continuing.

Control Keys and Dial (continued)

Take Key

The Take Key functions much like the Enter Key on a computer keyboard. Pressing the Take Key instructs the system to execute or disconnect a switch. Prior to pressing the Take Key, the individual operation component(s) are selected by pressing the appropriate key(s).

Control Dial

The Control Dial scrolls through the menu options and adjusts values. The Control Dial is used in conjunction with the Select Key to choose the commands and values on the LCD and change virtual matrices between standard virtual matrix configurations and any custom virtual matrices.

Input and Output Keys

Input and Output Keys correspond to the input and output connections on the rear of the enclosure. These keys are used to select the inputs and outputs for routing source signals to destination devices, as well as for status operations. Input Keys are also used for locking and unlocking the Control Panel.

When an Input or Output Key is pressed, the channel name (e.g., O_Ch:0003 for Output 3) displays on the LCD. Hold the key down to display the name longer.

The color of the Input and Output Keys indicate availability or selection:

- Blue key indicates the input or output is available for selection as part of the current operation.
- White or flashing white key indicates an input or output has been selected and that additional action is required to complete the operation. When verifying Status, the key corresponding to the selected input or output is white; a key(s) for the input or outputs that are connected to the selected key turn white. When a key is flashing white, it cannot be unselected and does not display label information on the LCD when pressed. Select another key or press the Cancel Key to unselect.
- Non-illuminated key indicates the input or output is not available for the current operation, e.g., if the enclosure's configuration size is not a full 32x32, some keys are always unavailable (never illuminated) because they do not have a corresponding connector on the rear.

FIG. 63 shows various keys states while in Change Mode. Input Key 19 is flashing white, indicating that input was selected first. Outputs Keys 4 and 5 are white, indicating that those outputs have also been selected (and can be unselected). The switch from Input 19 to Outputs 4 and 5 will be executed when the Take Key is pressed. Note that Keys 21 through 24 in the second row of inputs are not available.



Key flashing white (input selected)

FIG. 63 Example of key states during Change Mode (Control Panel on an Enova DGX 32)

Menus and Modes

The Function menu and its submenus access the modes and functions used to control the system. The modes are Change, Virtual Matrix, Status, Disconnect, Setup Options, Lock Panel, Global Preset, and Local Preset. While in a mode, the same command can be repeated, without having to return to the Function menu to re-select the mode, e.g., executing more than one local preset.

Use the Control Dial and Select Key to navigate the Function menu, and submenus. The Function menu and the submenus are loop menus, which means that each menu returns to its first item after you scroll past its last item.

Note: A clear label with white lettering that shows the entire LCD Function menu (as shown on the right) is included in the Control Panel Label Kit shipped with the system. Dust surface of panel near the LCD with a dry cloth (if necessary, use a non-abrasive cleaner), peel the backing off of the label, and firmly press the label on the panel.

Select a Function:
•Change
•Virtual Matri×
• Status
• Disconnect
•Setup Options
•Software Version
•Default VM
•Reload Config
•Chan9e Password
•Lock Panel
•Global Preset
•Define Global
•Execute Global
•Local Preset

Function menu structure

The Function menu (see right) and its submenus access the following modes and functions:

Change

Selecting Change places the system in Change Mode. The Control Panel *must* be in Change Mode to execute switches. While in Change Mode, select the Input and Output(s) Keys followed by the Take Key to execute switches (see page 111).

Virtual Matrix

Selecting the Virtual Matrix Mode accesses the virtual matrices designated for the system in the configuration file (VM 0, VM 1, and any custom virtual matrices). The Virtual Matrix Mode can be selected to change the virtual matrix currently used to execute operations (see page 112).

Status

Selecting Status places the system in Status Mode. Status Mode is used to confirm signal routing or routing to multiple outputs without risk of accidentally executing a switch (see page 114).

Disconnect

Selecting Disconnect places the system in Disconnect Mode. While in Disconnect Mode, select the Input or Output Key(s) followed by the Take Key to disconnect switches (see page 113). While in Disconnect Mode, the Control Panel does not indicate the current routing of selected inputs or outputs.

Setup Options

Selecting Setup Options (see page 120) accesses the Setup Options submenu to check the software version, change the default virtual matrix, reload the configuration file (when directed to do so by technical support), and change the Control Panel password.

Lock Panel

Selecting Lock Panel places the Control Panel in Lock Mode at which time the password is entered to lock the panel. Locking the panel prohibits access to the system and can prevent accidental switching (see page 118).

Global Preset

Selecting Global Preset accesses the Global Preset submenu to execute global presets or define global presets (see page 115).

Local Preset

Selecting Local Preset accesses the list of local presets that can be executed (see page 117). Local Preset will only appear as an option on the Function menu if local presets have been defined in XNConnect configuration software for the selected virtual matrix.

Enova DGX Control Panel operation consists of the following four basic tasks:

- **Choosing a mode, submenu, or list:** press the Function Key to access the Function menu. Use the Control Dial and Select Key to choose the desired mode, submenu, list, or list item.
- Selecting inputs or outputs: press the corresponding Input or Output Key. Selected keys will change color or flash, depending on the routing state.
- Selecting values for fields: use the Control Dial and Select Key (e.g., virtual matrices or global presets).
- **Executing a command:** press the Take Key.

Labeling Input and Output Keys

Each Enova DGX Switcher ships with a kit for custom labeling. To order additional kits, contact your AMX representative. The Control Panel Label Kit (KA1056-01) includes:

- Perforated card stock sheets Print, separate labels, and slide into holders.
- Label holders Attach to the front panel above each row of Input and Output Keys.
- LCD Function menu label Shows entire LCD menu structure (see Note on previous page).

The label template (an .xlt template formatted in Microsoft Excel) for labeling the input and output keys is included on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* and is available at **www.amx.com**.



FIG. 64 Customize labels to designate sources and destinations (Control Panel on an Enova DGX 32)

Tip: When the labels are ready to print, we recommend printing a sample on plain paper first.

To create and install labels for Input and Output Keys:

- 1. Open the *AMX AutoPatch CD* (or from **www.amx.com**, search for Control Panel Label Form Template. Open the template and go to Step 4).
- 2. From the Manuals/Misc. Docs menu, select Miscellaneous.
- **3.** From the Miscellaneous Documentation page under "Control Panel Label Form Template," click the Labeling Template link to launch the Labeling Template .xlt file.
- Type the labels in the pre-formatted cells on the template according to the instructions in the template (if desired, use standard Excel editing tools to alter font size, spacing, color, etc.). Do not modify the cell size.
- 5. Save the file for future use (recommended).
- 6. Print the labels on the perforated sheets provided, using any standard laser printer.
- 7. Trim off the excess label insert material where indicated.
- 8. Separate the label strips at their perforations (bend back and forth first).
- 9. Slide the first label strip into a plastic label holder (position with open edge of holder up).
- **10.** Peel the adhesive backing off the label holder and press the holder firmly onto the Control Panel above the appropriate Input or Output Keys. The silk screened labels on the front panel will aid in label holder alignment.
- 11. Repeat Steps 7 and 8 for the remaining labels.

Executing Switches

A switch is an active connection between an input (source) device and one or more output (destination) devices. The signals routed in a switching operation are individual signals or groups of individual signals coming through the connectors on the rear of an enclosure. You can execute switches from the Control Panel using the steps below or by defining and executing a global preset (see page 115) or by executing a local preset (see page 117).

The LCD displays VM 0 or VM 1 (or any custom virtual matrix) in the upper-right corner; this is the virtual matrix that operations are currently being executed on. Switches are executed on the default virtual matrix unless otherwise specified. When specifying a virtual matrix, be sure it includes the signal(s) you want to route.

Note: When audio is transmitted along with video, the audio switches on the same VM as the video (the audio and video <u>cannot</u> be switched independently). Audio transmission occurs one of three ways: with the video over fiber, embedded with HDMI, or inserted via the Audio Insert/Extract Board.

Virtual matrix definitions reside in the configuration information in an enclosure's CPU. If you need to change the virtual matrix that switches are being executed on, see "Changing the Virtual Matrix" on page 112. If you decide to change the default virtual matrix, see page 120 for "Setup Options."

When an Input or Output Key is pressed, the LCD displays the channel name (e.g., O_Ch:0003 for Output 3). Hold the key down to display the name longer.

Return to the Function menu at any time by pressing the Function Key.

Note: When you put the panel in Change Mode, available keys will be illuminated in blue and any unavailable ones will not be illuminated. The first blue key selected flashes white and the next key(s) selected turns white. You can toggle the non-flashing white keys between the selected (white) and unselected (blue) state before pressing the Take Key. For an example, see FIG. 63 on page 108.

In an execute switch command either an input or an output may be selected first. To switch to multiple outputs, the Input Key *must* be selected first. Use the Control Panel to select and unselect Input and Output Keys to modify the switch as long as the keys are not flashing. Once satisfied with the switch selections, press the Take Key to execute it. (Or, if not satisfied with the selections, press the Cancel Key and start over.)

For new installations, we recommend executing a test switch to verify the system is working correctly before attaching *all* inputs and outputs. To execute a test switch, attach the first input (source) and first output (destination) and then complete the directions below. For more information on test switches, see page 47.

Before executing the test switch below, use the directions on page 114 to disconnect the factory default switch (i.e., disconnect Input 1 which is connected to all outputs on Virtual Matrix 1 when it leaves the factory).

The directions below switch Input 1 to Output 2 on VM 0.

To execute a test switch:

1. Press the Function Key.

The Function menu appears.

```
Select a Function:
• Change
```

2. Press the Select Key to choose Change.

The system is in Change Mode (the available Input and Output Keys turn blue).



- Press Input Key 1. Input Key 1 flashes indicating that it is ready to switch. (Any outputs currently connected to a selected input will turn white.)
- Press Output Key 2. Output Key 2 illuminates indicating that it is ready to accept the switch.
- Press the Take Key. Input 1 switches to Output 2, and the keys turn blue. The panel remains in Change Mode until the Function Key is pressed.
- 6. Press Input Key 1 again to toggle it off, and Press the Take Key to disconnect the test switch.

Changing the Virtual Matrix

Enova DGX Switchers support two virtual matrices for switching signals, VM 0 = "All" and VM 1 = "Video." The system also supports any custom virtual matrices created in XNConnect configuration software; 2 digits are the maximum allowed (0 through 99). VM 0 is the factory default, and for the Enova DGX Switcher, VM 0 normally routes the same as VM 1. If you create a custom configuration, you will need to change the virtual matrix on the Control Panel to execute switches (or other operations) using the custom virtual matrix.

Note: When audio is embedded on HDMI, the audio switches on the same VM as the video (the audio and video <u>cannot</u> be switched independently).

The directions below give the steps to change from routing signals on VM 0 to routing on a custom configuration (VM 2).

To change the virtual matrix:

- **1.** Press the Function Key. The Function menu appears.
- 2. Locate Virtual Matrix by scrolling with the Control Dial.



4. Scroll with the Control Dial to 2:Custom.



5. Press the Select Key to enter your selection.

The display returns to the top of the V.Matrix submenu.

VM 2 "Custom" becomes the new virtual matrix used for all operations.



6. Press the Function Key to return to the Function menu.

The system is ready to execute operations on VM 2. The system will remain on VM 2 for all operations until the virtual matrix is changed or the power is cycled (at which time the Control Panel will switch on the default virtual matrix).

Note: To change the default virtual matrix, see the instructions on page 121.

Disconnecting Switches

Disconnecting a switch deactivates the connection between an input (source) and one or more output (destination) devices. Disconnecting an input will disconnect all outputs currently receiving the input's signal. An output can only be connected to one input; therefore, disconnecting an output will only disconnect the connection between the output and the input that is routed to it. Inputs and outputs can be selected in the same disconnect command.

Disconnect inputs or outputs from the Control Panel using the steps below. If you need to change the virtual matrix, see "Changing the Virtual Matrix" on page 112.

Note: When you put the panel in Disconnect Mode, the available keys will be illuminated in blue and any unavailable ones will not be illuminated. When you select a blue key, it turns white. You can toggle the keys between the selected (white) and unselected (blue) state before pressing the Take Key. An example is provided in FIG. 63 on page 108.

Once the Control Panel is in Disconnect Mode, inputs and outputs can be selected and unselected by pressing the corresponding Input and Output Keys. The disconnect command is not executed until the Take Key is pressed. Pressing the Cancel Key clears an incomplete disconnect command and returns the display to the beginning of the submenu.

While in Disconnect Mode, the Control Panel will not show current routing for the inputs and outputs that are selected.



Caution: Disconnecting an input disconnects <u>all outputs</u> receiving that source signal even if a specific output(s) is selected at the same time.

The example on the following page disconnects Inputs 1 and 3 and all outputs connected to them as well as Output 9.

To disconnect inputs and outputs:

1. Press the Function Key. The Function menu appears.

Select a Function: • Chan9e

2. Locate Disconnect by scrolling with the Control Dial.

```
Select a Function:
•Disconnect
```

3. Press the Select Key.

The system is in Disconnect Mode (all the available Input and Output Keys turn blue).

4. Press Input Keys 1 and 3 and Output Key 9. The keys turn white indicating that they are selected.

5. Press the Take Key.

Inputs 1 and 3 (and all outputs connected to them) and Output 9 are disconnected as soon as the Take Key is pressed and the keys turn blue.

6. Make additional disconnects.

Or

Press the Function Key to return to the Function menu.

Verifying Signal Status

The status of inputs or outputs can be checked using the Enova DGX Control Panel. Signal status can be verified to confirm that a switch has executed properly or to confirm correct routing to multiple outputs (destinations). Verifying an input will illuminate all outputs currently receiving the input's signal. An output can only be connected to one input (source); therefore, verifying the status of an output will illuminate only the one input that is currently routed to it.

Once the Control Panel is in Status Mode, inputs and outputs can be selected by pressing the corresponding Input and Output Keys without changing the routing state. The panel stays in Status Mode until the Function Key is pressed.

To verify signal status on a different virtual matrix, see "Changing the Virtual Matrix" on page 112.

To verify the status of a signal:

1. Press the Function Key. The Function menu appears.

```
Select a Function:
• Change
```

2. Locate Status by scrolling with the Control Dial.

Select a Function: • Status

3. Press the Select Key.

The system is in Status Mode (all available Input and Output Keys turn blue).



4. Press the Input Key that corresponds to the input you want to check.

The selected Input Key turns white, and any Output Keys receiving the input signal also turn white. **Or** press the Output Key that corresponds to the output you want to check.

The selected Output Key turns white, and if an Input Key routed to it, that key also turns white.

5. Select another signal to verify.

Or

Press the Function Key to return to the Function menu.

Defining and Executing Global Presets

Global presets are predefined sets of switches that can easily be executed at one time. A global preset number can be assigned to a routing state during runtime and stored by the system, allowing you to replicate an entire system state. (The system state includes any special settings and all signal routings.) That system state can be restored at any time by selecting the assigned global preset number. Global presets can be defined or recalled using either the Control Panel or BCS commands interchangeably. The Control Panel on the Enova DGX Switcher supports up to 64 global presets.

A global preset is a snapshot of an entire system's state which enables that system state to be recalled at a later time. Before defining a global preset, the system *must* be routed to the desired state.

Because all 64 potential global preset numbers are displayed in the Global Preset submenu, be aware that nothing indicates which of the numbers have been assigned a routing state.



Caution: We <u>strongly</u> recommend keeping track of the number and the system state routing used for each global preset. If a previously used number is assigned to another system state (using either the Control Panel or BCS commands), the former state will be automatically overwritten.

The instructions below define an example Global Preset 3, and the instructions at the bottom of the next page execute a predefined Global Preset 3.

Important: Wait approximately ten seconds for the system to permanently store the global preset setting before executing another operation.

To define a global preset:

- **1.** Route the system to the desired state.
- **2.** Press the Function Key. The Function menu appears.
- **3.** Locate Global Preset by scrolling with the Control Dial.

```
Select a Function:
•Global Preset
```

 Press the Select Key. The Global Preset submenu appears.

Global Preset: •Define Global

 Scroll with the Control Dial to Define Global. Press the Select Key. The Define Global list appears.

```
Define Global:
•1:Global Preset 1
```

6. Scroll with the Control Dial until Global Preset 3 appears.

Define Global: •3:Global Preset 3

- 7. Press either the Select Key or the Take Key.
- **8.** Wait approximately ten seconds for the system to store the global preset setting. The current routing state can now be recalled as Global Preset 3, and the system returns to the Global Preset submenu.
- 9. Press the Function Key to return to the Function menu.

To execute a global preset:

- **1.** Press the Function Key. The Function menu appears.
- 2. Locate Global Preset by scrolling with the Control Dial.
- **3.** Press the Select Key. Execute Global appears.

4. Press the Select Key.

The Execute Global Preset list appears.

```
Execute Global:
•1:Global Preset 1
```

5. Scroll with the Control Dial until Global Preset 3 appears.

```
Execute Global:
•3:Global Preset 3
```

- 6. Press either the Select Key or the Take Key.Global Preset 3 is executed. The system now reflects the routing state that it was in when Global Preset 3 was defined.The system returns to the Global Preset submenu.
- 7. Press the Function Key to return to the Function menu.

Note: Status is not invalidated by global presets.

Executing Local Presets

A local preset is a predetermined set of switches on a particular virtual matrix that are routed simultaneously. They are stored in each enclosure's configuration file and can be executed at any time. Local Preset will not appear as a submenu option in the Function menu if local presets have not already been defined. In addition, they will not appear if the system is on a virtual matrix that does not have local presets. The Enova DGX supports 335 local presets.

Local presets are not programmed (defined) at the factory. To program them, use XNConnect configuration software (see page 178) or contact your AMX representative (for contact information, see page 58). Once the local presets have been defined as part of the configuration file, the new file *must* be loaded to the system's CPU (see page 180) and reloaded to the Control Panel (see page 122).

Make sure the Control Panel is switching on the virtual matrix where the local preset resides. If no local presets have been defined for the selected VM, the Local Preset submenu option will not be available on the Function menu.

Note: Executing a local preset does not change any system routings that are not part of the preset.

The example below executes Local Preset 3 "Discon Conf Rm B" on VM 0.

To execute a local preset:

1. Press the Function Key. The Function menu appears.

Select a Function: • Change 2. Locate Local Preset by scrolling with the Control Dial.



3. Press the Select Key. The Local Preset list appears.

L	O	C	ē	1	P	ŀ	e	s	e	t	::	VMØ
:	1	:: ::	C	on	f		R	m		В		

4. Scroll to Local Preset 3.

L.	O	<u> </u>	ē	1		P	ŀ	e	s	e	t	::			٧þ	10	
	3	:: ::	D	i	s		o	n		С	O	n	f	R	m	В	

- **5.** Press either the Select Key or the Take Key. Local Preset 3 is executed.
- 6. Execute another local preset. Or

Press the Function Key to return to the Function menu.

Locking and Unlocking

Locking the Enova DGX Control Panel prohibits access to the system and can prevent accidental switching. While the panel is locked, BCS commands still work; however, they cannot be used to unlock the panel. The panel remains locked if the power is cycled.

The password used to lock and unlock the panel consists of a sequence of five input keys. The factory default password is the first five Input Keys (1-2-3-4-5). A new password can be set using any combination of five keys from Input 1 through Input 8 (for instructions, see page 122).



Caution: We strongly recommend recording passwords in a secure place; Enova DGX Switchers cannot retrieve a lost password.

If the password is lost while the system is locked, contact technical support (see page 58).

Locking the Control Panel

If you enter the wrong password while attempting to lock the Control Panel, the LCD displays "Invalid Password" and the Cancel Key flashes. Press the Cancel Key to clear the error and enter the correct password.

Note: For security purposes, the Input Keys do not turn white when pressed while locking and unlocking the panel.

To lock the Control Panel:

1. Press the Function Key. The Function menu appears.

```
Select a Function:
• Change
```

2. Locate Lock Panel by scrolling with the Control Dial.

```
Select a Function:
•Lock Panel
```

3. Press the Select Key.

The system is in Lock Mode (Input Keys 1 through 8 turn blue).

4. Press the Input Keys in the following order: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 (default password).

```
Lock Panel:
Password=**____
```

The panel is locked, and all Input and Output Keys turn off.

```
PANEL IS LOCKED
Press any Key
```

Unlocking the Control Panel

When the panel is locked and you press any key, the Unlock Panel Screen appears. You have ten (10) seconds to enter the password or the Control Panel remains locked. If you wait longer than 10 seconds, press any key again before entering the password.

If you enter the wrong password while attempting to unlock the Control Panel, an invalid password message appears and the Cancel Key flashes. Press the Cancel Key to clear the error and enter the correct password.

To unlock the Control Panel:

1. Press any key.

The Unlock Panel Screen appears (Input Keys 1 through 8 turn blue). You *must* enter the password within ten (10) seconds.



2. Press the Input Keys in the following order: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 (default password). The panel unlocks and returns to the Function menu.

Setup Options

The following options are available under the Setup Options submenu:

- Software Version to display software version information for the Control Panel
- **Default VM** to change the factory default virtual matrix
- **Reload Config** is not used in normal operations; use only when loading local presets to the Control Panel or when directed to do so by technical support
- Change Password to change the password from the factory default

Software Version

The Software Version Screen provides the following information:

- Driver Control Panel's firmware version
- Built date the Control Panel's software was built
- Host software version of the initial operating system (IOS) for the Control Panel
- XNet ID Control Panel's XNet device number
- FP Link baud 115200 indicates the front control panel and the baud rate

Use the following steps to check the software version information for the Control Panel.

To check the software version information:

1. Press the Function Key.

The Function menu appears.

```
Select a Function:
• Change
```

2. Locate Setup Options by scrolling with the Control Dial.

```
Select a Function:
•Setup Options
```

3. Press the Select Key. The Setup Options submenu appears.

Locate Software Version by scrolling with the Control Dial.

```
Setur Ortions:
•Software Version
```

 Press the Select Key again to choose Software Version. The Software Version Screen appears.

Software	Version:	Version number
• Driver:	Va. b. C	

5. Scroll with the Control Dial to see additional Software Version information.

 Press the Cancel Key to return to the Setup Options submenu. Or

Press the Function Key to return to the Function menu.

Default Virtual Matrix

The factory default virtual matrix for the Enova DGX Switcher is VM 0. You have the option of changing the factory default virtual matrix for your system. When you choose a new default virtual matrix, the system will revert to that virtual matrix each time the system is powered up even if you changed the virtual matrix using the V.Matrix list during normal operation. The power *must* be cycled before the default virtual matrix changes are implemented. If you want to immediately switch on the default matrix, either change the current virtual matrix (see page 112) or cycle the power.

The following example changes the default virtual matrix from VM 0 to VM 2, a custom virtual matrix.

To change the default virtual matrix:

1. Press the Function Key. The Function menu appears.

Select a Function: • Change

2. Locate Setup Options by scrolling with the Control Dial.

Select a Function: •Setup Options

- **3.** Press the Select Key. The Setup Options submenu appears.
- Scroll to Default VM. Press the Select Key. The Default VM list appears.



5. Scroll to 2:Custom.

Default VM: VM:0 •2:Custom

6. Press the Select Key.

The display returns to the top of the Setup Options submenu.

7. Cycle power to implement VM 2 as the default virtual matrix.

Or change the virtual matrix (see page 112) to immediately execute operations on the new default virtual matrix without cycling power. (The next time power is cycled, VM 2 will be implemented as the default virtual matrix.)

Reload Config

The Reload Config option is not used in normal operations. Use this option only when loading local presets to the Control Panel (or when directed to do so by technical support).

To reload the configuration file to the Control Panel:

1. Press the Function Key.

The Function menu appears.

Select a Function: • Change

2. Locate Setup Options by scrolling with the Control Dial.

Select a Function: •Setur Ortions

- **3.** Press the Select Key. The Setup Options submenu appears.
- 4. Scroll to Reload Config.

```
Setup Options:
·Reload Config
```

5. Press the Select Key.

The configuration file reloads to the Control Panel and the display returns to the top of the Setup Options submenu.

6. Press the Function Key to return to the Function menu.

Setting the Password

The Enova DGX Control Panel's default password is "1 2 3 4 5" entered using the first five input keys. A new password can be set using any combination of five of the Input Keys 1 through 8 when the LCD displays "Enter New PWD" (Step 5 in the following procedure). In the Change Password Mode (selected in Step 4), the keys available to use in a password will illuminate blue.

If a password has been created and downloaded to the system from XNConnect configuration software, a new password can be set from the front panel to replace it; however, the previous one must be entered first.



Caution: We strongly recommend recording the new password in a secure place; an Enova DGX Switcher cannot retrieve a lost password.

If the password is lost while the system is locked, a new password can be set and downloaded to the system using XNConnect (see page 177).

To set the password:

1. Press the Function Key.

The Function menu appears.

```
Select a Function:
• Change
```

2. Locate Setup Options by scrolling with the Control Dial.

```
Select a Function:
•Setup Options
```

3. Press the Select Key.

The Setup Options submenu appears. Locate Change Password by scrolling with the Control Dial.

```
Setur Ortions:
•Change Password
```

4. Press the Select Key.

The LCD displays the prompt Enter Current PWD. Using the illuminated keys, input the current password. (The default password is 1 2 3 4 5.)

```
Enter Current PWD:
Password=____
```

 The LCD displays the prompt Enter New PWD. Using any combination of the illuminated keys, input the new password. (To change any entries, press the Cancel Key – restarting the process – and reenter from the start.)

```
Enter New PWD:
Password=____
```

The LCD displays Reenter New PWD.

```
Reenter New PWD:
Password=____
```

6. Re-enter the new password.

If the re-entered password matches, the system accepts it as the new password, and the LCD displays Password Reset. Press the Take Key and go to Step 7.

Or

If the re-entered password does not match, the LCD displays Invalid Password. Press the Cancel Key to return to Enter New PWD screen and repeat Steps 5 and 6.

INVALID PASSWORD Try Again

7. When the new password is successfully reset, press the Cancel Key to return to the Setup Options submenu.

Or

Press the Function Key to return to the Function menu.

System Error Codes and Troubleshooting

This section provides an overview of the most common error codes that may appear on an Enova DGX Control Panel. The table on the next page lists the error code, the name of the code, the meaning of the code, and some basic troubleshooting strategies (additional error code troubleshooting strategies are included on page 125). The codes in the table are not intended to be comprehensive. If an error code appears that is not listed, note the specific number and contact technical support (see page 58).

The first letter of the error code indicates the following:

- E = Error
- W = Warning
- A = Alarm* (requires immediate attention)
- I = Information*

* Because these codes very rarely appear, they are not included in the table.

For the following instructions, establish serial control and open DGX Configuration Software (or a terminal emulation program) on a PC; see page 169.

To enable error code reporting:

 Enter \$ERR=1 ! The system responds with a V.

Note: If the power is cycled after this procedure, you will need to enable error code reporting again.

To turn off error code reporting:

1. Enter \$ERR=0!

Most Common System Error Code								
Error Code	Name	Meaning	Basic Troubleshooting Strategies					
EFF8002	Enclosure timeout error	The operation was not completed before the timer expired.	 Resend the command. Check the power indicators. Check that the command was sent using the correct virtual matrix. 					

Error Code Troubleshooting

Error codes can appear either on the Control Panel LCD or in a terminal emulation program, such as DGX Configuration Software (see page 169).

When you are using a Control Panel, one of the most common troubleshooting strategies is to resend the command to see if the error was simply a timeout error.

When you are using BCS commands, one common troubleshooting strategy is to enter the command again. Often the command has just been entered incorrectly (e.g., omitting an output in a Change command). In other cases, the command has specified a value that is not valid (e.g., a global preset number that does not correspond to a defined global preset).

If the error code persists after correcting and resending the command, contact technical support (see page 58).

Control Panel Operation

NetLinx® Integrated Control

WebConsole Overview

When the WebConsole is accessed through NetLinx Studio, the interface delivers HTML pages for setting up the system and a Java control applet, which allows for remote control of an Enova DGX Switcher using PC-based Internet browsing software.

Important: The instructions in this chapter assume that the system setup instructions for using the integrated NetLinx Master have been completed. If this is not the case, see page 37.

This chapter provides WebConsole information for the Network Administrator doing the initial setup.

- Opening the Network Interface
- Getting a DHCP IP address (default)
- Setting a static IP address (optional)

Additional information for the WebConsole is covered as follows:

- The next chapter (see page 133) contains complete information on the WebConsole pages that cover the Enova DGX Switcher, including using the XBar Controller a graphic interface control panel with crosspoints for executing and disconnecting switches.
- The chapter "Firmware Upgrade & Info for Network Admin" (see page 141) covers the topics of upgrading the firmware, embedding the XBar applet, and changing the proxy setting.
- Complete information for the integrated NetLinx Master (NI-3100 Class Controller) is documented in the *WebConsole & Programming Guide NetLinx Integrated Controllers* at **www.amx.com**.

In the WebConsole, the Device drop-down menu lists the "System Number," the "NI Master" (NetLinx Master) which is integrated into the Digital Media Switcher, and the switcher: Enova DGX 16 or Enova DGX 32 (FIG. 65).

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Master Configuration Manager	00000 - 14 Mander 05002 - Enove DG 41001 - Virtual	16	Device menu
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Record			
Captyright @ 2009	LODIO AMIXILLE	Show Device Tree	

FIG. 65 Device menu in the Master Configuration Manager

The *WebConsole & Programming Guide – NetLinx Integrated Controllers* at **www.amx.com** provides information on the following:

- D:P:S specification
- Navigation of the WebConsole user interface
- Basic configuration of the system
- Firmware upgrades
- Options on the WebConsole pages for the System, Master, and devices
- NetLinx programming
- NetLinx security options
- SSL Certificate information for the system
- Terminal commands for the Program port and Telnet
- IPSec Configuration file
- Clock Manager NetLinx Programming API



Caution: We strongly recommend a Network Administrator set up the system even if DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol), gateways, firewalls, etc. are not being used.

Opening the NetLinx WebConsole

Caution: We strongly recommend that the NetLinx WebConsole interface site be placed inside your network firewall and that system security be turned on.

To open the NetLinx WebConsole interface:

 From the NetLinx Studio Zero-Config tab – Double-click on "Enova DGX [16 or 32]" or right-click and select one of the launch browser options. (If the "Enova DGX [16 or 32]" option is not displayed, see the instructions on page 43.)

The Manage WebControl Connections page opens.

Or

In the address bar of your PC's browser – Type the IP address and press Enter (to determine the IP address, see the instructions on page 43 or contact your Network Administrator). The PC must be on the same subnet (e.g., 192.168.X.X). The Manage WebControl Connections page opens.



FIG. 66 The Manage WebControl Connections page (default page)

2. Complete any necessary configuration of the system.

If the WebConsole does not open, see the "NetLinx WebConsole Troubleshooting" section on page 46.

Note: The WebConsole does not have a Master Connection page since the NetLinx Master is integrated into the Enova DGX Switcher and is not modifiable.

Getting a DHCP IP Address

By default, the WebConsole is set to use a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) IP address (a connection must be established with a network that contains a DHCP server).

If the IP address has been changed to a static IP address and you want to change back to a DHCP IP address, use the following directions.

To force invocation of a DHCP IP address:

1. From the Devices drop-down list in the upper right-hand corner, select NI Master. The Network Settings page opens.

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FIG. 67 Network Settings page

- 2. If DHCP is not selected under IP Address, click to enable.
- 3. Click Accept.
- **4.** Click Reboot. The WebConsole begins searching for a DHCP server. If the search times out, the address will revert to the previous IP address.

Important: Any time you click "Reboot" from any page in the WebConsole, the server reboots. The reboot updates information between the Enova DGX Master and the server. The Enova DGX Switcher itself does <u>not</u> reboot.

Setting a Static IP Address

The current IP address is displayed on the Network Settings page.

Note: When the TCP/IP connection is made, the DHCP server on the network automatically assigns an IP address. If you power down and power back up, the DHCP server will reassign the IP address, which may or may not be the same address it assigned previously. Setting a static IP address prevents the possibility of the IP address changing at power up.

To enter a static IP address:

- 1. From the Devices drop-down list in the upper right-hand corner, select NI Master. The Network Settings page opens.
- 2. If Specify IP Address is not selected under IP Address, click to enable.

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Dubriet Mask	255	255	255	10					
	112	104	1.54	1.5					

FIG. 68 Network Settings page with static IP Address

- 3. Enter the static IP address in the IP Address fields.
- 4. Click Accept.
- 5. Click Reboot.

Important: Any time you click "Reboot" from any page in the WebConsole, the server reboots. The reboot updates information between the Enova DGX Master and the server. The Enova DGX Switcher itself does <u>not</u> reboot.

A static IP address can also be set without using a DHCP server.

PC Requirements

□ Windows 7 or Windows XP Professional (32-bit)

- Terminal emulation program
- USB port

To set a static IP address via a terminal program:

- 1. Connect a PC to the enclosure via the Program port using a USB to Mini-USB cable.
- 2. Open a terminal emulation program on the PC.
- 3. Set the COM port in the terminal emulation program to a baud rate of 115200.
- 4. Power up the system and press the Enter key twice to wake up the port.
- 5. Enter echo on (note that this command does not appear on the screen). Press the Enter key.
- 6. Enter **set** ip and follow the prompts (see example below).

Set IP Example

In the following example, **echo on** has been entered but cannot be seen. The characters/numbers in bold have been entered and appear. The reboot command uses D:P:S notation (Device:Port:System).

```
set ip
 --- Enter New Values or just hit Enter to keep current settings ---
 Enter Host Name: master
 Enter IP type. Type D for DHCP or S for Static IP and then Enter: DHCP s
 Enter IP Address: 192.168.1.101 192.168.1.101
 Enter Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
 Enter Gateway IP: 192.168.1.1
  You have entered: Host Name master
            Type
                     Static IP
            IP Address 192.168.1.101
            Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0
            Gateway IP 192.168.1.1
 Is this correct? Type Y or N and Enter -> Y
 Settings written. Device must be rebooted to enable new settings.
>reboot 0:1:0
```

Important: The reboot updates information between the Enova DGX Master and the server. The Enova DGX Switcher itself does <u>not</u> reboot.

NetLinx® Integrated Control

Enova DGX WebConsole Interface

"05002 - Enova DGX [16 or 32]" Overview

The WebConsole includes pages specifically for the Enova DGX Switcher. When it is selected in the Device drop-down list in the upper right of the WebConsole's Master Configuration Manager (FIG. 69), the pages provide an interface for certain system attributes that the integrated Master monitors and controls.

Note: The default Device Number for the Enova DGX Switcher is 5002.

This chapter uses examples that assume an Enova DGX 16 is connected to a LAN via its ICS 100/1000 port (see page 43) and that the WebConsole has been accessed (see page 46).

Important: For information on using the WebConsole for Master functions, refer to the "WebConsole & Programming Guide – NetLinx Integrated Controllers" (available at **www.amx.com**).

icsp Device Config - Enova DGX 16 Device Config

The icsp Device Config tab opens to the Enova DGX 16 (or Enova DGX 32) Device Config page (FIG. 69). On the left of the page is a field for editing the device number for the Enova DGX 16/32. On the right under Current Application Information, the version for the interface is displayed.

Important: You must be logged in to a device to change its device number.

The three tabs available on the icsp Device Config page are:

- icsp Device Config
- Upgrade
- IP Control

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sig Hinter Contig	icep Device Config Bograde P Control
Enova DGX 16 Device Config Versitor Device Configuration	Select the Enova 16/32 to acce the icsp Device Config tab/pag
Integrated Device Configuration for Enova DGK	Current Application Information
Deside Number 9907	Enova DCX 16 integrated Device V1 0.0.3
De	N B 2006-2019 All X LLC

FIG. 69 icsp Device Config tab/page - Enova DGX 16 Device Config

Upgrade - Upgrade Log - Enova DGX 16 Upgrade Log

Tip: Open the Upgrade Log or Upgrade Status page before starting an upgrade because these pages are not available via the Master during the upgrade (the Enova DGX Switcher is offline then).

When the "Enova DGX 16" option is selected in the drop-down list at the upper right of the Master Configuration manager, select Upgrade Log from the Upgrade tab's drop-down menu to go to the Enova DGX 16 Upgrade Log page. This page is read-only for viewing upgrade logs and has a Refresh List button to update the information. This page displays the Date/Time, Type, and Text description for the last upgrade.



FIG. 70 Enova DGX 16 Upgrade Log page

Upgrade - Upgrade Status - Enova DGX 16 Upgrade Status

When the "Enova DGX 16" option is selected in the drop-down list at the upper right of the Master Configuration manager, select Upgrade Status from the Upgrade tab's drop-down menu to go to the Enova DGX 16 Upgrade Status page. This page is read-only for viewing the status of the upgrade.

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FIG. 71 Enova DGX 16 Upgrade Status page

Upgrade - Upgrade Config - Enova DGX 16 Upgrade Config

When the "Enova DGX 16" option is selected in the drop-down list at the upper right of the Master Configuration manager, select Upgrade Config from the Upgrade tab's drop-down menu to go to the Enova DGX 16 Upgrade Configuration page. This page is read-only for viewing the last firmware image configuration.

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24 god themin Conto	192.74	
Parentity	V2 8 0.2	
Rynua Dick Fileer Inpul PA	42 1.02	
MORU FM	42.60.2	2.4

FIG. 72 Enova DGX 16 Upgrade Configuration page

IP Control - Home - Enova DGX 16 Home

IP Control Drop-Down Menu (4 Options)

The IP Control tab opens a drop-down menu with four options: Home, Configuration, Preferences, and Controller (the XBar Controller).



FIG. 73 IP Control tab drop-down menu

When you select Home from the IP Control drop-down list, the Enova DGX 16 Home page opens. This page displays read-only information for the Current System VM (virtual matrix) Configurations, Hardware Devices on the Network, and Host Device Discovery Beacon Properties.

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FIG. 74 Enova DGX 16 Home page

Note: The default VM is always the first VM listed on the Enova DGX 16 Home page.

IP Control - Configuration - Enova DGX 16 Configuration

Important: You <u>must</u> be logged in to the device to change the BCS Tunnel Port Number and click the Restart button (which is only available when you are logged in) after the number is changed.

Log in and select Configuration from the IP Control drop-down list to open the Enova DGX 16 Configuration page. The BCS Tunnel Port Number can be edited (available numbers are 1025-65535, except 1319). (The Serial Port Baud Rate field is non-editable.)

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Restart	Sance Accept	

FIG. 75 Enova DGX 16 Configuration page (logged in)

IP Control - Preferences - Enova DGX 16 Preferences

When you select Preferences from the IP Control tab's drop-down menu, the Enova DGX 16 Preferences page opens. This page allows you to customize the XBar Controller. The XBar, a cross-point controller, is available from the IP Control drop-down menu; see page 138.

Options for customizing the XBar from Preferences page are:

- Setting the initial VM that will display in the VM title block
- Setting the size of the XBar window

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FIG. 76 Enova DGX 16 Preferences page

Setting the Initial VM that will Display

Note: The virtual matrix (VM) for XBar Control can be changed at any time from VM title block.

The current VM (virtual matrix) is displayed in the VM title block in the upper left corner of the XBar. The VM that initially displays in the VM title block is set at the factory to VM 0 (the default) unless the system is ordered to do otherwise. To change a VM at any time, see Step 2 in the directions on page 140.

The default VM for executing switches that will display for all XBar Controllers that are launched for the system can be specified from the Preferences page. *The default VM is always the first VM listed on the Enova DGX 16 Home page* (access from the IP Control drop-down list).

If the XBar is open, close before using the following instructions. The "Enova DGX 16" option must be selected in the Device drop-down list at the upper right of the WebConsole.

To set the initial virtual matrix that will display in the XBar Controller:

- **1.** From the IP Control drop-down menu, select Preferences.
- In the Initial VM Displayed field, enter the virtual matrix number.* For example, the Enova DGX Switcher normally has two virtual matrices: VM 0 = all; VM 1 = video.
- 3. Click Accept.

The next time the XBar is launched, the newly designated default VM will display in the VM title block and will be the first VM listed on the Enova DGX 16 Home page.

* If you want the default VM for display in the XBar to be the first virtual matrix discovered during bootup regardless of its number, enter a value of -1; otherwise, enter the specific VM number.

Setting the Size of the XBar Controller Window

The size of the XBar applet window can be changed at any time.

- Default = 800x580
- Minimum = 300x300
- Maximum = 2000x2000

You may need to experiment a little to find the optimal display size for your PC.

The "Enova DGX 16" option must be selected in the Device drop-down list at the upper right of the WebConsole.

To set the size of the XBar applet window:

- 1. If the XBar is open close before continuing.
- 2. From the IP Control drop-down menu, select Preferences.
- 3. In the Window Size fields, enter the desired width and height for the window.
- Click Accept. The next time the XBar is launched, it will open at the new setting size.

IP Control - Controller - XBar Controller

XBar Controller Overview

When you select Controller from the IP Control tab's drop-down menu, the XBar Controller opens (FIG. 78). This graphic interface control panel allows for remote control of the switcher using PC-based Internet browsing software and has crosspoints for executing and disconnecting switches.



FIG. 77 Select Controller to open the XBar Controller

The XBar can control specific parts of the system through virtual matrices (VMs). For example, if an Enova DGX Switcher is configured to control a subset of its inputs and outputs as a separate VM, the XBar will only be able switch those inputs and outputs when that VM is selected.

Any WebConsole for a single system can be accessed from up to five PCs at the same time. The XBar for the system can be operated simultaneously from all of the PCs using the same or different VMs.

Simultaneous XBar users can open the VM Selection Pad and update status as needed. Keep in mind that executing switches on one VM may affect the routing state on the other VMs.

Note: Multiple independent AMX Routing Systems (each with its own server connection) can be controlled from a single PC. Each WebConsole can be assigned a unique IP address. The individual addresses can then be entered as needed in the browser. The IP address displays at the top of the XBar Controller, indicating which XBar you are using.
Navigating the XBar Controller

The crosspoint images in the XBar's crossbar field represent the intersections of the input channels and the output channels on the switcher (the example below shows an Enova DGX 32).



FIG. 78 XBar Controller

Use the following features to navigate the XBar:

- VM title block click to open the VM Selection Pad to change the virtual matrix (VM) or update system status.
- Input channels (on left) indicate the numbers of the source channels.
- Output channels (on top) indicate the numbers of the destination channels.
- **Blue crosspoint** blue indicates that there is no active signal; click to route the signal (the crosspoint will remain blue if the switch is not completed).
- **Red crosspoint** red indicates an actively routed signal; click to disconnect the signal.
- **Cursor over crosspoint** move the cursor over an I/O pair to display its channel numbers.
- Status bar as crosspoints are selected and deselected, the Status bar displays the corresponding BCS* (Basic Control Structure) command and indicates when the command is successfully executed.

* For complete information on BCS commands, see the *Instruction Manual - BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

Executing and Disconnecting Switches with the XBar Controller

Note: The VM (virtual matrix) that initially displays in the VM title block is set at the factory to VM 0 (the default). To change the VM, see Step 2 below. To change the initial VM that is displayed every time you open the XBar, see the directions on page 137. To set the size of the XBar window, see page 138.

Important: When the BCS tunnel is active, the XBar Controller will not operate.

To execute or disconnect switches on the XBar Controller:

- 1. From the IP Control drop-down menu, select Controller. The XBar Controller opens.
- **2.** Optional (to change the virtual matrix) Click the VM title block in the upper left corner. The VM Selection Pad dialog box opens.

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Alexa Appen Version			

FIG. 79 VM Selection Pad

- From the VM drop-down list, select the new virtual matrix.
- Close the VM Selection Pad.
- **3.** Click a blue (inactive) crosspoint to execute a switch.

The blue crosspoint image turns red as the switch is routed.

Or

Click a red (active) crosspoint to disconnect a switch.

The red crosspoint image turns blue as the switch is disconnected.

Tip: To select or deselect consecutive crosspoints, hold down the Control key and move the mouse across the desired crosspoints (do not hold down any of the mouse buttons).

When the XBar is used simultaneously by multiple users or when other control options (such as control panels or external serial controllers) are also being used, system status can be updated from the VM Selection Pad.

To update system status when using multiple control points:

- 1. Click the VM title block in the upper left corner of the XBar. The VM Selection Pad dialog box opens.
- **2.** Click Update Status (FIG. 79). Status of the update is shown in the Operation Progress status bar.
- **3.** Close the VM Selection Pad when the update is complete. The most current routing state of the crosspoints is displayed.

Firmware Upgrade & Info for Network Admin

Overview

The NetLinx Studio software application (available for free download from **www.amx.com**) provides the ability to transfer firmware KIT files to a NetLinx device or a Master (such as the integrated Master on the Enova DGX Switcher).

This chapter also includes two additional tasks normally handled by Network Administrators:

- Embedding the XBar applet (see page 144)
- Changing the proxy setting (see page 145)

Preparation Checklist for Firmware Upgrade

Important: Verify that you are using the latest version of NetLinx Studio and the latest firmware KIT files for both the integrated Master and the Enova DGX Switcher.

Preparation Checklist:

- Launch NetLinx Studio. Under the Settings menu, check the Master Communication Settings.
- Verify that the latest version of NetLinx Studio is on your PC. If the version is not the latest –
 - Open NetLinx Studio's Help menu and select Web Update to obtain the latest version. Or

Go to www.amx.com and login as a Dealer to download the latest version.

- If you need to establish a LAN connection Insert one end of an RJ-45 cable into the LAN 100/1000 port on the Enova DGX enclosure, and connect the other end of the RJ-45 cable to a network with a DHCP server. (The upgrade can also be done with a static IP address.)
- Verify that the Enova DGX Switcher is powered on. If not, apply power according to the directions on page 34.
- Open the OnLine Tree (OnLine Tree tab of the Workspace window), which displays information about each online device, including the current firmware version.
- Determine the Device Number assigned to the target Enova DGX Switcher.
 - The integrated Master's device number is always **0** (zero) and cannot be changed. By default, the Device Number assigned to the Enova DGX Switcher in NetLinx Studio is **05002**.
 - The Device Number can be viewed/edited in the Device Configuration page in the Configuration Manager (for details, see page 133).
- Before attempting to upgrade the firmware, you must have the appropriate KIT files. Go to **www.amx.com** and download the latest firmware files for the system from the Enova DGX 16 [or 32] Enclosure page.

Tip: Place KIT files on a local drive for speedy throughput.

Important: When the BCS tunnel is active upgrades cannot be done.

Sending Firmware (*.KIT) Files to the Enova DGX

Note: A KIT file (*.KIT) is a package of several files, all of which are required to upgrade the firmware and are available online at **www.amx.com**. Firmware download links are provided in the relevant product page.

NetLinx Devices such as the Enova DGX Switcher use KIT files for firmware upgrades.

The Enova DGX Switcher contains two components (devices) which each require a Kit file. These two components must be kept at compatible firmware versions for proper operation.

- NetLinx integrated Master Controller Device ID 0 (zero)
- Enova DGX 16/32 Switcher Default Device ID **5002**

Important: Any programs using the USB connection to the Enova DGX 16/32 must be halted prior to the upgrade process being initiated to avoid breaking the USB link to the PC.

Caution: If for any reason the KIT file transfer or the upgrade process fails, continue to retry until successful. Do <u>not</u> reboot or power cycle the Enova DGX Switcher or change the connections until the files are transferred and the upgrade process is complete. Failure to complete both the transfer of files and the upgrade successfully may require a factory repair of the Enova DGX Switcher.

To send a KIT file to the Enova DGX:

- 1. Complete any necessary items under the "Preparation Checklist" on the previous page.
- **2.** In NetLinx Studio, choose **Tools > Firmware Transfers > Send to NetLinx Device** to open the Send to NetLinx Device dialog (FIG. 80).

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	-0

FIG. 80 Send To NetLinx Device dialog (NetLinx Studio)

3. Click the Browse (...) button to navigate to the target directory (FIG. 81) in the Browse For Folder dialog. Select the desired files (for the Master upgrade and the switcher upgrade); click OK.



FIG. 81 Browse For Folder dialog

4. Select the "Master" KIT file from the Files list.

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The Name (section) the section of th	Design of the second se		Important: If both require updates, always
Tape Serie 0 for loss 0 Serie Effectively	Tit Tin South		 Device 0 – NetLinx integrated Master Device 5002 (default) – Enova DGX

FIG. 82 Send To NetLinx Device dialog showing KIT file for the integrated Master selected

- The selected directory path is displayed in the Send to NetLinx Device dialog (Location field).
- Assuming the specified target directory contains one or more KIT files, the KIT files in the selected directory are displayed in the Files list along with the last modified date and time.
- 5. Check the number for the device to be upgraded in the Device text box.
 - The device number assigned to the integrated Master is **0** (zero).
 - The switcher's default device number is **5002**. (If the device number has been changed, use the OnLine Tree to determine it.)
- 6. Review the File, Connection, Address, and Target Device information before you send the KIT file.
- **7.** Important Select the Reboot Device check box. This ensures that the system reboots when the download of the KIT files is complete.

Master Upgrade

- **8.** Click Send. A status bar is provided under Progress. NetLinx Studio transfers the files to the integrated Master on the Enova DGX Switcher and then tells the system to reboot.
 - During the Master's upgrade process, some of the LEDs on the CPU go through an extended series of blinking. When finished, all LEDs return to their normal state.

Enova DGX Switcher Upgrade (Offline Upgrade)

Important: Upgrading the switcher's firmware can take a considerable amount of time depending on the components being upgraded in the system. If you are unsure of the progress, the upgrade status is displayed in the WebConsole and updates periodically. In the WebConsole after the IP address, enter /web/upgrade/systemUpgradeStatus.xml (for example, http://192.168.44.60/web/upgrade/systemUpgradeStatus.xml). Since the switcher is offline, the direct path <u>must</u> be used.

- **9.** Select the "Enova DGX" KIT file from the files list. Click Send. A status bar is provided under Progress. NetLinx Studio transfers the files to the Enova DGX Switcher and then tells the system to restart, at which time the upgrade process begins.
 - During the switcher's upgrade process:
 - The Enova DGX Switcher stays offline (does not display in OnLine Tree).
 - Some of the LEDs on the CPU blink* depending on the components being upgraded.
 - Power cycles will not abort the upgrade; let it run until completion.
 - Once the upgrade is complete (to determine when, see "Important" above Step 9):
 - The LEDs return to normal.
 - The Enova DGX Switcher comes back online (displays in OnLine Tree).

* During normal operation a blinking red Status LED is cause for concern (indicates the system is in IOS mode). However, during firmware upgrade the system may be in IOS mode for a period of time.

Embedding the XBar Applet

The XBar applet can be embedded in a custom website by using the applet tag shown below.

Make any of the following adjustments to the code to fit your particular system's requirements.

- Replace the code base value with the IP address for your system.
- Set the width and height for the display based on the initial virtual matrix size (smaller VMs look fine in a smaller size, while larger VMs require a larger size to minimize scrolling).
- Optional Specify the "InitialVM" value, or the lowest numbered VM will display by default.
- Optional Include the "VMLockDown" information if you want to limit control to a particular virtual matrix; otherwise, all virtual matrices will be accessible from the VM title block. Specify "locked" or "unlocked" for the value. The XBar defaults to the unlocked state if this option is not included in the tag.
- Optional Specify the "AllowGain" value, if you want the input gain adjustment feature enabled. Specify "true" for the value.
- Optional Specify the "AllowVolume" value, if you want the output volume adjustment feature enabled. Specify "true" for the value.

Important: If you do not want either or both of the "Allow Gain" and "Allow Volume" options, omit those parameter(s) entirely.

XBar Applet Tag

<HTML>

<BODY>

```
<!-- Your custom html code goes here. -->
```

<APPLET code="CrossBar.class" codebase="http://192.168.0.251"

archive="CrossBar.jar" width=400 height=500 >

```
<param name = "InitialVM" value = "0">
```

<param name = "VMLockDown" value = "locked">

<param name = "AllowGain" value = "true">

<param name = "AllowVolume" value = "true">

</APPLET>

</BODY>

</HTML>

Changing the Proxy Setting

If the WebConsole does not open during setup, try the following troubleshooting strategies:

- □ Check all power, signal, and link connections on all of the equipment.
- Check LED indicators for the TCP/IP (RJ-45) connector on the Enova DGX enclosure.
- □ If the LED indicators are not illuminated, check the cable type to make sure it meets cable requirements (see page 39).
- Ping the system, i.e., at the DOS prompt enter: ping XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX (where XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX is the NXB-AP-1000 Interface IP address; see page 43).
- □ Try connecting to the WebConsole again.

If the WebConsole still does not open, you may need to add an exception in the Proxy Setting dialog box.

The following instructions apply to Internet Explorer. To change these settings in another browser, consult its Help file.

To add an exception to the proxy setting information:

1. From the Tools menu on the browser, select Internet Options. The Internet Options dialog box opens.

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2. Select the Connections tab.



3. Click LAN Settings.

The Local Area Network (LAN) Settings dialog box opens. If the Proxy server box is checked, go to Step 4. If the Proxy server box is not checked, check it before going to Step 4.



4. Click Advanced.

The Proxy Settings dialog box opens.



- 5. In the Exceptions field, enter the appropriate IP address for the Enova DGX Switcher (see page 43).
- 6. Click OK to exit each of the dialog boxes used in these steps.

Integrated Master – NetLinx[®] Programming

Overview

Important: The SEND_COMMANDs listed in this chapter are for the switcher only. For information on using NetLinx Studio, the WebConsole, and additional NetLinx commands, see the "WebConsole & Programming Guide – NetLinx Integrated Controllers" (available at www.amx.com).

The integrated NetLinx Master on the Enova DGX Switcher recognizes NetLinx SEND_COMMANDs with embedded BCS (Basic Control Structure) commands. Use NetLinx Studio (Version 4 or higher is required) to send these commands to the Enova DGX Switcher, or use these commands in standard compiled NetLinx Programming code running on the integrated NetLinx Master.

The Device in <Device:Port:System> is the Enova DGX enclosure's device number (see "Device Numbering" below).

Note: If a single Master control point is desired for multiple Enova DGX enclosures, write the NetLinx code to provide the connection between the Masters.

Device Numbering

The NI Master number (00000) and the Device ID number (default 05002) are listed in NetLinx Studio's OnLine Tree (FIG. 83). The Device number is also listed in the WebConsole's Master Configuration Manager on the icsp Device Config page.



FIG. 83 NetLinx Studio OnLine Tree - indicating Master number and device number and ports for Enova DGX

Device Ports

Important: Only one port at a time can send or receive communication.

In the OnLine Tree (FIG. 83), the Enova DGX Switcher is listed under its integrated Master as a device with four ports:

- Port 1 Reserved for future functionality (commands/strings sent to this port are ignored).
- Port 2 Supports basic BCS commands incorporated into SEND_COMMANDs (up to 1024 characters packaged in a single BCS command) for Enova DGX control and switching.
 - Other commands are rejected with a notice being sent back to the NetLinx Master.
 - This port requires a wait-for-response (e.g., wait for the T or wait for the full command to be returned with a T in the response).

- Port 3 Supports diagnostic and auxiliary BCS commands built into SEND_COMMANDs.
 - Due to the amount of data associated with some of these commands, responses may take up to 15 seconds to be returned.
 - Supports bursting of one or more BCS commands in a single SEND_COMMAND which cannot exceed 1024 characters before waiting for all responses.
- Port 4 The connection for the AMX AutoPatch Duet Module.

Note: For additional information on using NetLinx Studio, refer to the "Operation/Reference Guide – NetLinx Studio" (available at **www.amx.com**).

Important: When the BCS tunnel is active, Device ports 2, 3, and 4 in NetLinx Studio are not accessible.

Digital Media Switchers: SEND_COMMANDs

Important: The SEND_COMMANDs listed in this chapter are for the switcher only. For additional information on NetLinx commands used in conjunction with this product, see the "WebConsole & Programming Guide – NetLinx Integrated Controllers" (available at **www.amx.com**).

For the Enova DGX Switcher:

- SEND_COMMANDs with embedded basic BCS commands for control operations are sent to Port 2 (see page 149).
- SEND_COMMANDs with embedded diagnostic or auxiliary BCS commands are sent to Port 3 (see page 151).

SEND_COMMANDs for switching control of the Enova DGX Switcher are not limited to the ones in the first table but can include additional "wrapped" BCS commands as well (e.g., execute local presets and define and execute global presets).

For complete information on BCS commands supported by Enova DGX Switchers, see the product specific information in the *Instruction Manual – BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

Parts of a command:

SEND_COMMAND [initiates command] <Device:Port:System> [tells which port command goes to]
" 'CL<L#>I<I#>O<O#>T' " [wrapped BCS command tells action to take regarding video signals - or
diagnostic or auxiliary commands]

Note the following port information:

- Commands derive their port addressing from the target D:P:S (Device:Port:System).
- To distinguish the functionality of signal input and output ports from the overlapped device port numbers, the signal input and output numbers are part of the command's action.
- Signal inputs and outputs range from 1-16 (Enova DGX 16) and 1-32 (Enova DGX 32) for video.*

* Because the Audio Insert/Extract Board can be set to insert/extract audio into/out of video inputs or outputs, the audio signals from these boards switch in conjunction with the corresponding video signals.

Note: All text is based on a Unicode index.

Basic BCS SEND_COMMANDs

Important: Only one port at a time can send or receive communication.

The commands in the table below are sent to Port 2.

Note: In Change commands (those starting with a "C"), multiple outputs can be entered by separating them with commas or spaces, e.g., CL0I2O5,7,9T or CL0I2O5 7 9T.

SEND_COMMANDs – Basic BCS Commands			
Command	Description		
CL <l#>I<i#>O<o#>T</o#></i#></l#>	Syntax:		
Connect inputs to outputs on the specified level (virtual	<pre>SEND_COMMAND <device:port:system>,"'CL<l#>I<i#>0<o#>T'"</o#></i#></l#></device:port:system></pre>		
matrix).	Note: The "Device" number is assigned by the integrated NetLinx Master.		
	Variables:		
	• L# = level number (virtual matrix number) either 0 or 1 (both switch video along with any embedded audio)		
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Inputs 1-16 		
	 O# = output port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Outputs 1-16 		
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Inputs 1-32 		
	• O# = output port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Outputs 1-32		
	Example 1:		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'CL01204T'"		
	Connect Input 2 to Output 4 on Level 0 (Virtual Matrix 0).		
	Example 2:		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'CL0I304,7,8T'"		
	Or		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'CL0I304 7 8T'"		
	Connect Input 3 to Outputs 4, 7, and 8 on Level 0 (Virtual Matrix 0).		
CI <i#>O<o#>T</o#></i#>	Syntax:		
Connect inputs to outputs on	SEND_COMMAND <device:port:system>,"'CI<i#>0<0#>T'"</i#></device:port:system>		
matrix).	Note: The "Device" number is assigned by the integrated NetLinx Master.		
	Variables:		
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Inputs 1-16 		
	 O# = output port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Outputs 1-16 		
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Inputs 1-32 		
	• O# = output port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Outputs 1-32		
	Example 1:		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'CI604T'"		
	Connect Input 6 to Output 4 on default level.		
	Example 2:		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'CI307,8,15T'"		
	Or		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'CI307 8 15T'"		
	Connect Input 3 to Outputs 7, 8, and 15 on default level.		

SEND_COMMANDs – Bas	ic BCS Commands (continued)		
DL <l#>I<i#>T</i#></l#>	Syntax:		
or	<pre>SEND_COMMAND <device:port:system>,"'DL<l#>I<i#>T'"</i#></l#></device:port:system></pre>		
DL <l#>O<o#>T</o#></l#>	Note: The "Device" number is assigned by the integrated NetLinx Master.		
Disconnects an input or an output on the specified level (virtual matrix).	Note: In Disconnect commands, multiple inputs <u>or</u> outputs can be entered by separating them with commas or spaces, e.g., DL005,7,9T or DL0I3 4 6T.		
Note: Specifying an input disconnects all outputs	Important: Do not disconnect inputs and outputs in the same command. Variables:		
	• L# = level number (virtual matrix number) either 0 or 1 (both switch video along with any embedded audio)		
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Inputs 1-16 		
	• O# = output port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Outputs 1-16		
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Inputs 1-32 		
	• O# = output port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Outputs 1-32		
	Example 1:		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'DL012T'"		
	Disconnect Input 2 on Level 0 (Virtual Matrix 0).		
	Example 2:		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'DL004,7,8T'"		
	Disconnect Outputs 4, 7, and 8 on Level 0 (Virtual Matrix 0).		
DI <i#>T</i#>	Syntax:		
or	<pre>SEND_COMMAND <device:port:system>,"'DI<i#>T'"</i#></device:port:system></pre>		
DO <o#>T</o#>	Note: The "Device" number is assigned by the integrated Netl inv Master		
Disconnects an input or an output on the default level (virtual matrix).	Note: In Disconnect commands, multiple inputs <u>or</u> outputs can be entered by separating them with commas or spaces, e.g., DL005,7,9T or DL0I3 4 6T.		
Note: Specifying an input	Important: Do not disconnect inputs and outputs in the same command.		
disconnects all outputs connected to it.	Variables:		
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Inputs 1-16 		
	• O# = output port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Outputs 1-16		
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Inputs 1-32 		
	• O# = output port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Outputs 1-32		
	Example 1:		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'DI2T'"		
	Disconnect Input 2 on the default level.		

SEND_COMMANDs – Basic BCS Commands (continued)		
SL <l#>I<i#>T</i#></l#>	Syntax:	
(input status)	<pre>SEND_COMMAND <device:port:system>,"'SL<l#>I<i#>T'"</i#></l#></device:port:system></pre>	
or	or	
SL <l#>O<o#>T</o#></l#>	<pre>SEND_COMMAND <device:port:system>,"'SL<l#>0<0#>T'"</l#></device:port:system></pre>	
(output status)	Note: The "Device" number is assigned by the integrated NetLinx Master.	
Returns connection status. (To verify status on the	Variables:	
	• L# = level number (virtual matrix number) either 0 or 1 (both switch video along with any embedded audio)	
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Inputs 1-16 	
	 O# = output port number for Enova DGX 16: 1-16 = Outputs 1-16 	
	 I# = input port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Inputs 1-32 	
	 O# = output port number for Enova DGX 32: 1-32 = Outputs 1-32 	
	Example 1:	
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'SL0I3T'"	
	Returns which outputs are connected to Input 3 on Level 0 (Virtual Matrix 0).	
	Example 2:	
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:2:0,"'SL0025T'"	
	Returns which input is connected to Output 25 on Level 0 (Virtual Matrix 0).	
	Response is of the form:	
	SL <l#>I<i#>T(0#) or SL<l#>O<o#>T(I#)</o#></l#></i#></l#>	
	or the parentheses will be empty () if a connection is not present	
	For example: SL0I3T(4 7 16) shows that Outputs 4, 7, and 16 are connected to Input 3 on Level 0 (Virtual Matrix 0).	

Diagnostic and Auxiliary BCS SEND_COMMANDs

Important: Only one port at a time can send or receive communication.

The commands in the table below are sent to Port 3.

Note: For information on BCS commands for diagnostic purposes, see Appendix D on page 195.

SEND_COMMANDS - Diagnostic and Auxiliary BCS Commands			
Command	Description		
~scri <i#>v<v#>!</v#></i#>	Syntax:		
Diagnostic – Requests a level of detailed diagnostic infor-	SEND_COMMAND <device:port:system>,"'~scri<i#>v<v#>!'"</v#></i#></device:port:system>		
mation for all or one of seven system components.	Note: The "Device" number is assigned by the integrated NetLinx Master.		
	Variables:		
	 i# = identity number 0-7 (use 0 for all components; 1-7 specify individual components) 		
	• v# = verbosity number 0-3 (specifies level of detail from 0 the lowest level to 3 the highest level)		
	Example:		
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:3:0,"'~scri6v3!'"		
	Requests the highest level of detail on the power system.		

END_COMMANDs – Diagnostic and Auxiliary BCS Commands	
--	--

SEND_COMMANDs – Diagnostic and Auxiliary BCS Commands (continued)		
~app!	Syntax:	
Auxiliary – Causes a warm reboot of the system.	<pre>SEND_COMMAND <device:port:system>,"'~app!'" Note: The "Device" number is assigned by the integrated NetLinx Master.</device:port:system></pre>	
	Example:	
	SEND_COMMAND 5002:3:0,"'~app!'"	
	Causes a warm reboot of the system.	

Additional BCS Commands

SEND_COMMANDs for switching control of the Enova DGX Switcher are not limited to the ones in the first table but can include additional "wrapped" BCS commands as well (e.g., disconnect switches, execute local presets, and define and execute global presets).

For complete information on BCS commands supported by Enova DGX Switchers, see the product specific information in the *Instruction Manual – BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

Appendix A – DGX Configuration Software

DGX Configuration Software Overview

Important: Because signals routed through HDMI, DVI, and DXLink Boards in an Enova DGX Switcher normally produce a quality image, you will <u>not</u> need the information in this appendix unless the installation has special resolution or EDID requirements.

AMX provides a single program, DGX Configuration Software, to handle a variety of tasks for the HDMI, DVI, and DXLink Boards. This program provides functionality for the following:

- Scaler Mode Use to set the Scaler mode to Auto, Bypass, or Manual (override). Also used to set the Aspect Ratio.
- Scaler Override Use to set custom resolutions.
- EDID Programmer Use to re-program the EDID EEPROM chips on the input boards, allowing for custom configuration of the EDID data that is stored on the boards.
- HDCP Settings Use to enable or disable HDCP Support for specific inputs.
- Terminal Provides a basic terminal emulation interface for entering BCS commands, etc.

The program is available on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com** and includes a standard Help file with detailed information.

PC System Requirements for DGX Configuration Software v1.0

- Windows 7 and Windows XP Professional
- Minimum Hardware: 166 MHz, 128 MB RAM, 20 MB of free disk space*, 800x600 display, serial port, video card with dual outputs (see Caution below)
- □ Recommended Hardware: 2.0 GHz, 512 MB RAM*

* The installation process requires 20 MB of disk space for the DGX Configuration Software installer. Once installed, the program requires 10 MB of disk space.



Caution: We strongly urge the user <u>not</u> to use video cards with DMS-59 connectors. Video cards with DMS-59 connectors have been shown to fail consistently and, in the worst case, can corrupt an EDID data file. A laptop PC with a VGA or DVI out is a good solution. Cards with 2 DVI connectors, 2 VGA connectors, or 1 DVI and 1 VGA connector are also acceptable.

Important: Administrator rights are required to install DGX Configuration Software.

Software Installation on PC and Enova DGX Connection

To install DGX Configuration Software:

- 1. Locate and open the installer <DGX_Config_Software_1.0.2exe> on the AMX AutoPatch CD (<CDDrive>:\Configuration\DGX_Config_Software) or at www.amx.com.
- **2.** Follow the directions in the wizard.

Note: If you plan to use the terminal emulation function of the software, a serial connection is required.

To use DGX Configuration Software with the Enova DGX Switcher:

Ethernet connection – Attach an RJ-45 crossover cable or a straight-through patch cable to one of the two RJ-45 ports on the left rear of the enclosure (do *not* use the LAN 100/1000 port on the right). The maximum length for the cable is 100 feet (30.5 meters).
 Or

Serial connection (DB-9) – Attach a null modem serial cable without hardware flow control to the serial Control port (DB-9 connector) on the enclosure. Use a serial cable that matches the RS-232 pin diagram in FIG. 84. Enova DGX equipment uses pins 2, 3, and 5 only.



FIG. 84 RS-232 pinout for null modem serial cable

2. Ethernet connection – Attach the open end of the RJ-45 cable to the PC on which the DGX Configuration Software is installed.

Or

Serial connection – Attach the open end of the serial cable (DB-9) to the PC on which the DGX Configuration Software is installed.

- **3.** Apply power to the enclosure.
- 4. On the PC, open the DGX Configuration Software.
- 5. If changing the type of communication is necessary:

Ethernet connection – From the Communication menu, select Ethernet and then select Change Settings to select the NIC Card setting.

Or

Serial connection (DB-9 only) – From the Communication menu, select Serial Port and then select Change Settings to change the serial port and/or the baud rate for the PC's serial port. The baud rate for the PC *must* match the baud rate for the enclosure. The recommended (default) baud rate setting for serial communication with an Enova DGX Switcher is 9600.

- **6.** Select the desired tab in the interface (defaults to the Scaler Mode tab). For information on the tabbed views see:
 - Scaler Mode page 155
 - Scaler Override page 157
 - EDID Programmer page 162
 - HDCP Settings page 168
 - Terminal page 169

General Notes for Working with DGX Configuration Software

- DGX Configuration Software only displays inputs and/or outputs that can be modified.
- File menu Select Open File to load a file to the program (the file type available depends on the selected view). Select Save to File to save a file containing the currently displayed settings in the currently selected view.
- Communication menu Use to change the communication settings for the DB-9 serial and Ethernet ports. This menu also includes the option to "Refresh Device Lists," which affects *all* device lists in the program.
- Utilities menu If the program cannot read and write the EDID data from the destination devices, the system may not support all of DGX the Configuration Software functionality. From the Utilities menu, select Launch EDID Programmer Classic and follow the directions in its Help file.
- Help menu Access the Help file for the program, open a link for the Web Update option (to download updates for the program), and view current version information.
- Messages in the bottom pane of the DGX Configuration Software dialog box report status of operations. Messages can be copied* for technical support purposes.

* Right-click on a message to access a short-cut menu with options to Copy Selected, Copy All, or Clear. When copying multiple messages: either select consecutive items by holding down the Shift key and clicking the first and last item **or** select nonconsecutive items by holding down the Control key and clicking on each item.

Scaler Mode View

The HDMI Output Board supports SmartScale[®] Technology* to ensure appropriate output resolution regardless of the type of incoming video. For systems with special requirements, a Bypass option and a Manual (override) option for setting custom resolutions are also available.

In the Scaler Mode view, the default settings for the Current and Default scaler modes are both "Auto" (SmartScale) and the default setting for Aspect Ratio is "Maintain Aspect Ratio."

* SmartScale automatically responds to the display's declared EDID information and delivers a custom scaled image based not only on the preferred resolution but also on the additional information associated with that resolution (e.g., horizontal and vertical pixel count, detailed timing, and color space chromaticity). SmartScale eliminates the incompatibilities between sources and displays operating at different resolutions by accepting the highest resolution of every source device ensuring every display operates at its preferred resolution.

Troubleshooting Tip: If the SmartScale functionality on the boards does not result in a good image, the reason may be because of the display device's handling of the image, e.g., cutting the display short or adding too much space around the display. These types of concerns need to addressed through the display device's control menu or by consulting the display device's customer support department.

Scaler Modes

Auto Mode

Auto Mode is the factory default setting and provides SmartScale Technology, which configures the output(s) to automatically scale the video to the best resolution (up to 1920x1200) and the video parameters for that display without manual setup. If the image is satisfactory, no further action is required.

Bypass Mode

Bypass mode allows the video signal to pass un-scaled through the system.

If an output connector fails to read the EDID from its attached destination device on power up (i.e., no resolution data is available from the device), the output connector reverts to the Bypass mode until the video cable is unplugged and then plugged in, at which time it will attempt to read the EDID again.

Note: When Bypass mode is selected, both interlaced and replicated format can be passed.

Manual (Override) Mode

When you select Manual in the Scaler Mode view, the program sets up the video scaler with the factory default values (1280x1024 @ 60 Hz) for the selected outputs.

The Manual mode allows you to manually configure a specific or a custom scaled output resolution to send to the display monitor(s). In this mode, the system ignores the EDID data being received from a display up to 1920x1200. When you select and set the Manual (override) scaler mode, select the Scaler Override tab to configure the resolution (see page 157).

To change the scaler mode settings:

1. Select the Scaler Mode tab.



FIG. 85 Scaler Mode view

- 2. Select the desired output(s).*
- **3.** Click any or all of the following:
 - The desired Current and Default scaler modes (for explanations of the three modes, see the previous page)
 - The Aspect Ratio of the display (for an explanation of the aspect ratio options, see the top of the next page)
- **4.** Click the appropriate Set button(s) to persist the setting(s).

* When selecting multiple outputs: either select consecutive outputs by holding down the Shift key and clicking the first and last output or select nonconsecutive outputs by holding down the Control key and clicking on each output.

Maintain Aspect Ratio and Stretch to Fit

In the Scaler Mode view, you can select one of the two aspect ratio options for the selected outputs: Maintain Aspect Ratio (default) and Stretch to Fit.

To set the aspect ratio:

- **1.** Select the desired output(s).
- 2. Select one of the Aspect Ratio options:
 - Maintain Aspect Ratio This option maintains the incoming video's aspect ratio. The image is scaled until the display's video fills either horizontally or vertically first. If the vertical direction is filled first, then the video will have pillar box, black bars on the sides of the display (on left in FIG. 86). If the horizontal direction is filled first, then the video will have letter box, black bars on the top and bottom of the display (not shown).
 - Stretch to Fit This option scales the video to fill the display in both the horizontal and vertical directions (display on right in FIG. 86). Black bars do not show when Stretch to Fit is selected.



FIG. 86 Example of displays set to Maintain Aspect Ratio and Stretch to Fit

3. Click the Set button to the right.

The selected aspect ratio will now persist to the Auto and Manual (override) modes. The Bypass mode remains unaffected.

Scaler Override View

From the Scaler Override view (Manual mode), an output can be selected under "EDID Source." Click Refresh EDID to determine the attached destination device's resolution and then apply it to one or more outputs which have been selected in the device tree on the left.

In some special installation cases, you will need to use the settings in the Scaler Override view to override the automatic scaling and set (configure) a specific or a custom resolution for the display monitor. When an Enova DGX Switcher is connected to a PC running DGX Configuration Software, the program displays the resolutions supported by the selected destination monitor (or other destination device) based on the set of supported resolutions in the monitor's EDID. Settings can then be selected and applied to the output. When you select Manual in the Scaler Mode view, the selected connector sets up the video scaler with factory default values (1280x1024 @ 60 Hz). EDID preferred resolution parameters are used if available, unless scaler setup parameters were previously uploaded.

Important: If a device with an EDID (e.g., a video processor) is installed between the output and destination monitor, see page 167.

Note: When the following timings are in the EDID data, the Scaler Override view will not display them: 720x400 @ 70 Hz, 720x400 @ 88 Hz, 640x480 @ 67 Hz, 832x624 @ 75 Hz, and 1152x870 @ 75 Hz. These timings can be entered in the program as custom resolutions.

Get Current Timing, Apply, and Save Buttons

- Get Current Timing button Click to retrieve timing currently stored on the selected output. This allows you to either apply those settings to other outputs that are connected to similar destination devices or to save the current timing as a backup before making any modifications.
- Apply button Click to see how well settings work. Sends currently displayed settings to the
 destination. Selecting Apply does not store or persist settings. If Apply was just selected and
 you close the program without saving any changes in the settings, the program asks whether
 or not to save the applied settings.
- Save button Click to preserve currently displayed settings on the output connector. Sends displayed settings to an output to store and persist them in the output's memory. This button also persists the Scaling Override (Manual) option on the output.

File Menu Options: Open File and Save to File

- Open File Select to load the settings from a file to the program.
- Save to File Select to save the currently displayed settings to a file. The file type available depends on the selected view.

Tip: When selecting outputs: select multiple, consecutive outputs by holding down the Shift key and clicking the first and last output **or** select multiple, nonconsecutive outputs by holding down the Control key and clicking on each output.

To retrieve (read) EDID timings from a destination device:

- 1. From the Scaler Mode tab, select and set Manual (override) as the mode.
- **2.** Select the Scaler Override tab.
- **3.** Under EDID Source, select the Enclosure and select the Output number connected to the desired destination from the drop-down lists. The system is queried for all compatible devices found with the default (or last saved) communication link setting.



FIG. 87 Destination device's description, Manufacturer ID, and Product ID

4. Click Refresh EDID. A short description of the destination device displays to the left of the dropdown list along with the Manufacturer ID and Product ID (e.g., DELL 2408WFP; DEL; a02a). The Scaler Override view is populated with the EDID timings from the detected device. 5. Complete one of the following options (each option includes a step for saving the EDID):(A) To set the EDID timings that were read from the device that was detected in the previous step, see below.

(B) To set a standard preset, which applies standard timing, see page 160.

(C) To set a custom resolution with the option of applying advanced detailed timing parameters, see page 161.

Time Saving Tip: When a number of outputs are connected to destination devices of the same type, the Get Current Timing button can be used to retrieve the settings from a single output connector. Save those settings to a file and then load the settings to the other outputs.

The instructions for options A, B, and C assume that the previous instructions for reading an EDID have been completed and the DGX Configuration Software is open to the Scaler Override view.

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(A) To set an EDID timing that was read from the detected device:

FIG. 88 Scaler Override view with EDID selected

- 1. Under Resolution Source, click EDID.
- 2. Under EDID from Detected Device From the Available Display Modes drop-down list, select the desired resolution (only resolutions supported by the detected device are included).
- **3.** In the device tree on the left, select an output to send the resolution information to that output. Multiple outputs may be selected.
- **4.** Click Apply to transmit the selected information to the output(s). This action is temporary until settings are stored on the connector(s) in Step 6. Otherwise, the settings last only until power is cycled. The display re-syncs with the input(s).
- 5. Verify that the display is satisfactory before proceeding.
- **6.** Click Save to store the currently displayed settings to the connector(s) and persist them in memory. (If the settings have been changed since clicking Apply, the newest settings will be saved.)

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(B) To set a standard EDID preset:

FIG. 89 Scaler Override view with Standard Presets selected

- 1. Under Resolution Source, click Standard.
- 2. Under Standard Presets, select the desired timing mode from the Timing Mode drop-down list.
- 3. Under Standard Presets, select the resolution from the Available Display Modes drop-down list.
- **4.** In the device tree on the left, select an output to send the resolution information to that output. Multiple outputs may be selected.
- **5.** Click Apply to transmit the selected information to the output(s). This action is temporary until settings are stored on the connector(s) in Step 7. Otherwise, the settings last only until power is cycled. The display re-syncs with the output(s).
- 6. Verify that the display is satisfactory before proceeding.
- 7. Click Save to store the currently displayed settings to the connector and persist them in memory. (If the settings have been changed since clicking Apply, the newest settings will be saved.)



(C) To set a custom resolution with optional advanced detailed timing parameters:

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FIG. 90 Scaler Override view with a Custom Resolution selected (left); Advanced Timing Parameters selected (right)

- **1.** Under Resolution Source, click Custom.
- 2. Under Custom Resolution, enter the width, height, and refresh rate.
- Under Custom Resolution, select the timing mode from the Timing Mode drop-down list. If Advanced is selected from the list (FIG. 90, on the right), the Advanced Timing Parameters section opens. (Select Show Timing Details if desired.) Complete all remaining steps. Or

If another timing mode is selected from the list (FIG. 90, on the left), go to Step 5.

- **4.** Advanced only Under Horizontal Geometry, enter the values in number of pixels. Under Vertical Geometry, enter the values in number of lines. Select HSync (+ or -) and VSync (+ or -) Polarity.
- 5. In the device tree on the left, select an output to send the resolution information to that output. Multiple outputs may be selected.
- **6.** Click Apply to transmit the selected information to the output(s). This action is temporary until settings are stored on the connector(s) in Step 8. Otherwise, the settings last only until power is cycled. The display re-syncs with the output(s).
- 7. Verify that the display is satisfactory before proceeding.
- **8.** Click Save to store the currently displayed settings to the connector(s) and persist them in memory. (If the settings have been changed since clicking Apply, the newest settings will be saved.)

Note: Down scaling to 800x600 – When using the program to scale from 1280x1024 down to 800x600, occasionally the video changes to a solid color screen and needs to be reset to restore the image. Auto Scaling is recommended when possible.

EDID Programmer View

From the EDID Programmer view, EDID EEPROM chips on each of the DGX HDMI and DGX DVI Input Board connectors can be re-programmed independently if necessary.

EDID Overview

EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) is a data structure established by the Video Electronics Standards Association (VESA) to enable plug-and-play support by enabling easy configuration of a computer's graphics subsystem based on the capabilities of the attached display device.

EDID information includes items such as the following:

- Manufacturer's name
- Product type
- Supported video resolutions and refresh rates
- Color space and filter chromaticity
- Detailed timings

When a computer is directly connected to a display device, it can use the display device's EDID information to determine an initial compatible video signal to send. With the computer's display controls, the user can modify this selection to another compatible signal based on the provided EDID information.

With DVI and HDMI signals (both require EDID on the display devices), using EDID information has extended beyond computers to other source devices, such as DVD players. As long as the source device sends a compatible signal, the plug-and-play feature will work.

Digital Media Switchers and EDID

Digital Media Switchers, such as the Enova DGX, provide the ability to route one source signal to many potentially different types of display devices. In almost all cases through the use of compatible DXLink Receivers or DGX SC Fiber Receivers (both featuring SmartScale Technology), incompatibilities between source device resolutions and displays are automatically resolved as each receiver independently scales each source device's video to the display's native resolution.

In cases where local DVI or HDMI outputs are used and a resolution incompatibility exists (or if a source device desires a specific resolution), the DGX DVI and DGX HDMI Input Boards have the ability to update the EDID emulation file (by updating each input's EEPROM chip) which comes preloaded with an AMX AutoPatch EDID set.

This EDID set consists of some of the most common EDID settings in use today, including VESA and HDTV settings encompassing resolutions for Standard Timings and resolutions for Established Timings (for HDMI timing details, see page 62; for DVI, see page 72). In many cases, the switcher can be used straight out of the box with no adjustments (see "Determining the Need for EDID Re-programming" on page 163).

The DGX Configuration Software with EDID programming functionality has been provided for cases where additional in-field programming of a board's input connectors EDID chips is needed. The EDID Programmer view can be used for the following:

- Reading and saving EDID data in hexadecimal from an output receiving the information from its attached destination device.
- Writing EDID data to the Enova DGX input connector's associated EDID EEPROM.

Important: Any analysis or editing of the EDID data necessary to support the equipment specific to the installation will need to be done separately <u>prior</u> to using the EDID Programmer view. A variety of freeware tools can be found on the Internet to help with these tasks.

Keep in mind that the EDID information for some equipment may not be compatible with the remaining equipment even with re-programming. In those cases, the signals will have limited routing options.

Tip: If the signal from some of the equipment can only be routed to part of the destinations due to incompatible EDIDs, control can be simplified by creating a separate virtual matrix for the inputs and outputs involved (see "Creating a New Virtual Matrix" in the XNConnect Help file).

The remaining sections for the EDID Programmer view provide information on:

- Determining the need for EDID re-programming
- Reading and saving EDID data from an output, which received the information from its attached destination device
- Writing data to an Enova DGX input connector
- Additional HDMI EDID files for handling audio concerns

Determining the Need for EDID Re-programming

Ideally EDID analysis will have been completed during installation specification. Consideration should be given to the use of DXLink Output Boards and corresponding DXLink Receivers or DGX SC Optical Output Boards and corresponding DGX SC Fiber Receivers which (in almost every case) will remedy incompatible source and destination resolution issues. If EDID analysis was not possible but all of the system's devices are now available, the most effective way to proceed is to test if the signal from each source device can be routed through the Enova DGX Switcher to each of the destination devices. If they can be routed, then EDID re-programming is *not* necessary.

A method of control is not specified in the following instructions. Any board you think might need EDID re-programming *must* have the destination devices (and modules if applicable) attached before completing the following procedure.

To determine if EDID re-programming is necessary:

- 1. Route the first input to all of the applicable outputs.
- 2. Check each destination display to verify that the picture is present, making note of any that are not.
- 3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 for each of the remaining inputs.

Important: If any of the destinations do not display a picture, analysis or editing of the EDID data may be necessary prior to using the EDID Programmer view in the DGX Configuration Software. A variety of freeware tools can be found on the Internet to help with these tasks.

Board Support for DVI and HDMI Signals – Changing the Default EDID Setting

Another reason to re-program EDIDs is to support different source signals on a single board. Because each input can be changed independently (e.g., an HDMI Board can support both HDMI and DVI sources), inputs can be set up for specific sources or for the most common source device expected to be connected.

Note: HDMI-to-DVI or DVI- to-HDMI conversion requires an applicable conversion cable.

The EDID resolution and audio support variances between HDMI and DVI (which are provided as defaults) help to identify if they need to change from the original (factory loaded) EDIDs on each input.

DVI Boards

The DVI Input Boards come pre-loaded with EDIDs typical for DVI output devices (computer monitors, etc.) which do not support embedded audio signals. However, they will allow HDMI with embedded audio formats through if the default EDID setting is changed via DGX Configuration Software using a file from the EDID Library (see Option 2 below).

HDMI Boards

The HDMI Input Boards come pre-loaded with EDIDs typical for HDMI output devices (DVD players, etc.). However, they will allow DVI formats through if the default EDID setting is changed via DGX Configuration Software using a file from the EDID Library (see Option 2 below).

Options for Re-programming EDIDs

If EDID re-programming is necessary, use one of the following two options.

- **Option 1:** Install the DGX Configuration Software and open the EDID Programmer view. Read the EDID from the output connected to the destination device and write it to the DVI or HDMI input connector.
- **Option 2:** Install the DGX Configuration Software and open the EDID Programmer view. Check the AutoPatch_EDID_Library file on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com** (search for EDID Library) to determine if one of the custom EDID files meets the needs of the equipment. (The custom EDID files are variants of base EDIDs.) Open and write the custom EDID file to the DVI or HDMI input connector.

Troubleshooting Tip: If you have changed EDID from the default (which supports 2 channel *L*-PCM as embedded audio) and are experiencing audio problems, it may be because you are trying to pass Dolby or DTS or high PCM frequency rates and the destination device does not support them. If you are experiencing video problems, it may be because you are trying to pass a video format that the destination device does not support. In either of these cases, re-programming the EDID may help resolve the problem.

Reading and Saving EDID Data from a Destination Device

Tip: In the EDID Programmer view, the Save to File option under the File menu can be used to save the EDID information as an .edid file. The saved file can be opened as a text file (from the File menu, select Open File) and edited or opened and written to an input (click the Write button).

The instructions that follow tell how to use the EDID Programmer view to read and save the EDID information from an output, which is receiving the EDID information from a destination device.

Note: The availability of the Read and Write buttons depends on whether an input or output is selected in the device tree on the left. (Read from an output and write to an input.)

To read and save EDID data:

1. On the PC, open the DGX Configuration Software and select the EDID Programmer tab.



FIG. 91 EDID Programmer view

- **2.** From the Inputs/Outputs device tree on the left, select an output from which to read the EDID information that it receives from the destination device.
- 3. Click Read to read the EDID information. The results display in the large read-only area.
- 4. From the File menu, select Save to File (select location, enter file name, and click Save). Leave the EDID Programmer view open for using the instructions on writing the EDID to a DGX Digital Media Switcher input connector on the next page.

Troubleshooting Tip: If the program cannot read and write the EDID information, the system may not support all of the DGX Configuration Software functionality. From the Utilities menu, select Launch EDID Programmer Classic to open a program that will work with the system; follow the directions in its Help file.

Writing EDID Data to DGX DVI or HDMI Input Connector

The instructions that follow tell how to use the EDID Programmer view to write the EDID information from an output or from a saved file to the EDID chip for an input connector on a DGX DVI or HDMI Input Board.

To write EDID data to the EDID chip for an input connector:

- 1. In the DGX Configuration Software interface, select the EDID Programmer tab.
- **2.** Save the board's EDID default as a backup (assumes the board has factory default EDID programming).
 - Select the input connector.
 - Click Read.
 - From the File menu, select Save to File (select location, enter file name, and click Save).
- **3.** If an EDID was just read from an output (see page 164), select the input to which you want to write that EDID information.

Or

From the File menu, select Open File to select an .edid file to be written to the DVI or HDMI input connector.

- 4. Click Write to write the EDID information to the input connector.
- **5.** If applicable Repeat any of the steps that are necessary for any additional DVI or HDMI input connectors.

Custom HDMI and DVI EDID Files for Handling Audio Concerns

HDMI, DVI, or DXLink Boards will be connected to multiple source and sink devices. These devices often support different video and audio formats. Potentially, neither the video nor the audio routed by the system can be displayed on one or more of the destination devices.

Customizing the EDID content at the Enova DGX input channels is one way to be sure that the formats provided by the source are compatible with most/all of the destination devices.

DGX Boards and Their Default EDID Files

- HDMI and DXLink Boards: AMX_HDMI1_A2_basicAudio.edid
- DVI Boards: AMX_DVI1_A0.edid

Both of the default EDID files support basic audio only (L-PCM 32 k, 44.1 k, and 48 k).

The files in the following two tables are located in the AutoPatch_EDID_Library file on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com** (search for EDID Library).

Files using 1080p (VIC 16) as the preferred and native video resolution:

File Name	EDID File Checksum	Monitor Name	Description
AMX_HDMI1_A1.edid	8D	AMX_HDMI1_A1	Supports audio up to 192 k for L-PCM, 48 kHz Dolby (5.1), and 48 kHz DTS (5.1).
AMX_HDMI1_A1_basicAudio.edid	EE	AMX_0300_001	Supports basic audio only (L-PCM 32 k, 44.1 k, and 48 k).

File Name	EDID File Checksum	Monitor Name	Description
AMX_HDMI1_A1_720p.edid	A2	AMX_0301_002	Supports audio up to 192 k for L-PCM, 48 kHz Dolby (5.1), and 48 kHz DTS (5.1).
AMX_HDMI1_A1_720p_basicAudio.edid	92	AMX_0300_003	Supports basic audio only (L-PCM 32 k, 44.1 k, and 48 k).

Files using 720p (VIC 4) as the preferred and native video resolution:

Audio Troubleshooting

If the destination device does not output the audio or if the audio is distorted, it may indicate that the destination device does not support all of the features in the default EDID (2 channel L-PCM audio) on the DGX HDMI Board. Some sources choose what signal types (audio and video) they are sending to a destination based on the destination's EDID.

If, after changing the EDID on the HDMI input, the audio remains distorted or is not present on the destination device, then the device may not be capable of supporting the audio format you requested with the newly loaded EDID setting.

Checking for Support

The easiest way to check whether or not a destination supports a source device's audio signal is to connect the source directly to the destination.

For additional information and a table showing which types of audio the different types of boards support, see page 67.

Note: The default EDID supports 2 channel L-PCM audio so that signals routed to SC Optical Output Boards or being inserted onto or extracted from Audio Insert/Extract Board will work without needing to change the EDID.

Device between HDMI Output Board and Monitor

Sometimes a device (e.g., a video processor) between a DGX HDMI Output Board and the destination monitor is intentionally installed to alter the image scale. If that is not the case and you have image problems, you need to be aware that the scaler override function is responding to the EDID from the extra device rather than from the monitor. One possible solution is to use the DGX Configuration Software to read and save the EDID directly from the monitor and then apply the override values to the output (directions follow).

To read EDID directly from monitor and apply override values to output:

- 1. Remove the device between the output and the monitor.
- 2. Connect the output directly to the monitor.
- 3. Install and open the DGX Configuration Software (see page 153).
- 4. Select the Scaler Override tab.
- **5.** Under EDID Source, select the Enclosure and select the Output number connected to the desired destination from the drop-down lists.
- 6. Click Refresh EDID.
- 7. From the File menu, select Save to File and save the settings to a file.
- 8. Replace the device between the output and the monitor.
- 9. From the File menu, select Open File and open the previously saved file.

- **10.** Click Apply to transmit the settings in the file to the output. This action is temporary until the settings are stored on the connector in Step 12. Otherwise, the settings last only until power is cycled. The display re-syncs with the output.
- **11.** Verify that the display is satisfactory before proceeding.
- **12.** Click Save to store the currently displayed settings to the connector and persist them in memory. (If the settings have been changed since clicking Apply, the newest settings will be saved.)

HDCP Settings View

The HDCP Settings view controls HDCP support, enabling and disabling by specific input. The default setting is for HDCP to be enabled.

To enable or disable HDCP support for an input:



1. Select the input (or select multiple inputs) on the left.

FIG. 92 HDCP Settings view

- 2. Under HDCP Support, click the desired option: Enable or Disable.
- **3.** Click the Set button.
- 4. Repeat as necessary for additional inputs.

Terminal View

The Terminal view provides basic terminal emulation. This view allows you to enter and send BCS (Basic Control Structure), auxiliary, diagnostic, and DGX Shell commands to the system.

Note: If you plan to use the terminal emulation function of the software, a serial connection is required.

Important: You <u>must</u> click the Connect button to establish serial communication with the system before you can use the terminal emulation function in the DGX Configuration Software. When done, be sure to click the Disconnect button.

BCS Commands

AMX AutoPatch has developed BCS protocol (a command language) for control operations. For complete information on BCS commands, see the *Instruction Manual – BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

Auxiliary BCS Commands

Auxiliary commands are also included in the *Instruction Manual – BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol* on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com.** The two most common auxiliary commands are: ~app! (to cause a warm reboot) and ~scr! (to view a splash screen).

Diagnostic BCS Commands

Diagnostic commands are covered in Appendix D (see page 195).

DGX_SHELL Commands

The Enova DGX Switcher supports a number of shell (command-line interpreter) commands for a variety of functions, both basic and advanced (see page 215).

Note: DGX_SHELL Commands are case-sensitive.

To send a command to the system:

1. In the DGX Configuration Software interface, select the Terminal tab.





- **2.** Select and set the Terminal Communication Settings: Comm Port and Baud. (The default baud rate for the Enova DGX Switcher is 9600.)
- 3. Click Connect.
- 4. BCS only Enter the BCS command in the Enter Command field* and click Send.

DGX_SHELL only – Place the cursor in the response window (large text field). Press CTRL+C to enter the DGX_SHELL. Type **help** in the Enter Command field and click Send.** Enter the desired commands.

- 5. Enter additional commands as necessary.
- 6. When done, click Disconnect.

* BCS Commands can also be entered directly into the response window (the large text field). After the final character, press the Enter key.

** Once in the DGX_SHELL, commands can be typed in either field.

To save the current data in the terminal window to a file:

1. From the File menu, select Save to File (select location, enter file name, and click Save). The file format defaults to a .txt file.

Tip: Select and copy any or all of the data in the terminal window and then paste it into another program.

Appendix B – Managing Configuration Files

Applicability Notice

This appendix applies to XNConnect version 2.12.1. XNConnect's version information is found under its Help menu.

This appendix covers the following general information on using XNConnect configuration software and basic modifications for customizing the configuration:

- Installing XNConnect (see page 173)
- Discovering a system (see page 174)
- Opening an .xcl configuration file (see page 175)
- Navigating the interface (see page 176)
- Setting the Control Panel password (see page 177)
- Creating local presets (see page 178)
- Loading an .xcl configuration file (see page 180)

For complete coverage of XNConnect including modifying virtual matrices and hardware, see the XNConnect Help file. If your configuration file needs any type of advanced modification, we *strongly recommend* contacting technical support to request a modified .xcl file or ask for assistance.

Standard Virtual Matrices and XNConnect

The standard virtual matrix for switching signals in the Enova DGX Switcher is VM 0, which routes video.

For video sources that also include audio (e.g., sources with video and embedded audio routed through DGX SC Optical Boards), VM 0 routes the video and any embedded audio. Embedded audio does *not* have a separate virtual matrix for switching and *cannot* be broken away from the video.

VM 1, which switches exactly the same as VM 0, is also provided as an option for compatibility purposes with control software and equipment.

Additional VMs can be created and are useful in some situations. Control can be simplified by creating a separate virtual matrix for the inputs and outputs involved, e.g., if the signal from some of the equipment can only be routed to part of the destinations due to incompatible EDIDs or to provide restricted access to certain source or destinations. The XNConnect Help file contains information on creating new VMs.



Caution: Virtual matrix modifications are an advanced feature of XNConnect that should <u>not</u> be attempted unless you are extremely familiar with XNConnect and the switcher being configured.

Note: If you use the advanced feature of creating a new virtual matrix (VM), be aware that the Control Panel for the Enova DGX Switcher supports a maximum of two digits for virtual matrix numbers.



XNConnect Overview

Caution: Unless you need to reload the .xcl configuration file or modify your system's configuration from the original specifications, you will <u>not</u> need to use XNConnect. We recommend making a copy of the current file every time the file is modified.

XNConnect can be used to modify a system's configuration information which contains routing and control information. XNConnect is provided on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* shipped with each system. Configuration file modifications include basic tasks, such as creating local presets and setting the Control Panel password.

Most Enova DGX Switchers are configured automatically based on the hardware in the system; on occasion custom systems are conventionally created.

Automatic Configuration

The configuration file for an Enova DGX Switcher is automatically generated based on its installed hardware (applies to most Enova DGX single-enclosure systems). The configuration is constructed internally with a standard virtual matrix (see previous page) by the CPU upon initial boot up of the system.

When a system is automatically configured, the configuration information can be accessed for modification in only one way since an .xcl file does not exist for the system. Use XNConnect to discover the configuration information from the CPU. The discovered configuration information can then be saved as an .xcl file. After the configuration is modified in XNConnect, it is loaded back onto the CPU (replacing the automatically constructed configuration). If necessary, the automatically constructed configuration can be restored (see page 181).



FIG. 94 Example of discovery information for automatically constructed configuration

Conventional Configuration

Enova DGX Switchers are conventionally configured when an .xcl configuration file (created in XNConnect) is downloaded to the CPU before shipment (applies to some custom systems).

When a system is conventionally configured, the .xcl file can be accessed for modification in one of two ways: either use XNConnect to discover the .xcl file on the CPU or use XNConnect to open a copy of the .xcl file. The .xcl file copy is provided on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* (MyXCL folder). In either case, after the configuration is modified in XNConnect, it is loaded back onto the CPU (replacing the original file).





AMX AutoPatch CD Information

If you cannot locate the *AMX AutoPatch CD* that shipped with your system and your AMX account has the required permissions, download the newest version of XNConnect from **www.amx.com**. An INI file Updater for updating XNConnect is available on the AMX website under Tech Center \ AutoPatch Tools; an account is not required. If you need an .xcl configuration file that is compatible with your system, either discover the system (see page 174) or contact technical support (see page 58) and provide your system's serial numbers.

Installing and Launching XNConnect

Use this software *only* if you need to customize or change the configuration information from the original specification.

Important: Even if XNConnect is already on your PC, install the newest version that shipped on the "AMX AutoPatch CD" with your system. We <u>strongly</u> recommend uninstalling the old version of XNConnect before installing a new version.

System Requirements

- Windows XP Professional
- 233 MHz processor
- □ Minimum of 128 MB of RAM
- 20 MB of available hard drive space
- □ 800x600 screen resolution (1024x768 is recommended)
- □ Serial port and RS-232 null modem cable

To install XNConnect from the AMX AutoPatch CD:

- 1. Close all other applications currently running on your PC.
- Insert the AMX AutoPatch CD into your CD drive to start automatically. If the CD does not autorun, explore the CD folder and double-click the Index.html file.
- 3. Select Software and find XNConnect.
- **4.** Optional Select the Release Notes to read about the software before installation.
- 5. Select Install.
- 6. Follow the directions in the subsequent dialog boxes.

Note: If your account has the required permissions, the newest version of XNConnect can be downloaded from **www.amx.com**. An AutoPatch INI Updater file can also be found on the AMX website under Tech Center \ AutoPatch Tools for updating XNConnect with information for new support devices and input and output boards (an account is not required).

To launch XNConnect:

- **1.** From the Start menu, select Programs.
- 2. Select AutoPatch Applications (or other file group you specified during the installation).
- 3. Select the XNConnect folder.
- Select XNConnect. The XNConnect program opens.



Getting Started dialog box

When XNConnect is open, two options are available for accessing the information:

- Discover the system (recommended). This works for both conventionally and automatically configured systems (see page 172).
- Open a copy of the .xcl file located in the MyXCL folder on the *AMX AutoPatch CD*. The .xcl file is only available on the CD if the system was conventionally configured (see page 172).

Discovering a System

The discovery process queries the attached system for configuration information and properties, including information regarding assigned signals and virtual matrix definitions. The discovery process may take several minutes to complete.

We recommend disconnecting any third-party control devices from the enclosure's serial ports *before* starting the discovery process.

To discover a system:

- 1. Disconnect any third-party control devices from the enclosure's serial (Control) port.
- 2. Connect the enclosure to the PC (see page 50).
- **3.** (If not already open) Launch XNConnect (see above).
- 4. Open the Communication menu; select Serial Port.
- 5. If applicable For a serial port other than COM 1 (default), open the Communication menu again, select Change Comm Settings. Check the settings for the selected port and adjust if necessary (the default is COM 1, baud rate 9600).
- **6.** Optional Click Test to verify that communication has been established with the enclosure. Click OK.
- 7. From the File menu, select Discover System (the discovery may take a few minutes).
- 8. From the File menu, select Save to save the discovered configuration information to the PC.
- **9.** From the File menu, select Save As and save an .xcl file with a new name to the PC. (We recommend making a duplicate copy every time the file is modified.)

The discovered configuration file is ready to be modified. Whenever changes are made, the new file *must* be loaded onto the system to implement the changes (see page 180).

Opening an .xcl Configuration File

The process of modifying an .xcl configuration file starts by opening it with XNConnect (or discovering system information; see page 174). After modifications are complete, the new configuration information *must* be loaded onto the system to implement the changes.

Important: Even if XNConnect is already on your PC, install the newest version that shipped on the same CD as the .xcl configuration file. We <u>strongly</u> recommend uninstalling the old version of XNConnect before installing a new version.



Caution: Use XNConnect <u>only</u> if you need to load or reload the .xcl configuration file or modify your system's configuration from the original specification. Make a copy of the original file every time the file is modified.

To open an .xcl file:

- **1.** Launch XNConnect (see page 174).
- **2.** From the Getting Started dialog box, click Open Configuration File. (If the dialog box does not appear, from the File menu select Open.)
- **3.** Use the standard Open dialog box to locate and open the .xcl configuration file. The default location is in the MyXCL folder on the *AMX AutoPatch CD*.
- **4.** From the File menu, select Save As and save an .xcl file with a new name to the PC. (We strongly recommend making a duplicate copy every time the file is modified.)

The .xcl file is ready to be modified. Whenever changes are made, the new file *must* be loaded onto the system to implement the changes (see page 180).

Navigating the Interface

XNConnect displays configuration information in two panes. The graphics are located in the left pane, and the properties of the currently selected graphic are in the right pane. At the top of the left pane are two tabs, Hardware and Virtual Matrices, for accessing the Hardware and Virtual Matrices views (see below). To see the details and components of a device or a virtual matrix, click the plus "+" symbol to the left of the device or the virtual matrix.

Most configuration file modifications involve entering information in a series of dialog boxes that are accessed by right-clicking a hardware device or virtual matrix icon and selecting an option from the shortcut menu. If you have a question regarding an open dialog box, press the F1 key for Help.

Hardware View

The Hardware view (FIG. 96) displays the system's hardware, such as enclosures and serial ports. This is the view used when setting the Control Panel password (see page 177).

Virtual Matrices View

The Virtual Matrices view displays properties of the existing virtual matrices. Most common tasks are conducted from this view, including creating local presets.



FIG. 96 XNConnect interface with Hardware tab selected

Modifying an .xcl Configuration File

Modifying an .xcl configuration file with XNConnect involves entering information in a field or in a series of dialog boxes. A brief look at the contents in the Help file provides a quick overview of the possible modifications.

This section provides instructions for two common tasks: setting the Control Panel password and creating local presets. For complete coverage of configuration related tasks, see the XNConnect Help file.

Setting the Control Panel Password

The Control Panel can be locked and unlocked (for directions, see page 118). Locking the panel prohibits access to the system and can prevent accidental switching. The password can be set either with the Control Panel (see page 122) or with XNConnect (see below). If a password has been created and downloaded to the system from XNConnect, a new password can be set from the Control Panel to replace it; however, the previous one *must* be entered first. If a password is set with the Control Panel, a new password can be set and downloaded to the system using XNConnect.

The password consists of five digits between 1 and 8 that are entered on the Control Panel using a combination of five of the first eight Input Keys (keys can be used multiple times).

The system connected to the PC *must* be powered up before the password can be loaded to the Control Panel. If not already connected, complete the first five steps of the instructions for "Discovering a System" on page 174.

To set the password and load it to the Control Panel:

- 1. Discover the system (see page 174) or open the .xcl file (see page 175).
- **2.** In the Hardware view, right-click the Control Panel icon (CP-15 style). If the Control Panel icon is not displayed, double-click the Enova DGX icon.
- **3.** Select Set Password from the drop-down menu. The Set Control Panel Password dialog box opens.

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- 4. Enter a single digit between one and eight (inclusive) in each field.
- 5. Check the box for Configure Password Immediately.

Important: If you use the Configure menu instead of checking the box, the only configuration option that will load password information is Configure \ Configure Special - Hardware \ Configure All Passwords.

6. Click OK.

The updated password information is immediately loaded to the Control Panel, and the new password sequence *must* be used to lock and unlock the Control Panel.

7. From the File menu, select Save As and save an .xcl file with a new name to the PC. (We *strongly* recommend making a duplicate copy every time the file is modified.)

Creating Local Presets

A local preset is a predetermined collection of switches on the same virtual matrix to be routed simultaneously. Executing a local preset affects only those inputs and outputs specified, not the whole system. Local presets are defined using XNConnect and can be executed using the Control Panel or using BCS commands entered in a terminal emulation program. The process for creating local presets involves three dialog boxes that cover managing, naming, and modifying presets.

The Enova DGX Switcher supports a maximum of 64 local presets.

The following instructions are for creating a local preset. For detailed information on modifying and deleting local presets, see the XNConnect Help file.

To create a new preset:

1. In the Virtual Matrices view, right-click the virtual matrix the preset will be created for and select Manage Local Presets from the shortcut menu.

The Manage Local Presets dialog box opens.

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2. Click Name New.

The Name New Preset dialog box opens.

Name New Pres	et		
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- 3. Optional Enter a different preset number (local presets do not need to be numbered sequentially).
- 4. Enter a name for the new preset.
- 5. Click OK.

The Modify Preset dialog box opens.

6. For the first switch, click the source channel (input) and one or more destination channels (outputs). Select multiple destination channels by holding down the Control key while selecting the channels.

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7. Click Assign Switch.

The input appears in the Assignment column of the Destination Channels list; the switch will execute when the local preset is executed.

8. Disconnect inputs* or outputs as part of the local preset by selecting either the source or destination channel and clicking Disconnect.

The input or output appears in its corresponding Disconnected Channels list; the input or output will be disconnected when the local preset is executed.

- * Disconnecting an input will disconnect all outputs it is connected to.
- 9. Repeat Steps 6, 7, and 8 for all switches and/or disconnects to be included in the preset.

Note: For information on the other buttons and preset modifications, press F1 while the Manage Local Presets dialog box is open.

- **10.** After all switches for the preset have been assigned, click OK and then close the Manage Local Presets dialog box.
- **11.** Define additional local presets by repeating the steps.



Caution: The system *must not* be actively switching when loading this information onto the system.

12. When all local presets have been defined, load the .xcl configuration file onto the system (see page 180).

If the .xcl configuration file has been previously loaded to the system and local presets are the only modifications that have been made to the .xcl file, select Configure $\$ Configure Special – Virtual Matrix $\$ Configure All VM Local Presets.

If the .xcl file is being loaded for the first time (assumes an automatically constructed configuration is on the CPU), select Configure \ Configure All.

- **13.** From the File menu, select Save As and save an .xcl file with a new name to the PC. (We *strongly* recommend making a duplicate copy every time the file is modified.)
- 14. Reload the .xcl file from the CPU to the Control Panel according to the directions on page 122.

Loading an .xcl Configuration File

Once modifications have been made to the .xcl configuration file, the new file *must* be loaded onto the system's CPU for the changes to be implemented.

The two basic options for loading an .xcl configuration file are:

- Load the entire file using the "Configure All" option (see Caution below).
- Load part of the file using one of the "Configure Special" options.

To determine which configuration option to use, see "Configure Menu Commands" in the Help file.

When loading any part of an .xcl configuration file, the switcher *must not* be actively switching. You may want to lock the Control Panel (see page 118) and disconnect any external controllers to make sure that no switches are executed during the loading of the file.



Caution: Using the "Configure All" option or the "Configure All Virtual Matrices" option will erase any global presets (see the "Instruction Manual – BCS Basic Control Structure Protocol") that have already been defined for the system.

To load an .xcl configuration file to the enclosure's CPU:

Important: The switcher <u>must not</u> be actively switching when loading any part of or all of the .xcl configuration file.

- 1. Recommended Lock the Control Panel and/or disconnect any external controllers to make sure that no switches are executed during the loading of the file.
- 2. If you have not already done so From the File menu, select Save As and save an .xcl file with a new name to the PC. (We *strongly* recommend making a duplicate copy every time the file is modified.)
- 3. Connect the Enova DGX enclosure to the PC (see page 50).
- 4. In XNConnect, open the Communication menu and select Serial Port.
- 5. Open the Communication menu again, select Change Comm Settings.
- **6.** Check the settings for the selected port and adjust if necessary (the default is COM 1 with a baud rate of 9600).
- 7. Optional Click Test to verify that communication has been established with the Enova DGX Switcher. Click OK.
- **8.** From the Configure menu, select the appropriate configuration option. For an explanation of Configure menu options, see the Help file. (The Configure All option will not load password information. For instructions on loading password information, see page 177.)

The system automatically reboots (applies to non-hardware configuration options only; for hardware, select the appropriate configuration option and then Configure > Reboot All Devices).

9. If local presets were created and loaded to the CPU – Reload the .xcl file from the CPU to the Control Panel according to the directions on page 122.

Restoring the Automatic Configuration



Caution: Restoring the automatically constructed configuration will result in the loss of all custom .xcl configuration file modifications (local presets, passwords, etc.).

To restore the automatically constructed configuration:

- 1. Use a null modem serial cable to connect a PC to the Control port (RS-232 serial) on the enclosure.
- 2. Open DGX Configuration Software (or another terminal emulation program).
- **3.** Select the Terminal tab.
- 4. Set the COM port and baud rate (the default baud rate for the Enova DGX is 9600)
- 5. Click Connect.*
- 6. Enter: ~def! to restore the configuration.
- 7. Wait for a "V" to be returned (may take several seconds).
- 8. Click Send.
- * When done in the Terminal view, be sure to click the Disconnect button.

Appendix B – Managing Configuration Files

Appendix C – APDiagnostics

APDiagnostics Overview

APDiagnostics is a software application that monitors and displays advanced diagnostic information about the Enova DGX Switcher. (APDiagnostics also works with AMX Matrix Switchers that are capable of reporting such data.) This application is available on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or at **www.amx.com**.

System Requirements

- Windows XP Professional
- □ Java Runtime Environment (JRE): v1.5 or the latest version
- Minimum Hardware: 166 MHz, 128 MB RAM, 20 MB of free disk space*, 800x600 display, serial port
- Recommended Hardware: 2.0 GHz, 512 MB RAM, 100 MB free disk space*, dual 1024x768 monitor display, Ethernet port**

* The installation process requires 20 MB of disk space for the APDiagnostics installer and 200 MB of disk space for the JRE v1.5 that is packaged with the installer (if required). Once installed, APDiagnostics requires 5 MB and JRE v1.5 requires approximately 100 MB of disk space.

** We *strongly* encourage using an Ethernet connection (instead of serial) whenever possible, due to the volume of data involved with monitoring diagnostics. For additional information, see "Communications" on page 194.

Installing APDiagnostics

You will need administrative rights to install APDiagnostics; contact your Network Administrator.

Note: The default port when APDiagnostics is first launched is an RJ-45 port (on far left of CPU).

To install APDiagnostics using an RJ-45 port (recommended):

- 1. Connect an RJ-45 cable to one of the two RJ-45 ports on the far left of the CPU on the rear of the Enova DGX enclosure.
- 2. Attach the other end of the RJ-45 cable to a PC.
- **3.** Insert the *AMX AutoPatch CD* into your CD drive to start automatically. If the CD does not autorun, explore the CD folder and double-click the Index.html file.
- 4. Select Software and find APDiagnostics.
- 5. Optional Select Release Notes to read about the software before installation.
- 6. Select Install and follow the directions in the subsequent dialog boxes.
- 7. Open APDiagnostics in Acquisition mode (default).
- 8. Select Comm / Settings.
- **9.** Select the Ethernet tab and set the NIC ID (if the NIC ID is not already displayed, find it by following the directions at the bottom of page 194).
- 10. Click Accept.

To install APDiagnostics using the serial port:

1. Attach a null modem serial cable without hardware flow control to the Control (DB-9 serial) port on the Enova DGX Switcher. Use a null modem cable that matches the pin diagram below for RS-232. Enova DGX equipment requires pins 2, 3, and 5 only.



- 2. Attach the other end of the null modem cable to a PC.
- **3.** Use serial communication software to make sure the PC's baud rate is set correctly for the system. The recommended (default) settings for serial communication for Enova DGX Switchers are listed in the table to the right.
- **4.** Insert the *AMX AutoPatch CD* into your CD drive to start automatically. If the CD does not autorun, explore the CD folder and double-click the Index.html file.
- 5. Select Software and find APDiagnostics.
- 6. Optional Select Release Notes to read about the software before installation.
- 7. Select Install and follow the directions in the subsequent dialog boxes.
- **8.** Open APDiagnostics in Acquisition mode (default).
- 9. Select Comm / Settings.
- 10. Select the Serial Port tab and set the Comm ID and baud rate (9600).
- **11.** Click Accept.

Note: DGX_SHELL commands are another resource for accessing diagnostic information for a system (see page 215).

Enova DGX Serial Port Settings			
Baud Rate	9600		
Data Bits	8		
Parity	None		
Stop Bits	1		
Flow Control	None		

Modes

This program can be opened in one of two modes: Acquisition (default) or Emulation.

Acquisition Mode

Note: Only a single instance of the application can run on a PC when in Acquisition mode.

Acquisition mode is used to gather and display real-time diagnostic data from an Enova DGX Switcher attached to the PC running APDiagnostics. For this mode to be used effectively, we recommend using a dedicated PC because the Enova DGX Switcher *must* be connected to your PC via an RJ-45 Ethernet 10/100 port (default) or Control (DB-9 serial) port *and the program must be running continuously to acquire data*. This data consists of system-critical operating parameters, as well as general information about hardware and control configuration. As the data is gathered, it is automatically archived on the host PC's hard-drive. The three distinct types of files maintained by APDiagnostics are: date-stamped log files, .acp (packet) files, and activity files. The archived files can be emailed to technical support for trend analysis and troubleshooting or can be opened by APDiagnostics in Emulation mode for analysis.

Emulation Mode

This mode is an "off-line" mode used to process and display data that was gathered from an actual system while in Acquisition mode. This mode allows the user to "play back" the system's behavior during a specified period of time for trend analysis and troubleshooting.

Menu Categories Information System Visual Pane Pane Pane Menu File Load Log File (Emulation mode only) Zip Log Files Options Show > Activity Loa Reload (Acquisition mode only) Window Color Preferences Comm (Acquisition mode only) Connect Disconnect Settings (Ethernet or serial port) INCOME NAME OF T Help and the second statement of Country | Different in and the set of the set of the set of the second set of the set of the second se AT MART 9, MALE PROMINENT IN LOCAL STRATE DISAST RELITING INC. Channel C. Prit, Transportant on 2018 (2017). a view Lipston (1918) from the Unit of loads \$, MR. I margare that i is 1000 (m. 21) . 271275 (Briel) 200 (Inc.) OW TO, NOR. 7 COMPANY OF MERICIPACITY OF TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF A above a boolin dry 24% and it into a real-line line 44-4-1000 Event Status Notebook

Main Screen and Menus

FIG. 97 Main screen in Emulation mode (the Comm menu option is not available in this mode)

Note: Custom window colors can be applied to the Main Screen. For instructions on modifying the Main Screen's color, see the APDiagnostics Help file.

Categories Pane

The Categories pane is the left-most pane in the Main Screen and presents the highest-level information about the overall system status. The Categories pane has two tabs: Diagnostics and System.

When maximum and minimum levels of operation for various components in the system are exceeded, APDiagnostics flags that information as warnings or errors (depending on the data received) by changing the color of the Categories buttons in the Categories pane to yellow for warning or red for error and by displaying the information as Warnings or Errors in the Event Status Notebook.

Diagnostics Tab



The two buttons on the Diagnostics tab (Temperature and Power System) will turn green, yellow, or red indicating Good, Warning, or Error state, respectively. A yellow for warning or red for error button indicates that the maximum or minimum levels of functioning for various components in the system has been exceeded. This allows you to "drill down" into that particular system for more detailed information about the state of its lowest-level constituents.

To display diagnostic information for Temperature and Power System groups:

- 1. In the Categories pane, select the Diagnostics tab.
- **2.** Click either the Temperature or Power System button. Visual, Plot, and Details buttons display in the Information pane (see page 187).

System Tab



The six buttons on the System tab offer general information for the following

- Enclosure Info
- VM Configurations
- Hardware Boards
- Power Supply Info
- Fan Status*
- Signal Sense (for inputs and outputs)

To display general information for a particular component:

- **1.** In the Categories pane, select the System tab.
- **2.** Click one of the buttons on the System tab. The details display in the Information pane (see page 187).

* A fan should be replaced if the speed drops significantly lower than its setting value, indicating that it will eventually fail. If a fan has failed completely, its speed will be reported as 0 RPM.

Information Pane



The Information pane is the center panel in the Main Screen and offers the next level of "drill down" into the system status. Information pane buttons access information for each of the specific group components listed. The type of information displayed in the Information pane depends on which tab is active in the Categories pane and which Categories button is selected.

To display diagnostic information:

- 1. In the Categories pane, select the Diagnostic tab.
- **2.** Select either the Temperature or Power System buttons as applicable.
- **3.** In the Information pane:

a. Click Visual to display visual details on the enclosure in the System Visual pane. For more information, see page 189.

b. Click Plot to display a Plot View with a graph of data points for information being gathered (Acquisition mode) or already gathered (Emulation mode) for a specific component. The data is date stamped as it is added to the graph.

For more information, see page 188.

c. Click Details to display a set of analog status meters each representing current data for its associated component. The meters provide an analog representation of a component's current value with respect to its Warning and Error setpoints. If the value is below its minimum or exceeds its maximum Warning or Error setpoint, the color of the meter changes from green (Good) to yellow (Warning) or red (Error), making it easy to identify problem areas at a glance.

Information Pane Plot Views

A Plot Views window displays a graph of data points for the components for which it is associated. The graph has a legend at the right and is time-stamped in intervals across the bottom. The amount of historical data points presented in the graph can be determined by changing the settings in the Application Preferences dialog box (see page 191).

Legend items in a Plot View are selectable; doing so will filter the view so that only the selected items are displayed. Furthermore, if only a single item is selected, its Warning and Error setpoint values will also display in the window for reference.



Tip: For a hard copy of a graph, save as a .png file, then print the .png.

For information on changing the viewing of the graph, see the APDiagnostics Help file.

To display System information:

- 1. In the Categories pane, select the System tab.
- 2. Click the desired System button to display its corresponding details in the Information pane:



- Enclosure Info XNNet ID, Firmware Version, Host IOS Version, and FW (Firmware) Build Date.
 - VM Configurations A table with the VM Name, VM Number, Inputs, and Outputs.
- Hardware Boards A table with board numbers for Inputs, Outputs, and Center boards (Center boards are internal and handle switching).
- Power Supply Info Model number, Serial number, Revision, and Service Hours for each power supply. (If a power supply is listed as "not reporting," either it is not physically present or it is not being reported by the enclosure.)
- Fan Status a table indicates Fan #, Speed (RPS), and Health with an icon for wellbeing (green check mark, yellow !, or red !).
- Signal Sense A table indicates whether a signal is present on each of the input and output channel connections on the switcher. The signal may or may not be routed, but the source device must be connected and powered on for the table to indicate that the signal is present.

Note: The Signal Sense table does not show crosspoint status.

System Visual Pane



The System Visual pane is the right-most panel in the Main Screen and presents a simple graphic representation of the different groups being monitored by the application.

To display an appropriate image in System Visual pane:

- 1. In the Categories pane, select the Diagnostics tab.
- 2. Click either the Temperature or Power System button.
- **3.** In the Information pane, click Visual for the applicable Temperature Groups or Power System Groups (Power Supplies are illustrated in the graphic to the left).

Event Status Notebook

The Event Status Notebook is the panel with five tabs at the bottom of the Main Screen. The tabs in the Event Status Notebook provide current data (Acquisition mode) or previous data (Emulation mode). It provides updated status entries as the system is being monitored, providing a snapshot glance of the most recent state of the system.



When components in the system exceed their maximum and minimum levels of operation, APDiagnostics flags that information as warnings or errors depending on the data received. APDiagnostics changes the color of the Categories buttons in the Categories pane -(top arrow) to yellow for warning or red for error and displays the information as Warnings or Errors in the Event Status Notebook -(bottom arrow).

The information displayed in the Event Status Notebook is sorted under the following tabs: All Events, Notices, Warnings, Errors, and Async Network Msgs (Messages).

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Note: A yellow or red outline around a data line indicates that the component was previously in a Warning or Error state.

To view information in the Event Status Notebook:

- **1.** Click the applicable tab:
 - All Events comprehensive and sequential listing of all Notices, Warnings, and Errors
 - Notices (green checkmark) data list collected indicating a status of "Good"
 - Warnings (yellow !) data list collected that indicates the Warning set point (high or low) has been exceeded
 - Errors (red !) data list collected that indicates an Error state, i.e., has surpassed or exceeded its allowable maximum or minimum set point
 - Async Network Msgs (red !) list of asynchronous messages received from the connected enclosure that indicate a condition that may need to be addressed

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Data lines display for every component that is queried and provide:

- "Green checkmark" (Notice) or "yellow !" (Warning) or "red !" (Error)
- Component description (e.g., Center board 2, POL 2 power)
- General status description (e.g., GOOD, has surpassed . . ., has exceeded . . ., etc.)
- Date/time stamp for the event (e.g., 8/03/07 5:15:50 PM)
- Elapsed time in minutes and seconds that the component has been in that state (e.g., 7m:25s)

To access a data line context menu:

- 1. Select and then right-click a data line in a list. The context menu options are:
 - Show Graph opens a Plot View of the data points for that component
 - Icon/Date/time stamp* (information only; not selectable) indicates the most recent time that the component was in that respective state
 - Reset Selected Item*
 - Reset All Items
- * These menu items only appear when a data line is outlined in yellow or red.

Types of Files

The following three types of files are zipped and archived. The file name for each includes the date and time zipped: for example, Diagnostic_03.02.09_14.24.50.zip (zipped on March 2, 2009 at 2:24:50 pm).

- Log (.apd, .zip) contains all data displayed in the APDiagnostics interface in text format. Can be loaded when the program is opened in Emulation mode to view data for trend analysis and troubleshooting; see page 193.
- **Packet** (.acp) contains all system activity data (packet transactions between APDiagnostics and the enclosure) in libpcap format. Advanced users can open .acp files with a packet/ network analyzer, such as "Analyzer" (http://analyzer.polito.it/).
- Activity (.log) displays system activity in the Activity Log dialog box in text format.

Application Preferences

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To access the Application Preferences dialog box and set preferences:

 Select Options > Preferences. The Preferences dialog box has two tabs: General and Logging.

General Tab

To set general application preferences:

- 1. For the upper set of preferences, click the applicable Enabled check boxes.
 - Always Perform Live Network Discover* (selected by default)
 - Open Activity Viewer at Startup
 - Use Last Comm-Link at Startup (selected by default)
 - Show Mode-Selection Dialog at Startup (selected by default)
 - Auto-Connect in Acquisition mode (selected by default)
- 2. For the lower set of preferences, edit information in place (Help boxes appear).
 - Emulation Mode Packet Interval
 - Cached Probe History
- 3. Click OK.

* If this preference is "off," the program will use the last XNNet ID stored in its registry (and expects that enclosure to be present).

When processing a set of archived files in Emulation mode for analysis, you can control how fast or slow the files are processed by adjusting the "Emulation Mode Packet Interval" setting on the General tab of the Application Preferences dialog box. If you are viewing graphs while the data is being processed, specifying a larger interval value will allow the program to be more responsive as the Plot Views can be processor intensive in the face of fast playbacks.

Important: APDiagnostics keeps a cache of historical data points in memory for status of all components that it monitors. These data points can then be displayed in the Plot Views for trend analysis. You can control the amount of system memory APDiagnostics will use for this historical data by setting the "Cached Probe History" value on the General tab. (The Max. Cached Probe History is 168 hours. For default values, see the dialog box.) Large history sets may impede performance of the application, so set this value in accordance with the resources available on the target PC.

Logging Tab

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To set the preference for Start .acp Logging At Startup:

- **1.** Click the Enabled check box.
- 2. Click OK.

To change settings:

- **1.** Edit in place (for default values, see the dialog box):
 - Log File Maximum Size*
 - Diagnostic Log Directory Max Size
 - ACP Log Directory Max Size
 - Activity Log Viewer Directory Max Size
- 2. Click OK.

* Log files are automatically zipped when the maximum size specified in this field is reached. This size value applies to all three log file types.

Tip: The amount of disk space allocated for archived files can be controlled by specifying the amount of disk space to allocate for each of the three file types that are generated and archived while APDiagnostics is running in Acquisition mode. You can also specify how big the active Log file should get before it is archived and a new one is started. These parameters are specified on the Logging tab.

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redence e	Feature	
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	D8. Cand	

To specify the root level folder for storing all Log files:

1. Browse the parent directory for log files.

Once specified, the files are stored as follows:

- .apd files in a subfolder named "diagnostic"
- .acp in a subfolder named "acp"
- .log files in a subfolder named "activity"

Note: The "Diagnostic Log File Name" and the ".acp Log File Name" can be changed by editing in place, but cannot have a specified path.

Zip Log Files

In the event that you need to zip a set of files and send them to technical support, use the Log File Zip Utility dialog box to create a single archive file to email.

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- E2 -	APDIagnol0(4)coll	CJPROGRA-1WUTOPA-1WEDIAG=1.2lbim	
N.	AllWww_11.13.00_12.25.07.20	CIPRODRA-1AUTOPA-1APDIAG-1.2bitULogFilenauIwiM	
	WPDiagnostics.log	CJPROTRA-TIALTOPA-TIAPDix0+T 2/InnuLogFinisiartwth	
Seiu	et Ali Deseloct M	Add Files Close	

To zip log files:

- **1.** Select File > Zip Log Files.
- 2. Under Include, click the check box for each of the files needing zipped.
 - Click individually or use any of the first three option buttons along the bottom.
 - Select multiple, consecutive files by holding down the Shift key and clicking the first and last files in a range of files.
 - Select multiple, nonconsecutive files by holding down the Control key and clicking on individual files.
- 3. Click Zip Files.
- 4. Click Close.

Load Log Files (Emulation Mode Only)

To load log files:

- **1.** Select File > Load Log File.
- 2. From the Open dialog box, navigate to the location the application is storing the .apd files (the default location is LogFiles > Activity in the installation directory).
- **3.** Open the desired .apd and/or .zip file(s). The Status bar at the bottom indicates which file is being processed (for example, "Processing file 2 of 3").

Activity Log

A diagnostics window where all activity is logged in detail keeps track of the application's activity while it is running. The logging can be paused and resumed as required. The logged information can also be deleted (Clear Pad). The level of logging can be specified as: Critical, General (default), or Detailed.

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ferralizing Orafan (aplant Crossel Amerik Kouse	- 1

To select options in the Activity Log:

- **1.** Select Options > Show > Activity Log.
- 2. Click Pause Logging or Clear Pad as needed (change Log Level if desired).

Communications

APDiagnostics communicates with a single enclosure at a time in Acquisition mode. (Only a single instance of the application can run on a PC when in Acquisition mode.)

Note: The Comm menu item is available only in Acquisition mode because communication with a system is not required to run APDiagnostics in Emulation mode.

The communication link can be disconnected at anytime (thus freeing up the COM port for use by other applications) and then reconnected when needed. The program will reset itself when the reconnection occurs. Due to the potentially high volume of information being processed from the attached enclosure, we recommend using the Ethernet connection whenever possible.

To change the Comm Settings (in Acquisition mode only):





1. Select Comm > Settings. The Comm Setting Dialog box opens.

 Ethernet – Select the Ethernet tab and enter the NIC ID*. Or

Serial Port – Select the Serial Port tab and enter the Comm ID and baud rate (default 9600).

3. Click Accept.

* If the NIC ID (MAC Address) is not already displayed, find it by going to the Start menu at the lower left of your monitor:
1) Select Start/Settings/Control Panel.
2) Open Network Connections.
3) Right-click on the Local Area Connection (under LAN or Internet) and select Properties.

4) Hover the mouse pointer over the entry in the Connect Using field to display the MAC Address (e.g., 00-1E-4F-A1-82-5D).

Appendix D – Programmer's Interface for System Diagnostics

System Component Information

The Enova DGX Switcher displays system information in the splash screen* for diagnostic purposes. The information indicates the current status and well-being of the system components.



FIG. 98 Example of a default Enova DGX 32 splash screen

The splash screen can be accessed using a terminal emulation program, such as the Terminal view in DGX Configuration Software (see page 169). One of four verbosity** settings is specified, which provides either a list of the seven system components with minimal information (FIG. 98) or a level of detailed information on one of the seven components. Only one verbosity setting and one component setting can be entered in a command. The order in which the verbosity and component settings are entered is interchangeable.

* AMX reserves the right to add to the contents of the splash screen at any time, without notice.

** Verbosity (i.e., wordiness) refers to the amount of information given; the higher the verbosity setting, the more information is displayed.

Note: DGX_SHELL commands are another resource for accessing diagnostic information for a system (see page 215).

Verbosity Settings

The verbosity (v) settings (v0, v1, v2, v3) correspond to the level of detail that will be displayed, with v0 being the lowest level of detail and v3 being the highest level.

Component Identity Settings

Detailed information for a single system component can be specified by using its identity (i) number setting (i1 through i7) in the following table. Minimal information for all seven components can be specified by using the identity number i0.

Component	Identity Number
All Components	iO
Enclosure	il
Storage Blocks	i2
Communication Interfaces	i3
Hardware / Boards	i4
VM Configuration	i5
Power System	i6
System Sensors	i7

Default Settings

- At system boot, the ~scrv0il setting is displayed (FIG. 91 on page 197).
- If the verbosity setting is omitted, the verbosity level will be the lowest (v0).
- The component setting must be included; otherwise, entering any of the verbosity settings alone will result in a display equivalent to v0i0.
- If both settings are omitted during a query (~scr!), the information displayed will be at the lowest verbosity level for all components (v0i0) (FIG. 90 on page 195).

Using BCS to Access System Diagnostic Information

Instructions are given for accessing the lowest level of verbosity for all components and for accessing a specific level of verbosity for a specific component.

To access the lowest level of verbosity for all components:

1. Enter ~scr! or ~scrv0i0!

Note: Either of these commands provides a "menu" of the identity numbers and their corresponding components (FIG. 90 on page 195).

Only one verbosity setting and one component setting can be entered in a command. The order in which the verbosity and component settings are entered is interchangeable.

To access a specific level of verbosity for a specific component:

- 1. Enter ~scr (to access the splash screen).
- Enter the verbosity level setting v# and the component identity setting i#. Either may be specified first.
- **3.** Enter ! (to send the command).

Example

~scrv3i6! or ~scri6v3! (Either displays the highest level of detail for the Power System.)

Splash Screen Examples

Note: AMX reserves the right to add to the contents of the splash screen at any time, without notice.

Power-Up Splash Screen

4. The first example is of the splash screen that displays when power is applied to the enclosure. When "Ready" appears, BCS commands can be entered for executing switches, verifying status, querying the system for diagnostic information, etc.

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[1:Enclosure] AMX Enova DGX 16 v1.	.0.1R	1
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Benages.		
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Ready	funcial clies (inv plan)	

FIG. 99 Power-up splash screen in DGX Configuration Software's Terminal view

Splash Screens Displaying System Information

Following are five examples of splash screen information from an Enova DGX 16 that could display when different verbosity/component settings are specified. Depending on the amount of detail provided, you may need to scroll to see the entire display.

The command in the first example, ~scrv3i1, can be used to check the host software (IOS) version and the hardware driver (appcode) version.

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tenter a maler a	
~scrv3il!	
[1:Enclosure] AMX Enova DGX 16	
[host software] v3.6.0	
[hardware driver] v1.0.1 R	
[Dulid date] July 22 2011 11:29:26	
[pid version] Ai	
[ap system id] 0x0	
[nyram status] valid user preference restored	
[nvram magic] Oxdedafaba	
[sysrev id] 1	
tan tanan	1
	- A
Benages .	
Regenting densed discovery	
and for the second star plan	

FIG. 100 Display for v3i1 (verbosity 3, component 1)

-scrvli7! [7:System Sensors] detected [io board 1 sensors] detected [io board 2 sensors] detected [io board 3 sensors] detected [io board 8 sensors] detected [io board 8 sensors] detected [center board 1 sensors] detected [canter board 1 sensor	T 201 Configuration Infinence	1000
-scrvli7! [7:System Sensors] detected [io board 1 sensors] detected [io board 5 sensors] detected [io board 5 sensors] detected [io board 8 sensors] detected [signal sense] [fan controller 1] detected	The (services tables top)	
<pre>~scrvli7! [7:System Sensors] detected [io board 1 sensors] detected [io board 2 sensors] detected [io board 8 sensors] detected [io board 8 sensors] detected [signal sense] [fan controller 1] detected</pre>	Something Some Service (SO Programme Service)	
<pre>~scrvli7! [7:System Sensors] detected [io board 1 sensors] detected [io board 5 sensors] detected [io board 6 sensors] detected [center board 1 sensors] detected [cignal sense] [fan controller 1] detected</pre>	Second Concernation Selfings	
-scrvli7! [7:System Sensors] detected [io board 1 sensors] detected [io board 5 sensors] detected [io board 8 sensors] detected [conter board 1 sensors] detected [signal sense] [fan controller 1] detected	toute T B Backet E	Seree 1
<pre>~servli7! [7:System Sensors] detected [io board 1 sensors] detected [io board 2 sensors] detected [io board 8 sensors] detected [conter board 1 sensors] detected [signal sense] [fan controller 1] detected</pre>		
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FIG. 101 Display for v1i7 (verbosity 1, component 7)



FIG. 102 Display for v2i7 (verbosity 2, component 7)



FIG. 103 Display for v3i6 (verbosity 3, component 6)

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~scrv3i4!	
[4-Hardware Boards] detected	
[switching drivers] count = 1	
[revision] 0x05	
[mtx driver 1.2] 16x16 switching driver	
[revision] 0x05	
[input boards] count = 2	
[board 1] c0e0	
[board 2] c0e0	
[board 3] 0000	
[board 4] 0000	
[output boards] count = 2	
[board 5] 80b0	
the ferred	1.000
Report instance.	
Desce doubles condition	
here i dire i	in the

FIG. 104 Display for v3i4 (verbosity 3, component 4)

Appendix D – Programmer's Interface for System Diagnostics

Appendix E – Adding or Replacing Boards

Applicability

This appendix covers the removal and replacement procedure for the Enova DGX input and output boards listed in the tables below. Enova DGX boards are hot-swappable, i.e., the procedure can be done while the system is powered up. (If the board being removed or installed is a DGX SC Optical Board, be sure to read the first **Caution** in the "Safety Recommendations for Laser Products" on the next page.)

Input and Output Boards

Enova DGX DVI Boards

Туре	FG #	Model
Input	FG1058-600	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VI-DVI
Output	FG1058-610	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VO-DVI

Enova DGX HDMI Boards

Туре	FG #	Model
Input	FG1058-540	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VI-HDMI
Output	FG1058-550	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VO-HDMI

Enova DGX DXLink™ Twisted Pair Boards

Туре	FG #	Model
Input	FG1058-570	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VI-DXLINK
Output	FG1058-580	AVS-ENOVADGX32-VO-DXLINK

Epica DGX SC Optical Boards

Туре	FG #	Model
Input	FG1056-500	AVS-EPDGX32-OI-SC
Output	FG1056-510	AVS-EPDGX32-OO-SC

Expansion Boards

The Enova DGX Audio Insert/Extract Board (FG1058-700) can be replaced or added using the procedure in this appendix. However, we recommend using the procedure in the "Audio Insert/Extract Board" chapter because it includes instructions for setting the DIP switches to insert or extract audio (see page 101).

Note: If you plan to use the instructions in this appendix, remember that the Audio Insert/Extract Board can only be installed in an expansion slot.

Procedure Overview

Important: Adding or replacing boards should only be done by personnel trained to handle ESD sensitive parts and assemblies.



ESD Warning: To avoid ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) damage to sensitive components, make sure you are properly grounded before touching any internal Enova DGX materials. Use an ESD wristband and cord with an alligator clip attached to a good ground source.

Items Required

- Enova DGX board(s)
- Phillips #1 screwdriver
- ESD wristband and cord with alligator clip
- PC with terminal emulation program and a null modem serial cable (RS-232)

Safety Recommendations for Laser Products

Caution: The safety recommendations for laser products include applying power last. If instead of powering down during the board replacement procedure, you decide to take advantage of the DGX SC Optical Board's ability to hot-swap, <u>be sure</u> that you follow the rest of the laser safety recommendations here and in the instructions when replacing a DGX SC Optical Board.

Caution: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

Important: No user serviceable parts are included inside Enova DGX enclosures; service should only be done by qualified personnel.

Exercise caution when installing DGX Fiber products to avoid direct eye exposure to invisible laser radiation. Follow the recommendations below whenever installing or working with DGX Fiber products.

- Be sure to apply the power only after all fiber connections are made and no fiber ends are exposed.
- □ Do *not* remove dust plugs from SC fiber connectors or the dust caps from the fiber cables until establishing connections; avoid direct eye exposure.
- □ Make sure all cables, including fiber cables, are correctly connected and/or terminated.
- Before you unplug a fiber cable on an input board, disconnect the power on the DGX TX that is connected to the input.
- Before you unplug a fiber cable on an output board, disconnect the switch for that output connector.

Adding or Replacing a Board

Important: When replacing a board, be sure to install the new board in the same slot that held the original board to make sure the switching commands are correct.

In almost all cases, Enova DGX Switchers are configured to accommodate a full enclosure's worth of boards and do *not* require modification to the configuration file when a board is added. If you cannot execute switches with the new board after it has been installed, the configuration file may need to be updated; see "Board Troubleshooting" on page 206.



Caution: Cable management bars are not to be used as handles to remove or install boards.

In the following procedure, read each step entirely. The steps include helpful tips to avoid damage to the enclosure's internal cables and connectors.

To remove and replace an Enova DGX board:

- 1. **Optional** If the board being replaced has custom settings that have not been saved, use DGX Configuration Software to save the settings now (see page 153).
- 2. **Optional** For SC Optical Boards, we recommend unplugging the AC power cords from both of the power supplies (be sure to read the first **Caution** at the top of this page.)
- **3.** Enova DGX 32 only Loosen the captive screw on each end of the connector numbering plate above the boards, and set the plate aside.



FIG. 105 Enova DGX 32 only - Two captive screws hold numbering plate above boards

- 4. If applicable Label and disconnect all cables on the board being replaced. If cables from adjoining boards obstruct access, label and disconnect them as necessary. If the enclosure is not powered down:
 - For disconnecting an SC Optical Input Board Before disconnecting the fiber cables, disconnect the power on the DGX TX Modules that are connected to the inputs.
 - For disconnecting an SC Optical Output Board Before disconnecting the fiber cables, disconnect the switches for those output connectors.
- 5. Remove blank board plate Remove the screw that holds the board plate in place (for Enova DGX 32, see FIG. 106; for Enova DGX 16, see FIG. 107). Pull the plate out of the board slot opening (the tab on the end of the board plate fits in a slot near where the ejector handle would otherwise go). The plate consists of an aluminum sleeve with a black metal piece, which slides in and out of the sleeve, and an EMI (Electromagnetic Interference) gasket.

Remove current board – Remove the pan head screw that holds the board in place (for the Enova DGX 32, see FIG. 106; for the Enova DGX 16, see FIG. 107). Push on the board's extractor handle as far as it will go (about a 45° angle). With the handle extended, carefully pull the board straight out of the board slot. Place the board in an ESD approved static shield bag and set aside.



FIG. 106 Enova DGX 32 - Remove screw, push board extractor handle down, and then pull board straight out



FIG. 107 Enova DGX 16 - Remove screw, push extractor handle right (input) or left (output), pull board straight out

Caution: Each Enova DGX board has an EMI gasket along one edge of the face plate. Handle the boards carefully to avoid dislodging or damaging the gasket on the board being installed <u>and</u> the gasket on the adjacent board or blank plate.



Caution: For SC Optical Boards, do not remove dust plugs from SC fiber connectors until Step 12.

6. Audio Insert/Extract Board(s) only – See page 101 for information on setting the DIP switches (this is the only way to configure the insert/extract functionality). Flip the DIP switch for each connector that needs its setting changed. We recommend writing down the setting for each connector to make verifying correct audio switching behavior easier in Step 14.
The day is a set of the day of t

These boards can only be installed in an expansion slot (FIG. 106 and FIG. 107).

7. Install board in Enova DGX 32 – With the board's extractor handle in the extended (unlocked) position, line up the board's edges on the board guides that are along the top and bottom of the board slot (FIG. 106).

Or

Install board in Enova DGX 16 – With the board's extractor handle in the extended (unlocked) position, line up the board's edges on the board guides that are along the left and right of the board slot (FIG. 107). Note that input boards have board guides at the top of the slot and board guides for the output boards are at the bottom of the slot due to their reversed orientation in the enclosure.

- 8. Begin pushing the board into the slot until the extractor handle starts to engage the metal extractor plate (the extractor handle moves into its folded position).When the extractor handle starts to lift, flip the handle toward the center of the board until it snaps into its folded (locked) position, which firmly seats the board.
- **9.** Fasten the screw (which was removed in Step 4) that holds the board in place. This screw *must* be tightened securely before connectors are attached in Step 12.
- 10. If the enclosure was powered down Plug the AC power cords back into the power supplies.
- **11.** Verify that the system recognizes the board:
 - **a.** Attach a PC to the serial port on the enclosure with an RS-232 null modem cable (pinout for PC to enclosure: 5 GND to 5 GND, 2 RXD to 3 TXD, and 3 TXD to 2 RXD).
 - **b.** Open DGX Configuration Software (or another a terminal emulation program).
 - c. Select the Terminal tab.
 - d. Set the COM port and baud rate (the default baud rate for the Enova DGX is 9600)
 - e. Click Connect.
 - f. Enter ~scri4v3!
 - g. Check to be sure the new board is included in the input or output boards list (FIG. 108). (Audio Insert/Extract Boards are listed under "expansion boards.") If not, re-seat the board and enter the command again. (Do <u>not</u> disconnect the terminal program until after Step 14 is successful.)

BCX Cardigerative Software	
Pie Camunication Utilities regi	
Scalar Mode Scalar Override 800 Programmer Textminal	
Tentina Costinuicator Settings	
Connet	
~scri4v3!	
[4:Hardware Boards] detected	
[switching drivers] count = 1	
(Scroll past switching drivers information to view board information.)	
[input boards] count = 8	
[board 1] c0e0	
[board 2] c0e0	 Number of boards listed
[board 3] c0e0	must match the actual
[board 4] c0e0	number of boards in the
[board 5] c0e0	enclosure

FIG. 108 Splash screen showing boards in the system (Enova DGX 32 example with 8 input boards)

12. Optional for systems with SC Optical Boards – Power down the enclosure again.

Note: If using a cable management bar, tie the cable to the cable management bar far enough below the connector to allow for the manufacturer's recommended bend radius. The bend radius for AMX SC terminated fiber cables is 2 inches (5 cm).

- 13. Attach cables to the board's connectors* and reconnect any other cables that were disconnected in Step 3 (if applicable tie cables to cable management bars).If the enclosure is not powered down:
 - For connecting an SC Optical Input Board Avoid direct eye exposure as you (a) remove the dust plugs from the SC fiber connectors on the board, (b) remove the dust caps from the fiber cables, (c) establish the connections, and (d) apply power to the DGX TX Modules that are connected to the inputs.
 - For connecting an SC Optical Output Board Avoid direct eye exposure as you (a) remove the dust plugs from the SC fiber connectors on the board, (b) remove the dust caps from the fiber cables, and (c) establish the connections.
- 14. If the enclosure was powered down Reapply power.
- **15.** Optional If you have custom board settings to load to the board, use DGX Configuration Software to load them now (see page 153).
- **16.** Execute a test switch using a connection on the new board to be sure that video is present at the destination (Control Panel: press Function Key, Select Key, Input Key, Output Key, and Take Key).
 - Additional testing for Audio Insert/Extract Board functionality:
 - Insert function If the DIP switch for the audio connector is set to insert, the video signal from the corresponding video input or output will carry the inserted audio; check that the inserted audio is present with the display.
 - Extract function If the DIP switch for the audio connector is set to extract, the audio will be extracted from the corresponding video input or output signal; check the auxiliary or supplemental audio equipment involved to be sure the extracted audio signal is present where expected.

If the test switch does not work, see "Board Troubleshooting" on the next page.

17. Enova DGX 32 only – Replace the connector numbering plate that was removed in Step 2.

* If you need cabling information, see the specific board chapter in this manual.

Important: If for any reason a board slot is left empty, be sure to attach a blank plate to cover it.

Additional Board Information

HDMI and DVI Boards

If the boards do not have custom settings, they will default to the Scaler mode of "Auto" and an override resolution of 1280x1024. If necessary, DGX Configuration Software is available for configuring these boards (see page 153). DGX Configuration Software is located on the *AMX AutoPatch CD* and is also available at **www.amx.com**.

DXLink Twisted Pair Boards

For information on DXLink Boards and system setup with DXLink Transmitters and Receivers, see page 78.

SC Optical Boards

For information on SC Optical Boards and system setup with DGX Fiber Modules, see page 93.

Audio Insert/Extract Boards

For compete information on Audio Insert/Extract Boards, see page 97.

Board Troubleshooting

If you cannot execute switches with the new board after it has been installed, the first thing to do is verify the system's configuration by entering ~scri5v3! in a terminal emulation program (FIG. 109). This command retrieves information on the crosspoint size of the virtual matrices (VMs), which determine the routing of signals.

Note: The configuration file is automatically generated by the system based on its hardware – input and output boards, expansion boards, front control panel, CPU, etc. If boards are added during runtime, they are immediately added to the system's configuration.

From the factory, the automatically generated configuration contains two VMs: VM 0 = all signals and VM 1 = video signals. The crosspoint size for each VM is set at a full 32x32 for an Enova DGX 32 (eight input and eight output boards) and at 16x16 for an Enova DGX 16 (four input and four output boards).



FIG. 109 Splash screen information indicating a standard configuration file for an Enova DGX 32

If the crosspoint size is less than full (e.g., 24x24 in an Enova DGX 32) and the new board increases the size past the size indicated on the splash screen, then the system was customized for a non-standard crosspoint size that is not large enough to accommodate the new board. The configuration file *must* be updated before the new board will work (see "Updating the Configuration File" below).

If the crosspoint size is large enough to accommodate the new board and you still cannot execute switches, contact technical support (see page 58).

Updating the Configuration File

If the configuration file requires updating (as explained in the previous section), read both choices listed to determine how to proceed.

- If the system's configuration file has *not* been modified since it was shipped from the factory, enter ~def! in a terminal emulation program (e.g., DGX Configuration Software see page 169) to establish the default configuration of 16x16 or 32x32 with two VMs.
- If the original configuration has been modified in any way (e.g., local presets were added), we recommend sending a copy of the modified file to technical support (see page 58), so they can add support for the board change to the modified file before you download the file to the CPU (downloading requires XNConnect software; see page 180).

Appendix F – Program Run Disable Mode

The information in this appendix is not applicable under normal operating conditions.

This appendix provides instructions for removing an Enova DGX CPU board and setting the Configuration DIP switch to place the integrated Master in Program Run Disable (PRD) mode.

The CPU board *must* be removed from the enclosure to access the DIP switch, which is mounted on the right side of the board. The procedure can be done while the enclosure is in a rack, but the system *must* be powered down.

Program Run Disable (PRD) Mode

The PRD mode prevents the NetLinx program stored in the integrated Master from running during the Enova DGX enclosure's power-up.

Important: The PRD mode should <u>only</u> be used if the resident NetLinx program is causing inadvertent communication and/or control problems.

If the procedure is necessary, use NetLinx Studio v 3.x to resolve the communication and/or control problems with the resident NetLinx program.

Configuration DIP Switch Mode Settings

The Configuration DIP switch is used to set the integrated Master to PRD mode according to the settings listed in the table below.

PRD Mode Settings			
Mode	Position 1	Normal Mode	
Normal Mode (default)	OFF	PRD Mode	Important: The DIP switch is mounted with the ON position
PRD Mode	ON		at the bottom.

Note: Think of the PRD mode (ON) equating to a PC's SAFE mode setting. PRD mode allows you to power a unit, update the firmware, and download a new program while circumventing any problems with a currently downloaded program. Power <u>must</u> be cycled to the enclosure after activating/ deactivating this mode on the Configuration DIP switch Position #1.

Removing the CPU Board and Setting the DIP Switch



Caution: Do not remove the CPU board until you are ready to change the Configuration DIP switch.

Items Required

- Phillips #1 screwdriver
- ESD wristband and cord with an alligator clip



FIG. 110 CPU board

Note: The following procedure requires that the CPU board be removed, the DIP switch set to PRD mode, the CPU board reinstalled, and resolution of the communication and/or control problem. The procedure also includes removal of the CPU board a second time to reset the DIP switch back to Normal mode.

ESD Warning: To avoid ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) damage to sensitive components, make sure you are properly grounded before touching any internal Enova DGX materials. Use an ESD wristband and cord with an alligator clip attached to a good ground source.

To remove an Enova DGX CPU board and set the DIP switch:

- 1. Disconnect both AC power cords. Make sure that none of the power supply LEDs are illuminated.
- 2. Disconnect *all* cables connected to the CPU.
- 3. Remove the two screws from the CPU faceplate: one each on the far left and far right.





4. Remove the CPU faceplate and set aside.

Tip: Removal of the CPU board is easier if the two metal plates under the CPU are removed first.

5. Use the tab indicated in FIG. 112 to pull the CPU board straight out of the enclosure.



FIG. 112 Use tab to pull CPU board straight out

6. Set the Position #1 DIP switch to **ON** (places the integrated Master into PRD mode). Note that the DIP switch is mounted with the ON position toward the bottom.



FIG. 113 Set Position #1 DIP switch to ON

- **7.** Slowly slide the CPU board back into the empty slot, being careful to align the edges in the board guides along the insides (FIG. 113).
- **8.** Push the CPU board into the enclosure firmly enough to make a good electrical connection (avoid pushing on the connectors). When fully inserted, the faceplate on the CPU board should sit flush with the back metal.
- 9. Reattach the faceplate to the enclosure with the two screws that were removed in Step 3.
- **10.** Plug in both AC power cords.
- **11.** Check the System Status LED on the CPU for indications of normal display (see the table on the next page).



FIG. 114 System Status LED indicator

CPU LED Indicator	Normal Display	Cautionary Display
System Status	Constant green during power up, then blinking green at 1/2 second on/off intervals (this applies whether the Master is in Normal mode or PRD mode)	 Blinking red/green: an exception has been logged in IOS (validation failure) Blinking red: dropped into IOS mode*

* A system is in IOS mode when an unexpected, temporary, critical error is trapped and logged and control is passed to the host software (IOS) which prevents the normal appcode from running until the error is manually cleared. Please report all such errors to technical support (see page 58).

- 12. Re-attach the cables that were removed in Step 2.
- **13.** Execute a test switch to make sure the system is working correctly (see page 47).
- **14.** Use NetLinx Studio v 3.x to resolve the communication and/or control problems with the resident NetLinx program.
- **15.** Download the corrected program.
- 16. Follow Steps 1 through 13 again for removing the CPU board and resetting the DIP switch. This time on Step 6, reset the Position #1 DIP switch to OFF (places the integrated Master back into Normal mode).
- 17. Try communication and/or control again.

CPU Troubleshooting

First:

□ Check all cable connections, check the System Status LED, and execute a test switch.

If the System Status LED is still not illuminated or the test switch does not work:

Remove and re-seat the CPU board to see if the CPU establishes the connection.

If the System Status LED on the CPU does not display normal indications:

□ Contact technical support (see page 58).
Appendix G – Replacing Timekeeper Battery

This appendix provides instructions for removing and installing an Enova DGX Digital Timekeeper battery and setting its clock. The procedure can be done while the enclosure is in a rack, but the system *must* be powered down.

The Enova DGX Switcher uses a combination lithium battery and clock crystal package called a Timekeeper. Only one Timekeeper unit is installed within a given Enova DGX enclosure. The battery can be expected to have up to 3 years of usable life under very adverse conditions. Actual life is appreciably longer under normal operating conditions. This calculation is based on storing the unit without power in 50° C (122° F) temperature until battery levels are no longer acceptable.



Warning: Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions.

Removing and Installing



Caution: Do <u>not</u> remove the CPU board until you are ready to install the Timekeeper battery, unless directed to do so by technical support.

Items Required

- Enova DGX replacement Timekeeper battery
- Phillips #1 screwdriver
- ESD wristband and cord with alligator clip



ESD Warning: To avoid ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) damage to sensitive components, make sure you are properly grounded before touching any internal Enova DGX materials. Use an ESD wristband and cord with an alligator clip attached to a good ground source.

To remove and install an Enova DGX Timekeeper battery and set its clock:

- 1. Disconnect both AC power cords. Make sure that none of the power supply LEDs are illuminated.
- **2.** Disconnect all cables connected to the CPU.
- 3. Remove the two screws from the CPU faceplate: one each on the far left and far right.



FIG. 115 Remove 2 screws indicated

4. Remove the CPU faceplate and set aside.

Tip: Removal of the CPU board is easier if the two metal plates under the CPU are removed first.

5. Use the tab indicated in FIG. 116 to pull the CPU board straight out of the enclosure.





6. Remove the three screws indicated on top of the CPU / daughter board assembly (FIG. 117) and remove the daughter board.



FIG. 117 Remove 3 screws indicated

7. Turn the daughter board upside down and locate the Timekeeper battery.



FIG. 118 Turn daughter board over and locate battery

- 8. Unsnap the dead battery from its socket.
- 9. Snap the replacement battery into the battery socket.
- 10. Turn the daughter board right side up and place carefully back into position on the CPU board.



FIG. 119 Turn daughter board right side up and place into position on CPU board

- **11.** Replace the three screws that were removed in Step 6.
- **12.** Slowly slide the CPU board into the empty slot, being careful to align the edges in the board guides along the insides (the board guides are shown in FIG. 117).
- **13.** Push on the CPU tab firmly enough to make a good electrical connection (avoid pushing on the connectors). When fully inserted, the faceplate on the CPU should sit flush with the back metal.
- **14.** Reattach the faceplate with the two screws that were removed in Step 3.
- **15.** Plug in both AC power cords.
- 16. Check the CPU's System Status LED for indications of normal display (see table below FIG. 116).



System Status LED



CPU LED Indicator	Normal Display	Cautionary Display
System Status	Constant green during power up, then blinking green at 1/2 second on/off intervals.	 Blinking red/green: an exception has been logged in IOS (validation failure). Blinking red: dropped into IOS mode.*

* A system is in IOS mode when an unexpected, temporary, critical error is trapped and logged and control is passed to the host software (IOS) which prevents normal appcode from running until the error is manually cleared. Please report all such errors to technical support (see page 58).

- 17. Re-attach the cables that were removed in Step 2.
- 18. Execute a test switch to be sure the system is working correctly (see page 47).

Steps 19 through 22 are for setting the date and time information on the battery's clock.

- **19.** Use a null modem serial cable to connect a PC to the Control port (RS-232 serial) on the enclosure.
- **20.** Open a terminal emulation program. Set the COM port and baud rate (the default baud rate for the Enova DGX Switcher is 9600).
- 21. Press: CTRL+C to exit BCS and enter the DGX_SHELL.
- 22. At the prompt (DGX_SHELL>), enter: date -s epoch_count (epoch_count = the current epoch / POSIX time. To calculate epoch time, see http://www.epochconverter.com/.) Example: DGX_SHELL>date -s 1312373647

(Where 1312373647 translates to Wed, 3 Aug 2011 12:14:07 UTC, which is local time)

23. Optional – To display a list* of variables for setting time zone and daylight savings offsets – Enter: DGX_SHELL>set

* datetime_dst=OFF	(dst is daylight savings, which can be set to OFF or ON)
datetime_dst_offset=3600	(dst_offset is daylight savings offset, which is expressed in seconds)
datetime_tz_offset=0	(tz_offset is time zone offset, which is expressed in seconds)

Offset amounts are entered in seconds (3600 seconds = 1 hour). For example, when setting Pacific Standard Time (PST) in the US, the offset would be -28800 (-8 x 3600, the equivalent of eight hours off Greenwich mean time).

CPU Troubleshooting

First:

Check all cable connections, check the System Status LED, and execute a test switch.

If the System Status LED is still not illuminated or the test switch does not work:

Remove and re-seat the CPU board to see if the CPU establishes the connection.

If the System Status LED on the CPU does not display normal indications:

□ Contact technical support (see page 58).

Appendix H – DGX_SHELL Commands

Overview DGX_SHELL Commands

The Enova DGX Switcher supports a number of shell (command-line interpreter) commands for a variety of functions, both basic and advanced.

General Rules and Information for DGX_SHELL Commands

- DGX_SHELL commands are case sensitive.
- All commands in the DGX_SHELL require an Enter to execute.
- To exit a standard terminal interface (used for BCS commands) and enter the DGX_SHELL, press CTRL+C.
- To exit the DGX_SHELL and return to the standard terminal interface, type bcs and press Enter.
- The DGX_SHELL will timeout automatically; BCS resumes. The length of time can be set using a set command (see page 220). The value zero (0) allows for an infinite timeout.
- Enter help or ? to display a list of the commands supported in the DGX_SHELL.
- Enter help <command> for detailed usage and options on a specific command.
- Enter help -v to display all commands and descriptions.

Although the Help file lists all of the DGX_SHELL commands available for the Enova DGX Switcher, only information on the basic commands (those most useful during installation and setup) are provided in this appendix. The remaining commands (which are also listed in the Help file) are used mainly by technical support for troubleshooting. For additional information on any of the advanced commands, search for *DGX SHELL Commands* at **www.amx.com/techsupport**.



Caution: Incorrect use of advanced DGX_SHELL commands has the potential to alter the operation of the system. We recommend that advanced commands only be entered in conjunction with instructions from technical support.

To enter the DGX_SHELL from a terminal emulation program:

- **1.** Use a null modem serial cable to connect a PC to the Control port (RS-232 serial) on the Enova DGX enclosure.
- Open a terminal emulation program on the PC (e.g., use the Terminal* view in DGX Configuration Software, which is available for download from the *AMX AutoPatch CD* or **www.amx.com**). Set the COM port settings to match the default ones for the Enova DGX Switcher:
 - Baud rate 9600
 - Data bits 8
 - Parity 1
 - Stop bits none
 - Flow control 1
- **3.** Press CTRL+C to exit the terminal emulation program and enter the DGX shell.
- **4.** At the prompt (DGX_SHELL>), type the command and press Enter.

* If you use DGX Configuration Software, you *must* click the Connect button to establish serial communication with the system before you can use the terminal. When done, be sure to click the Disconnect button.

Basic DGX_SHELL Commands

The DGX_SHELL commands listed in the table below can be sent directly to the Enova DGX Switcher via any standard emulation terminal once you enter the DGX_SHELL.

Note: BCPU is the acronym for Board CPU, and AIE is the acronym for Audio Insert/Extract (board).

At the DGX_SHELL prompt, type help or a question mark (?) and press Enter to access the Help Menu, which displays all of the DGX_SHELL commands, including the basic ones described in the table below.

Basic DGX_SHELL Commands		
Command	Description	
?	Either of these commands displays all of the supported commands: those listed in this table,	
help	plus advanced commands for troubleshooting (for technical support, see page 58).	
help -a	The help -a command displays a list of all available commands	
help -v	The help -v (verbose) command lists the commands and their descriptions.	
	Usage: help $\{-a\} \{-v\}$	
	Note: $-a$ and $-v$ can also be used with the ?.	
help <cmd></cmd>	Either of these commands displays detailed usage and options for the command specified.	
? <cmd></cmd>	Usage: help { <command/> } or ? { <command/> }	
bcs	This command is used to exit the DGX_SHELL and launch the standard terminal interface where BCS commands can be entered. (No re-logging is required once you leave the DGX_SHELL session.)	
	Usage: bcs { <bcs_syntax_cmd>}</bcs_syntax_cmd>	
	<pre><bcs_syntax_cmd> = bcs syntax command string</bcs_syntax_cmd></pre>	
	 bcs with a command argument will execute and then return to the shell. 	
	 bcs without a command argument will remain in the BCS Interpreter until exited with a CTRL+C. 	

Basic DGX_SHELL Commands (continued)	
channel	This is used to read or write video settings for the designated channel.
	Important: The channel index relates to the input or output port on an input or output card. The channel index is zero-based, which means that channel 0 is the first port on the board and channel 3 is the fourth (last) port on the board. The board is designated first followed by the port (board#:port#). For example, the command channel BCPU1:2 requests channel information for the third port on the board in the first I/O slot.
	<pre>Usage: channel {-a}{-e <filename>}{-f <filename>}{-m <hex_string>} {-o <hex_string>}{-p}{-s <hex_string>}{-v} {BCPU BCPUx BCPUx:channel}</hex_string></hex_string></hex_string></filename></filename></pre>
	Options:
	-a ar_policy <hex_byte></hex_byte>
	-e edid_filename load
	-f flash_dtd <hex_dtd_string></hex_dtd_string>
	-m mode <hex_byte></hex_byte>
	-o override_dtd <hex_dtd_string></hex_dtd_string>
	-p persist
	-s sharpness <hex_byte></hex_byte>
	-V Verbose
	larget:
	BCPUx channel where channel = 0.3 hardware order
	Example:
	BCPU9 channel 0 (output board)
	Horizontal Resolution 1920 Vertical Resolution 1080 Refresh Rate 599 Progressive YES
	Audio Type 6, Audio Sample Bit Length 24
	DTD:
	02 3A 80 18 71 38 2D 40
	58 2C 45 00 00 00 00 00
	00 1E
	AUX_MODE:
	00 01 00
	AUX_POLICY:
	01 01 00
	AUX_SHARPNESS:
	AUX_FLASH_DID:
	Note: Input boards also show EDID blocks.
config	This command is used to save (backup) or restore configuration settings
ooning	Usage: config {aglnpsty} [save restore]
	Options:
	-a archive logs
	-g global presets
	-l local presets
	-n namespace
	-p partitions
	-s secondary
	-t vmtable
	-v shellvars
	Alias: ~sysb! [save] ~sysr! [restore]

Basic DGX_SHELL Commands (continued)		
This command displays both run-time clock and system time information and the time of the last NTP (Network Time Protocol) update and is used to update or set the RTC (Real Time Clock). For the four "datetime" variables that affect the date, see the set command.		
 rtc is the time held by the real time clock chip. The last updated is the beginning of unix time. 		
• systime (system time) is the time known by the coldfire and is generated locally.		
Usage: date{-r -s <seconds>}</seconds>		
-r resync Force a real time clock update of the system clock.		
-s <epoch_seconds> Set the RTC to UTC in seconds from epoch (1970)</epoch_seconds>		
Example:		
rtctime: Sat, 11 Aug 2012 15:27:45 UTC last updated: Thu, 01 Jan 1970 00:00:00 UTC		
systime: Sat, 11 Aug 2012 15:27:46 UTC last updated: Fri, 10 Aug 2012 12:47:52 UTC		
Periodically, the systime is re-synced to the rtc chip. This is the time shown as "last updated" for systime.		
Tip: To calculate epoch time, see http://www.epochconverter.com/.		
This command queries power subsystems. The query provides information relating to power consumption and temperature for various components. It also includes the option to enable/ disable power (ON/OFF) on a BCPU in the system. When used to turn the power OFF on a DXLink board, the DXLink power is not provided to any connected DXLink Modules or Wallplates.		
Usage: power [OFF ON STATUS INFO] {MAIN MAINx}{AUX}{BCPU BCPUx}{CENTER CENTERx}{PPIC}{EXPIN}{EXPOUT}		
Options:		
ON		
OFF		
STATUS		
INFO		
Target:		
MAIN		
MAINx where $x = 1-2$		
AUX		
BCPU		
BCPUx where $x = 1.16$ for an Enova DGX 32 (and $x = 8$ for an Enova DGX 16)		
CENTER use for an Enova DGX 16 or to target all centers in an Enova DGX 32		
CENTERX where x = 1-4 for an Enova DGX 32		
FYPIC		
EXPIN (All expansion board on the input side of the enclosure)		
Example for newer STATUS (partial example due to longth):		
Example for power STATOS (partial example due to length).		
BCP1/2: [volte] 4.97 v, [attips] 1.30a, [tertip] 57.2 BCP1/2: [volte] 4.91 v [ampe] 1.36a [term] 55.7		
BCP13: [volts] 4.34v [amps] 1.30a, [temp] 53.7		
BCPU4: [volts] 4.34v. [amps] 1.71a. [temp] 61.2		

Basic DGX	_SHELL Commands (continued)
reboot	This command can be used to reboot individual components or the system as a whole.
	Usage: reboot {abd:iprs}{MCPU}{BCPU BCPUx}{CENTER CENTERx}{PPIC} {EXPIN}{EXPOUT}
	Note: EXPIN refers to the expansion board on the input side of the enclosure; EXPOUT refers to the expansion board on the output side.
	Options:
	-a ac power cycle
	-b backplane reset line
	-d delay <seconds></seconds>
	-f force (suppress prompting)
	-i immediate
	-p ppic reset line; hardware reboot of the PowerPic - toggle its MCLR (Hardware Master Clear) pin
	 r redundant reset (backplane reset line) hardware reboot of all boards except the CPU board - toggles their MCLR (Hardware Master Clear) pins
	-s staged reset
	Target:
	MCPU
	BCPU (reboots all)
	BCPUx where x = 1-16 for an Enova DGX 32 (and x = 8 for an Enova DGX 16)
	CENTER use for an Enova DGX 16 or to target all centers in an Enova DGX 32
	CENTERx where x = 1-4 for an Enova DGX 32
	PPIC
	EXPIN (AIE expansion board on input side of enclosure)
	EXPOUT (AIE expansion board on output side of enclosure)
	• If no specific targets are chosen, the command will apply to all possible targets.
	• If -r is selected, a hardware line to all I/O boards is forced low then released, causing the boards to experience a hard MCLR (Hardware Master Clear).
	 If -s is selected, in addition to having the main power supplies turned off, a hardware connection to the PowerPIC is forced low then released, causing the PowerPIC to experience a hard MCLR.

Basic DGX_SH	IELL Commands (continued)
set	This command displays a list of configuration variables indicating the current setting. The
	variable's setting can be altered.
	aie_broadcast=ON
	bdf_writeprotect=ON
	com1_baudrate=9600
	com1_flowcontrol=0
	datetime_broadcast=ON
	datetime_dst=OFF
	datetime_dst_offset=3600
	datetime_tz_offset=0
	debug_port=UNSET
	event_logfile=1
	master_dns_ip_assignment=OFF
	master_ip_address=0.0.0.0
	master_subnet_mask=0.0.0.0
	master_default_gateway=0.0.0.0
	remote_timeout=15
	shell_timeout=244 (maximum value 244)
	shell_start_cmdstr=bcs; su admin password
	shell_stop_cmdstr=exit
	sm_capable_check=1
	syslog_server_ip_address=0.0.0.0
	BCPU2 vars unavailable
	Usage: set {-d}{-v}{ <name>}{=}{value}</name>
	Options:
	-d default Restore the variable's default value.
	-v verbose Print the variable's description and syntax.
	Target (target names contain a following underscore):
	BCPU
	BCPUx_ where $x = 1.16$ for an Enova DGX 32 (and $x = 8$ for an Enova DGX 16)
	CENTER_ use for an Enova DGX 16 or to target all centers in an Enova DGX 32
	CENTER_x where $x = 1.4$ for an Enova DGX 32
	PPIC_
	EXPIN_ (AIE expansion board on input side of enclosure)
	EXPOUT_ (AIE expansion board on output side of enclosure)
	EXPCPU_
	Note: For additional information on datetime variables, see page 214.
show	This command displays version information for the MCPU and the BCPUs.
help show	This command lists the variables that can be used in conjunction with show to display
	hardware and firmware information for the enclosure and each of its boards.
	Usage: show {aie bdf status stats version fwid announce}
	The show <variable> commands display data that can be used to assist technical support in</variable>
	troubleshooting the system.
	Example response for show fwid (firmware ID):
	<00001080 00001050 00001050 00001040 00001040 00001070 00001080 00001070 00001080 00001030 00001030 00001030 00001030 00001010>
	Note: The broadcast setting for the AIE Boards can be enabled or disabled by entering:
	set aie_broadcast=ON or set aie_broadcast=OFF (The default state at boot up is ON.)

Basic DGX_SHELL Commands (continued)	
switch	This command graphically displays a matrix switching table 16x16 (or 32x32) with outputs on the top and inputs on the left, indicating the routing state of the switches.
	Example:
	For an example of the matrix switching table showing Input 1 routed to all outputs, see FIG. 121 at the bottom of this page.
time	This command displays both run-time clock and system time information.
	Usage: time{-r -s <seconds>}</seconds>
	-r resync the system clock with real time clock
	-s <epoch_seconds> set the real time clock to UTC in seconds from epoch (1 Jan 1970)</epoch_seconds>
	The time is displayed in epoch (unix) time.
	Example of response:
	rtctime: Tue, 28 Mar 2012 15:27:45 UTC last updated: Thu, 01 Jan 1970 00:00:00 UTC
	systime: Thu, 29 Mar 2012 12:51:11 UTC last updated: Thur, 29 Mar 2012 12:47:52 UTC
	Note: For time conversion information, see http://www.epochconverter.com.
~sysb!	This command is used to save (backup) system configuration settings from the SD card. For additional information on the SD card, see page 56. (This command is also a BCS alias command.)
	Alias: config save
~sysr!	This command is used to restore system configuration settings to the SD card. For additional information on the SD card, see page 56. (This command is also a BCS alias command.)
	Alias: config restore



FIG. 121 DGX_SHELL switch command displays matrix switching status in a table (Enova DGX 16 shown)

Appendix H – DGX_SHELL Commands





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